

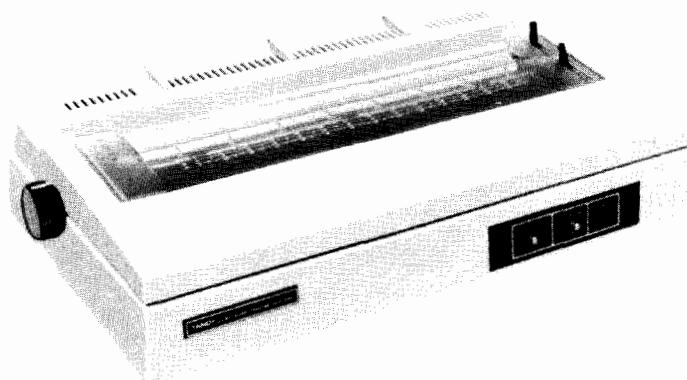
TANDY®

Service Manual

26-1278

DAISY WHEEL PRINTER DWP 220

Catalog Number: 26-1278



CUSTOM MANUFACTURED FOR RADIO SHACK, A DIVISION OF TANDY CORPORATION

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Daisy Wheel Printer DWP-220 is a serial impact printer consisting of electronic circuitry and mechanical parts.

The electronic circuitry includes several microprocessors which control the printing operations. The mechanical section includes various motors and the print wheel hammer. Each mechanism is driven by an individual motor or magnet.

Because the DWP-220 uses a high ratio of electronic circuitry for printing control, the various mechanisms have been simplified, resulting in a reduced number of adjustments and easy maintenance.

II. CONFIGURATION

1. Outline

[Configuration]

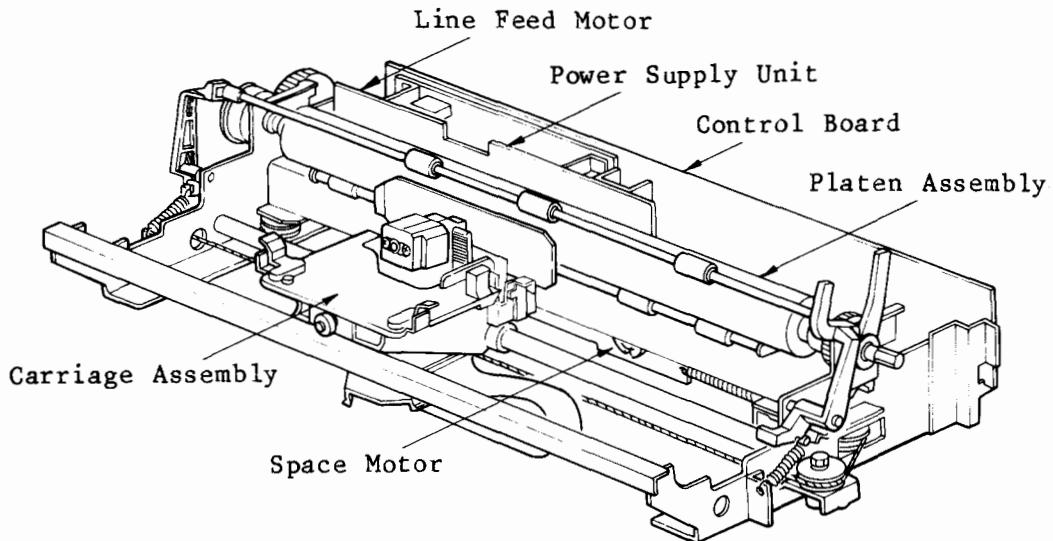


Figure 1

1-1. Mechanical Section

The mechanical section is responsible for all the Printer's mechanical operations. Each mechanism has an individual drive motor or magnet.

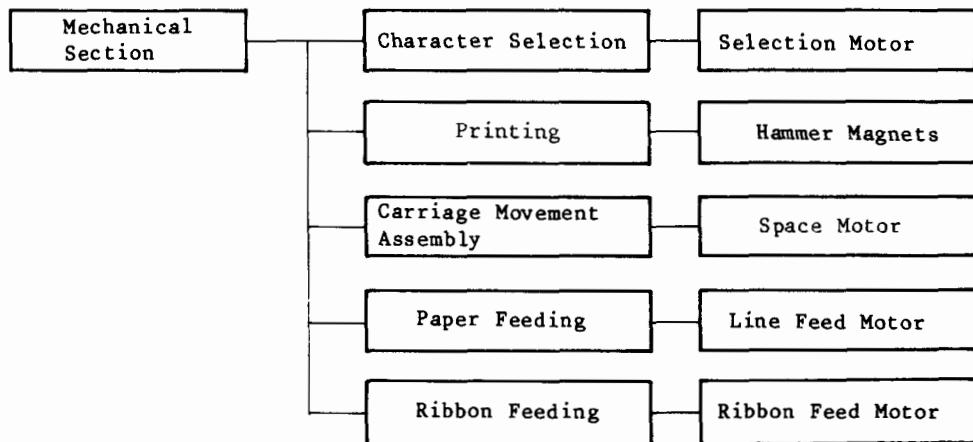


Figure 2

1-2. Electronic Circuitry

The electronic circuitry includes two microprocessors which control the mechanics and the printer interface.

The electronic circuitry basically consists of analog circuits to control the motors and magnets and digital circuits to control the printer interface logic.

