# <u>GGLABS</u>

Open Source Electronics from Silicon Valley

CGA2RGBv2 - Digital RGBI to analog RGB for C128 and IBM PC MDA/CGA/EGA

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### Submitted by GG on Fri, 07/12/2019 - 20:58 Project Status: released

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### Links

The 80 column output of the Commodore 128 is the same digital RGB1 used by the original IBM CGA graphics adapter. Unfortunately nowadays is quite difficult to find a monitor with the suitable RGB1 input. The CGA24RGBv2 adapter will convert the TLR RGB1 to analog RGB3 suitable to be connected directly to a 15KHz capable RGB monitor or to the popular Gonbes GBS-8200 VGA converter. As an added borus the CGA2RGBv2 can also convert MDA and EGA to an analog format for the enjoyment of all our retro PC friends.

Similarly to the older CGA2RGB-B01, the basic circuit is a triple 2-bit digital to analog converter. The main improvement is the addition of a dip switch to select the mode of operation and the improved power filtering to improve image quality with cheap power supplies.

U1 decodes the RGBI input to 2-bit per color component according to the dip switch settings and generates the composite sync needed for the GBS-8200.

Mode	DIP1	DIP2	DIP3	DIP4
CGA	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
EGA	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
MDA White	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
MDA Green	ON	ON	ON	OFF

For MDA the converter supports enhanced brightness and can be configured for white or green for a more retro look. For EGA the conversion is direct as the digital signal is already 2-bit per component.

For CGA the decoding follows the standard color table which includes a special case for color 6.

Commodore Color Number	CGA Color Number	RGBI	Color	R	G	в
1	0	0000	Black	00	00	00
7	1	0010	Blue	00	00	10
6	2	0100	Green	00	10	00
12	3	0110	Cyan	00	10	10
3	4	1000	Red	10	00	00
9	5	1010	Magenta	10	00	10
10	6	1100	Brown	10	01	00
16	7	1110	Light Grey	10	10	10
13	8	0001	Grey	01	01	01
15	9	0011	Light Blue	01	01	11
14	10	0101	Light Green	01	11	01
4	11	0111	Light Cyan	01	11	11
11	12	1001	Light Red	11	01	01
5	13	1011	Light Magenta	11	01	11
8	14	1101	Yellow	11	11	01
2	15	1111	White	11	11	11

The resistor network R1,R2,R7 forms a simple R2R D/A converter. The output impedance of the converter is however too high to directly drive the 75ohm video cables. U2 buffers the signals and thanks to R12,R13,R15 provides a perfectly matched 75ohm impedance.

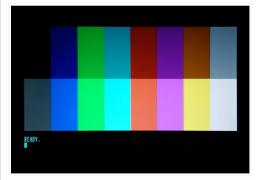
L1 an L2 and the related capacitors provide noise filtering some isolation between the analog and digital portion of the board.

The board requires a 5V power supply. It can be powered directly from the GB5-8200 or using an external power supply.

Jumper J4 allow to select between composite sync (pin 1-2) suitable for the GBS-8200 and separate sync (pin 2-3) suitable for 15KHz capable monitors.

#### Connector J5 can be used for internal connections.

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	В
3	G
4	R
5	GND
б	VSYNC
7	HSYNC/CSYNC
8	Video (if present, can be used as a CSYNC for SCART connections)



#### Image Quality

The image quality of the GCA2RGB, like all analog video connections, heavily depends on the cable used. The standard multi colored cable included in the GBS-8200 is not an optimal choice. For sharp images a good quality VGA cable should be used.

Great care has been devoted to produce a sharp and noise free signal. The following pictures show the waveform for a single pixel line and a 1 to 7 pixel. Rise and fall times are consistently below 20ns with very limited overshoot.

Power filtering has been significantly improved as well to produce a noise free image even when using cheap 5V power supplies.