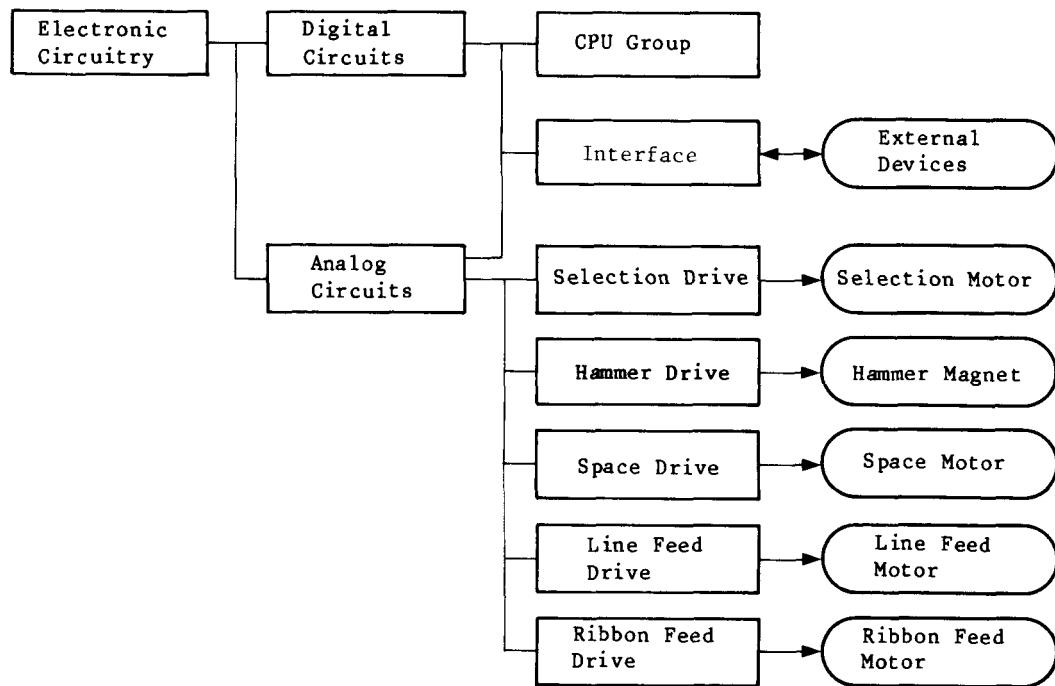


Figure 3

1-3. Specifications

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Printing Speed..... | 20 characters per second (typical) |
| Carriage Return Speed..... | 1200 ms per 13.6 inches |
| Line Feed Speed..... | 1 inch per second |
| Printing Pitch..... | 1/10 inch, 1/12 inch, Proportional spacing |
| Line Feed Pitch..... | 1/6 inch, 1/8 inch, 1/12 inch |
| Font..... | 100 character positions on a Single Daisy Print Wheel |
| Wheel..... | Courier 10 (Cat. No. 26-1230) Letter Gothic 12 (Cat. No. 26-1231) Venezia P.S. (Cat. No. 26-1232) |
| Characters per Line..... | 136 characters in 10 pitch mode 163 characters in 12 pitch mode |
| Print Wheel Life..... | 10 million characters (V-shaped mono-mold print wheel) |
| Ribbon Life..... | Nominal 340,000 characters; may vary according to the text printed (Multi-strike, carbon ribbon) |
| Interfaces | |
| Interfaces..... | Parallel/Serial |
| Code..... | Modified ASCII |
| Parallel Interface | |
| Data..... | 8 parallel data and 1 strobe |
| Serial Interface | |
| Data Format..... | Start bit: 1 bit Data bit: 8 bits Stop bit: 1 or 2 bits |
| Temperature Ranges | |
| Operating..... | +41 to + 95° F (+ 5 to +35° C) |
| Storage..... | -40 to +158° F (-40 to +70° C) |
| Relative Humidity | |
| Operating..... | 20 - 90% RH (Non-condensing) |
| Storage..... | 5 - 95% RH (Non-condensing) |
| Paper | |
| Weight..... | Total weight: 26 pound/ft ² max. (127.8 grams/m ² max.) One ply: 8 pounds/ft ² max. (40 grams/m ² max.) |
| Size..... | Width: 16.5 inches max. (420 mm max.) Length: 3.33 inches min. (84.7 mm min.) |
| Ribbon..... | Multi-strike, carbon ribbon (Cat. No. 26-1299) |
| Size..... | 6.65" x 24.37" x 13.35" 169 mm x 619 mm x 339 mm (HWD) |
| Power Requirements..... | 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 60 W typical |

Optional bidirectional tractor is available (Cat. No. 26-1444).

2. Mechanical Section

The mechanical section performs a variety of mechanical functions.

2-1. Carriage Assembly

The carriage assembly consists of the character selection, printing, and ribbon feed mechanisms.

(1) Character selection mechanism

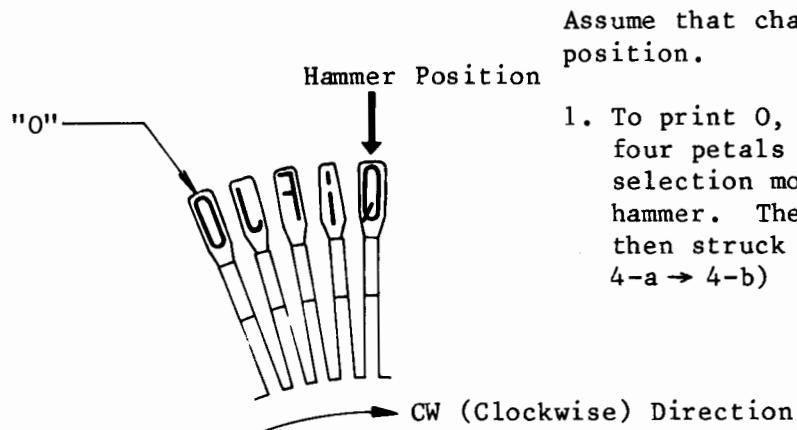
The character selection mechanism uses a selection motor to turn the print wheel.

To select a character on the print wheel, the current print wheel position is compared with that of the next character to be printed. The print wheel rotation direction and the number of steps required are determined; then, the selection motor is started.

The print wheel rotates to take the shortest path and consequently never rotates more than 180°.

An example of the print wheel operation is given below.

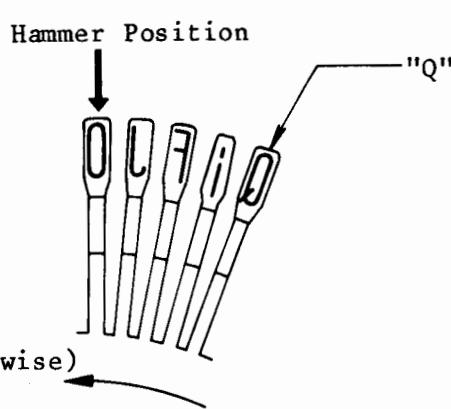
Example: Printing characters Q and O alternately.



Assume that character Q is at the hammer position.

1. To print O, the print wheel is turned four petals clockwise by the selection motor, to place O under the hammer. The character element O is then struck by the hammer. (Figure 4-a → 4-b)

Figure 4-a



2. To print Q next, the print wheel is turned four petals counterclockwise by the selection motor, to place Q under the hammer. The character element Q is then struck by the hammer. (Figure 4-b → 4-a)

Figure 4-b

(2) Printing mechanism

The printing mechanism prints the characters on the print wheel by impacting them against the ink ribbon with a hammer.

To print a character, the character selection mechanism places the print wheel at the desired character position. Next, the hammer magnet is energized, which propels the hammer toward the platen.

After printing, the hammer is returned to its original position by a return spring and stopped by the return damper.

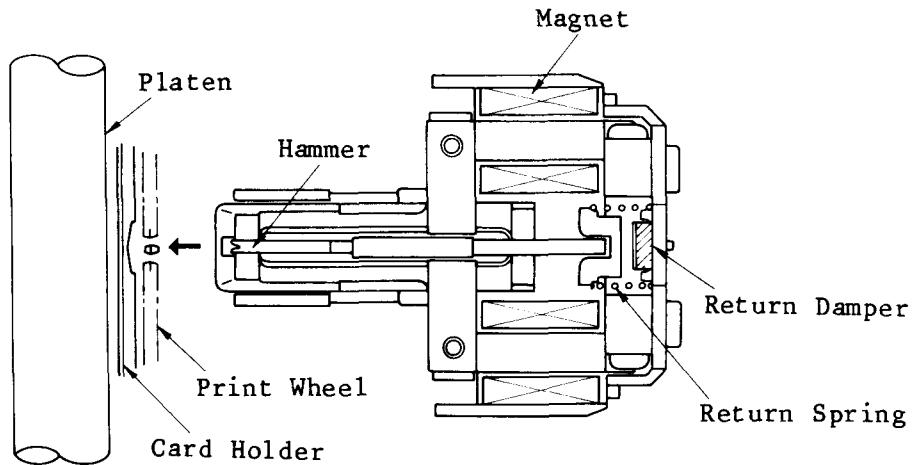


Figure 5

(3) Ribbon feed mechanism

The ribbon feed mechanism, which is driven by the ribbon feed motor, feeds the ribbon within the ribbon cartridge via idle and drive gears.

A spring located on the bottom side of the feed plate engages the ribbon cartridge feed gear against the feed plate.

The ribbon feed motor turns counterclockwise.

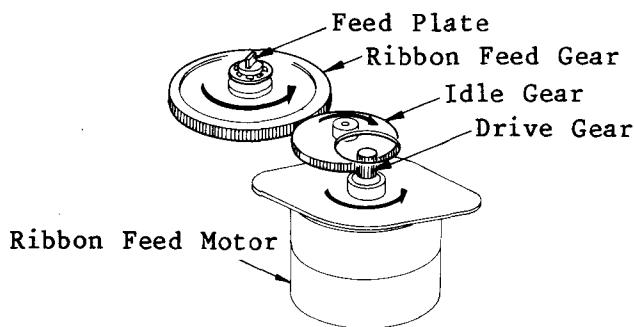


Figure 6

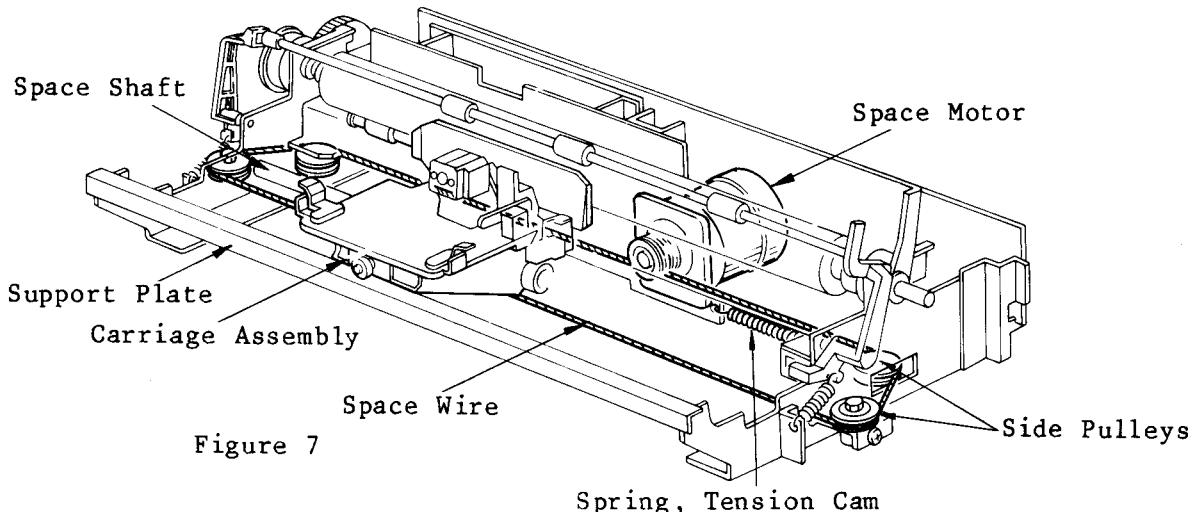
2-2. Frame

The frame supports the carriage assembly movement and paper feed mechanisms.

(1) Carriage assembly movement mechanism

The carriage assembly movement mechanism is driven by the space motor and moves the carriage assembly horizontally.

The space motor rotation torque is transferred to the carriage assembly by the space wire.



The wire converts the space motor rotation to a horizontal movement.

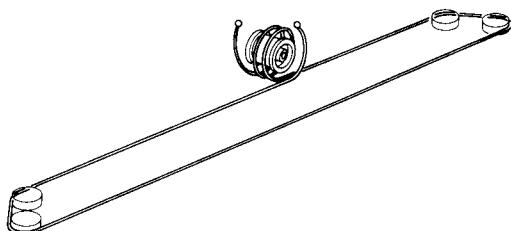


Figure 8

The side pulley is held under tension by a spring and cam to hold the space wire taut.

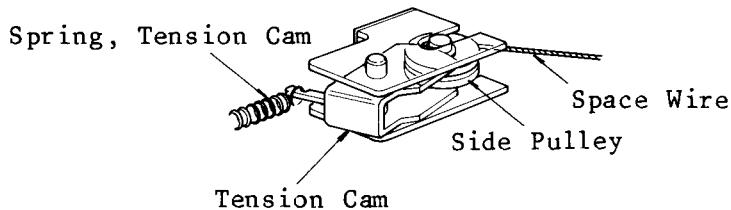
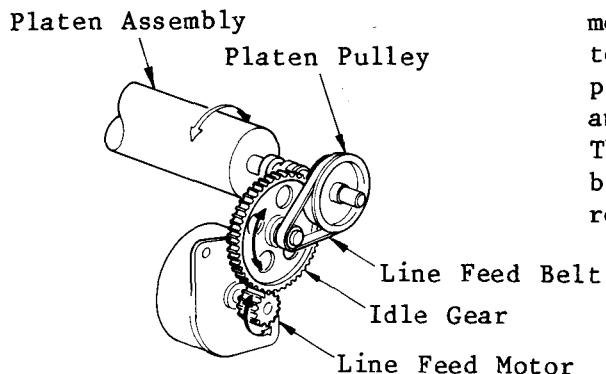


Figure 9

(2) Paper feed mechanism



The paper feed mechanism is driven by the line feed motor. Torque from the motor gear, which is directly connected to the motor, is transferred to the platen pulley via an idle gear and belt, and then to the platen.

The paper can be fed either forward or backward by controlling the motor rotation direction.

Figure 10

3. Drive Components

The DWP-220 has four motors and three magnets which constitute the drive components.

3-1. Motors

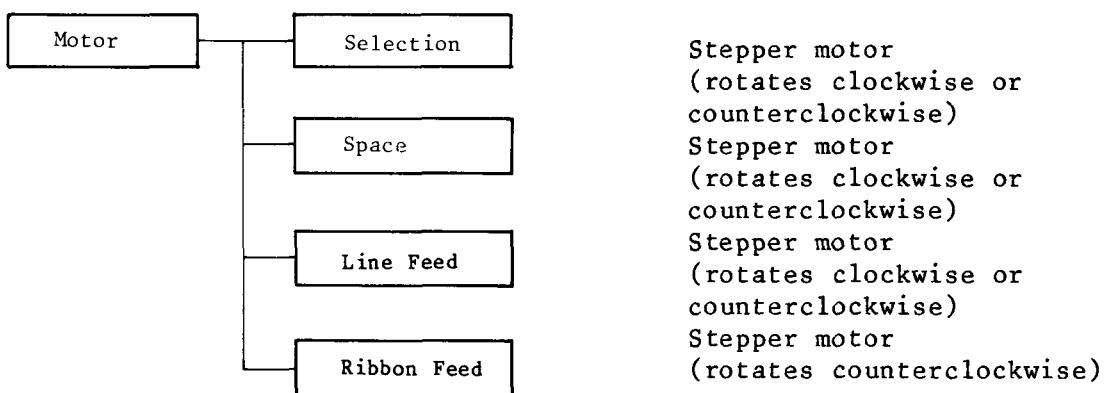


Figure 11

These stepper motors are driven by single/double phase or double phase excitation.

(1) Selection and space motors

The selection and space motors are driven by single/double phase excitation.

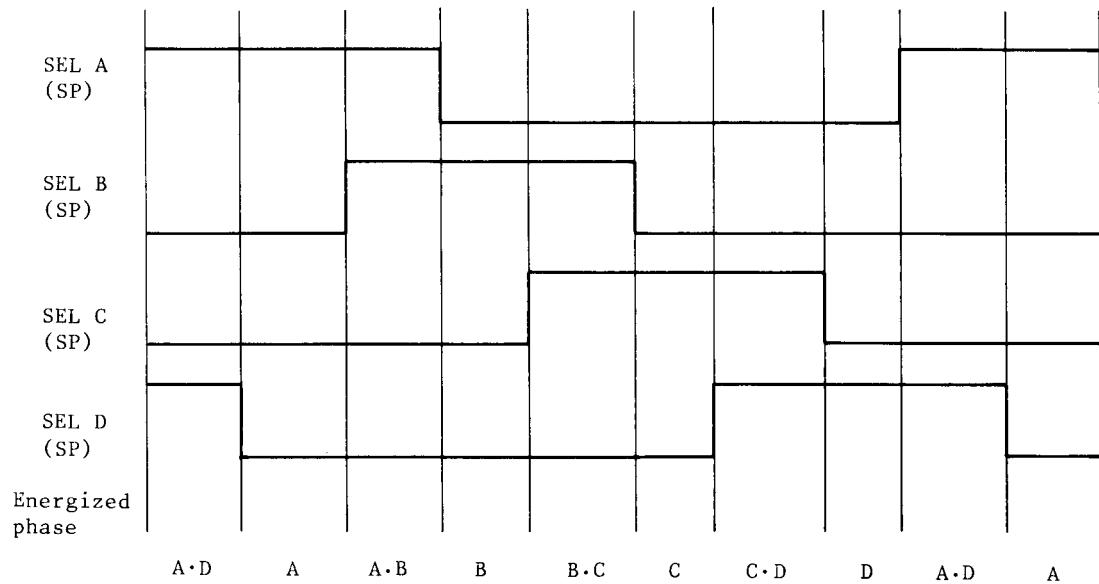


Figure 12

The selection and space motors can rotate either clockwise or counterclockwise. The direction of rotation can be selected by the SEL(SP)A to SEL(SP)D pulses, while the motor rotation speed can be controlled by changing the pulse widths of SEL(SP)A to SEL(SP)D.

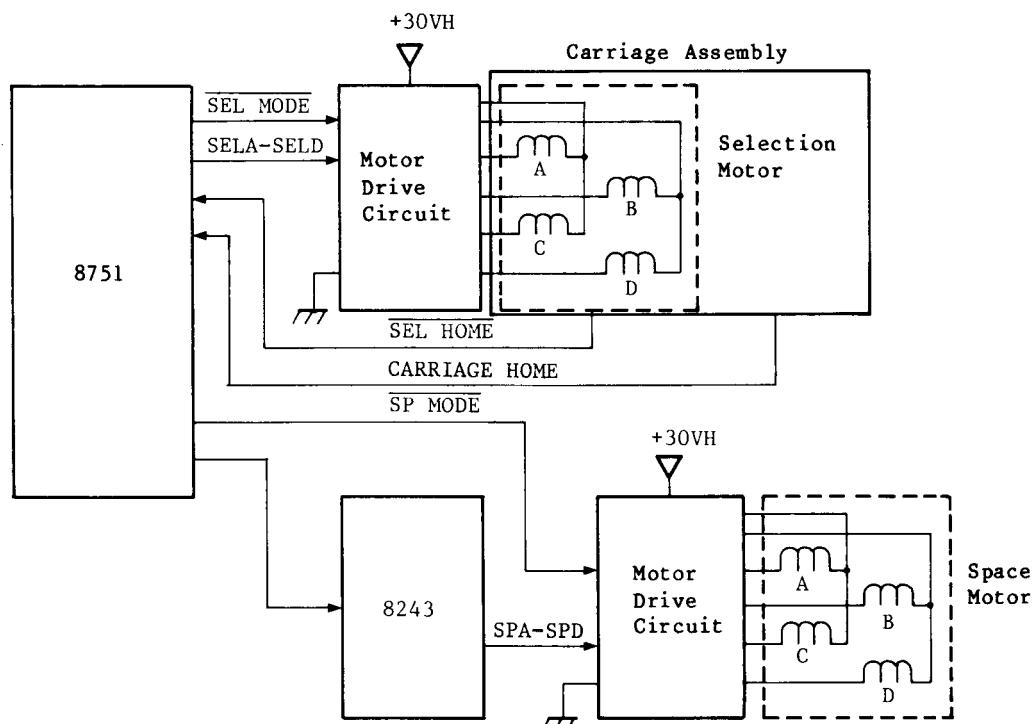


Figure 13

(2) **Line feed and ribbon feed motors**

The line feed and ribbon feed motors are driven by double phase excitation.

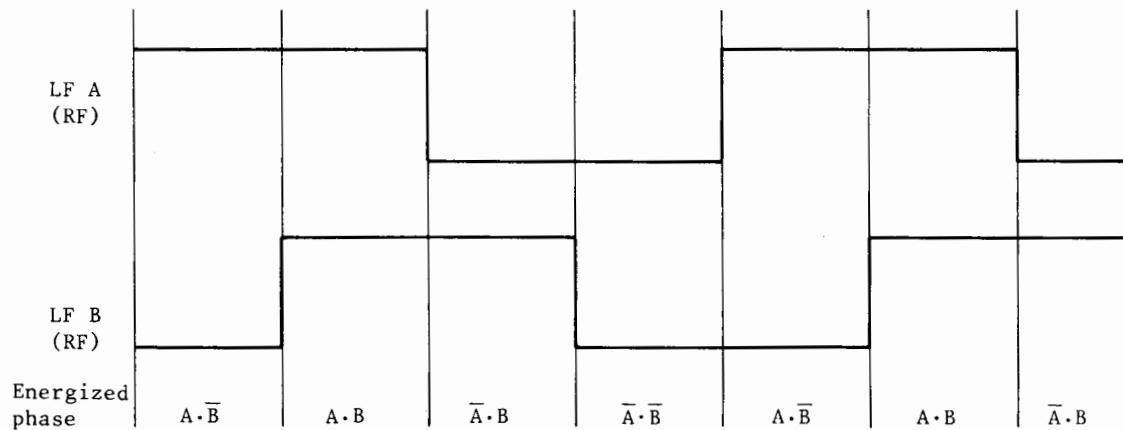


Figure 14

The line feed motor can rotate either clockwise or counterclockwise and the direction of rotation can be selected by the LFA and LFB pulses.

The ribbon feed motor only rotates counterclockwise.

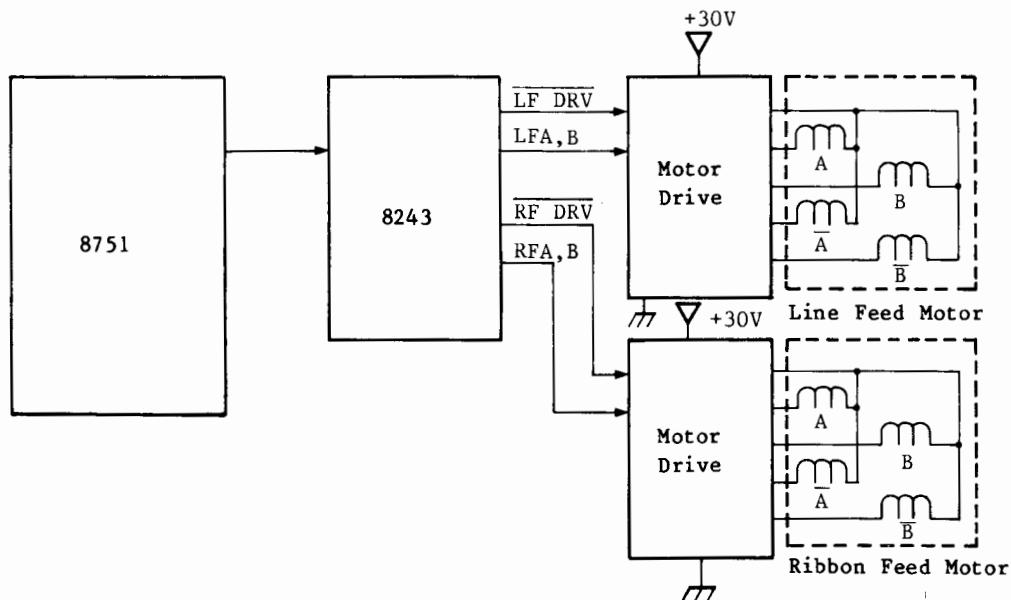


Figure 15

3-2. Magnets

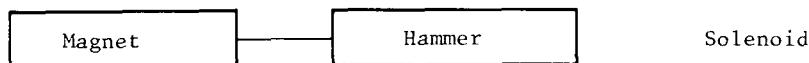


Figure 16

The solenoid magnets perform printing operations.

(1) Hammer drive

The hammer magnet can be driven in 7 stages according to the print wheel character.

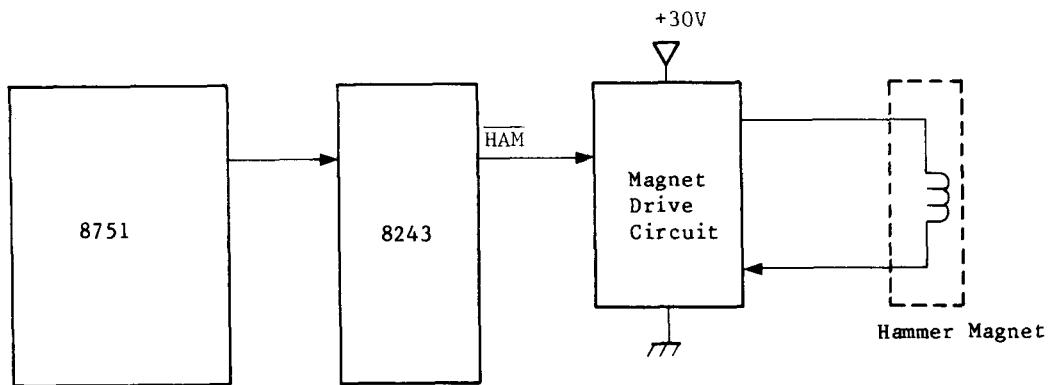


Figure 17

4. Power Supply and Power Supply Monitoring

The DWP-220 DC voltages are supplied by the power supply unit. This power supply unit is monitored by a power monitor circuit when the Printer is powered on, when it is printing, and when power failures occur.

4-1. Power Specifications

| DC voltage | Tolerance | Destination |
|------------|-------------|--|
| +5V | +10% - 5 | Digital circuits |
| +5VH | +50% | Motor hold circuits |
| +12V | +10% | Analog circuits and magnet hold circuits |
| -12V | +10% | Analog circuits |
| +30V | + 5% | Motor and magnet drive circuits |
| +30VH | +30% -10 | Motor drive circuits |

Table 1

4-2. Power Supply Monitoring

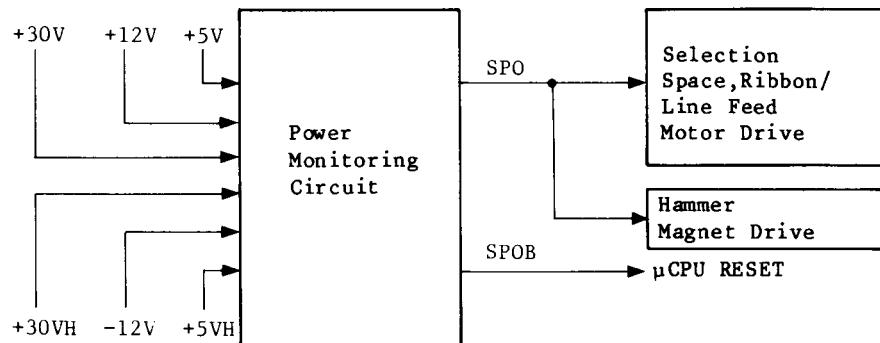


Figure 18

The microprocessor is reset when the DC power is applied. When an error occurs in the DC power supply, the selection and space motor drivers are disabled.

III. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

1. General

The printer circuitry is separated into three blocks, as shown below.

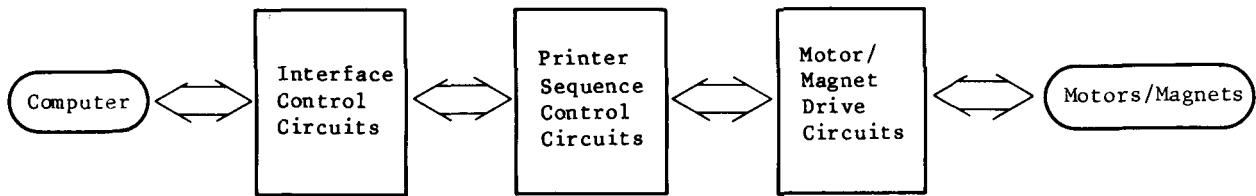


Figure 19

A. Interface control

The interface control circuits control signal transfers to and from an external device and, at the same time, transmit data to the printer sequence control circuits.

B. Printer sequence control

The printer sequence control circuits control the operation of motors and magnets as specified by the data received from the interface control circuits.

C. Motor/Magnet drive

The motor/magnet circuits activate and drive the motors and magnets as directed by the printer sequence control circuits.

2. Interface Descriptions

The DWP-220 is provided with parallel and serial interfaces which are selected by means of DIP Switch No. 1 located on the left-hand side at the rear of the printer.

The DIP Switches are **OFF** when set to "OPEN".

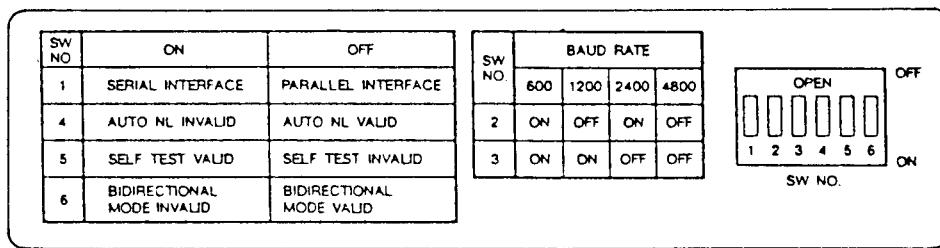


Figure 20

[Function of the DIP Switches]

Interface Select: No. 1

This switch selects the interface to be used. When set to **OFF**, the **Parallel** interface is selected. When **ON**, the **Serial** interface is selected.

Serial Baud Rate: No. 2 and No. 3

These switches select the Serial Baud Rate. For baud rates of 600, 1200, 2400, or 4800, set both switches to the appropriate positions, as indicated in Table 2.

| Baud Rate | No. 2 | No. 3 |
|-----------|-------|-------|
| 4800 | OFF | OFF |
| 2400 | ON | OFF |
| 1200 | OFF | ON |
| 600 | ON | ON |

Table 2

Note: When you first unpack your DWP-220, both switches (No. 2 and 3) are set to the **ON** position.

New Line: No. 4

When the Printer receives a control code 13 (the Carriage Return code), this switch selects either Carriage Return with Line Feed or Carriage Return only. Normally, you'll leave this switch in the **OFF** position (CR + LF). For some applications (e.g., when you are using the Printer with an IBM PC, TANDY 1200, or TANDY 1000, which automatically sends LF along with CR), set it to **ON** (CR only).

You can also select **CR + LF** or **CR** only via software (27 21/27 22 code sequence). However, once you change this function via software, you must turn the Printer power **OFF** to use this DIP Switch.

Self-Test: No. 5

Switch No.5 is used to check the Printer functions and is effective only when the Printer is **OFF-LINE**. Set the switch to **ON**, after making sure the front cover is closed, and the self-test operation will begin. If the front cover is opened during the operation, the self-test stops. When set to **OFF**, the Printer is initialized in **OFF-LINE** mode.

The following functions will be tested:

- Selection (print wheel position selection).
- Spacing (one line of H's is printed).
- The revision number of built-in ROM is printed.
- All characters are printed.

Print Direction: No. 6

This switch selects the print direction. When this switch is set to **OFF**, bidirectional printing is selected. When set to **ON**, unidirectional printing is selected. Precise vertical alignment for tables, charts, etc., is achieved via unidirectional printing. However, if you want faster printing, select bidirectional printing.

2-1. Parallel Interface

2-1-1. Input Signal System Diagram

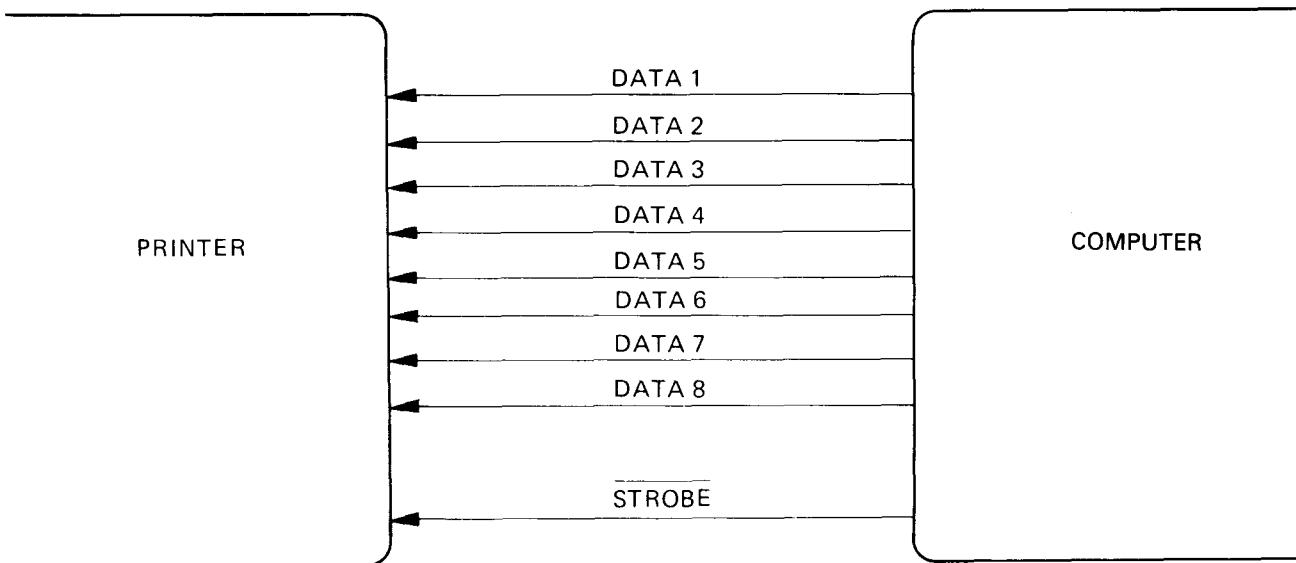


Figure 21

Note: Ground not shown.

[Description of Each Input Signal]

(1) DATA LINES (DATA 1 ~ DATA 8)

8 inputs provide information for printing. The Printer will ignore any invalid code sent from the computer.

STROBE* is a sampling signal for data lines, providing instruction signals for printing.

2-1-2. Output Signal System Diagram

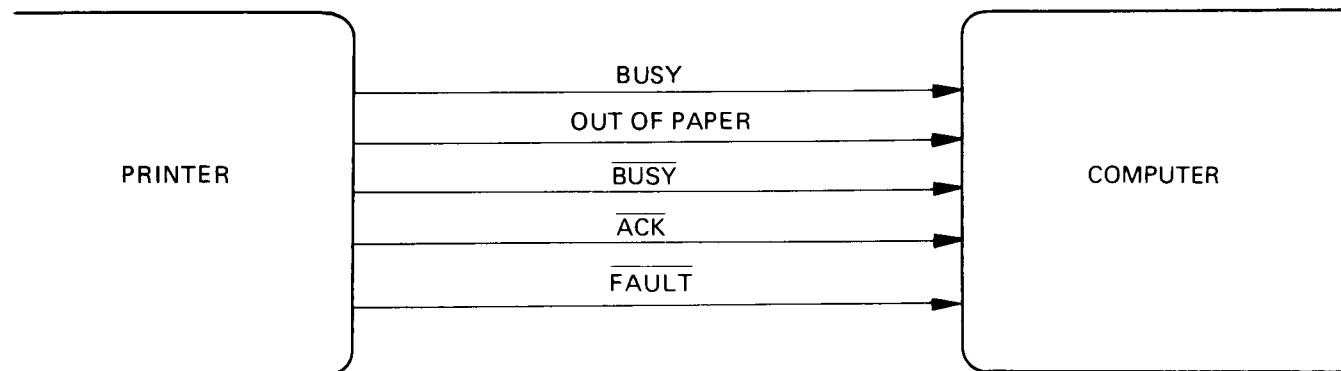


Figure 22

Note: Ground not shown.

[Description of Each Output Signal]

(1) **BUSY**

Busy Condition: Data is in buffer
Initial state
Off-line mode
Error state
Ribbon fault state
Cover open state

Ready condition: States other than the six above

(2) **OUT OF PAPER**

No function. This line is always a "0" signal.

(3) **BUSY***

This signal is the logical inverse of BUSY.

(4) **ACK***

This signal indicates the Printer is no longer busy.

(5) **FAULT***

This signal indicates the Printer is in an error condition, in a ribbon fault state, in a cover open state, or in an off-line condition.

2-1-3. Interface Signal Pin Assignments

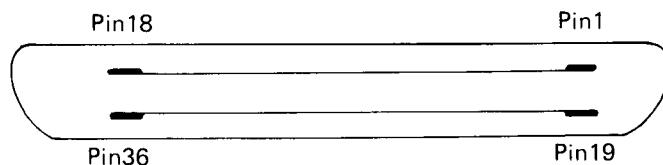


Figure 23

| Pin | Signal Name | Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|
| 1 | STROBE | 19 | GND |
| 2 | DATA 1 | 20 | GND |
| 3 | DATA 2 | 21 | GND |
| 4 | DATA 3 | 22 | GND |
| 5 | DATA 4 | 23 | GND |
| 6 | DATA 5 | 24 | GND |
| 7 | DATA 6 | 25 | GND |
| 8 | DATA 7 | 26 | GND |
| 9 | DATA 8 | 27 | GND |
| 10 | <u>ACK</u> | 28 | GND |
| 11 | BUSY | 29 | GND |
| 12 | OUT OF PAPER | 30 | GND |
| 13 | <u>BUSY</u> | 31 | N.C. |
| 14 | GND | 32 | <u>FAULT</u> |
| 15 | GND | 33 | GND |
| 16 | GND | 34 | N.C. |
| 17 | GND | 35 | N.C. |
| 18 | +5 VDC | 36 | N.C. |

Table 3

Notes: 1) N.C. pins are pulled up to +5 VDC through a 10kohm resistor.
 2) Pin 18 provides +5 VDC to the host computer (less than 80mA of current).

2-1-4. Input/Output Interface Timing Consideration

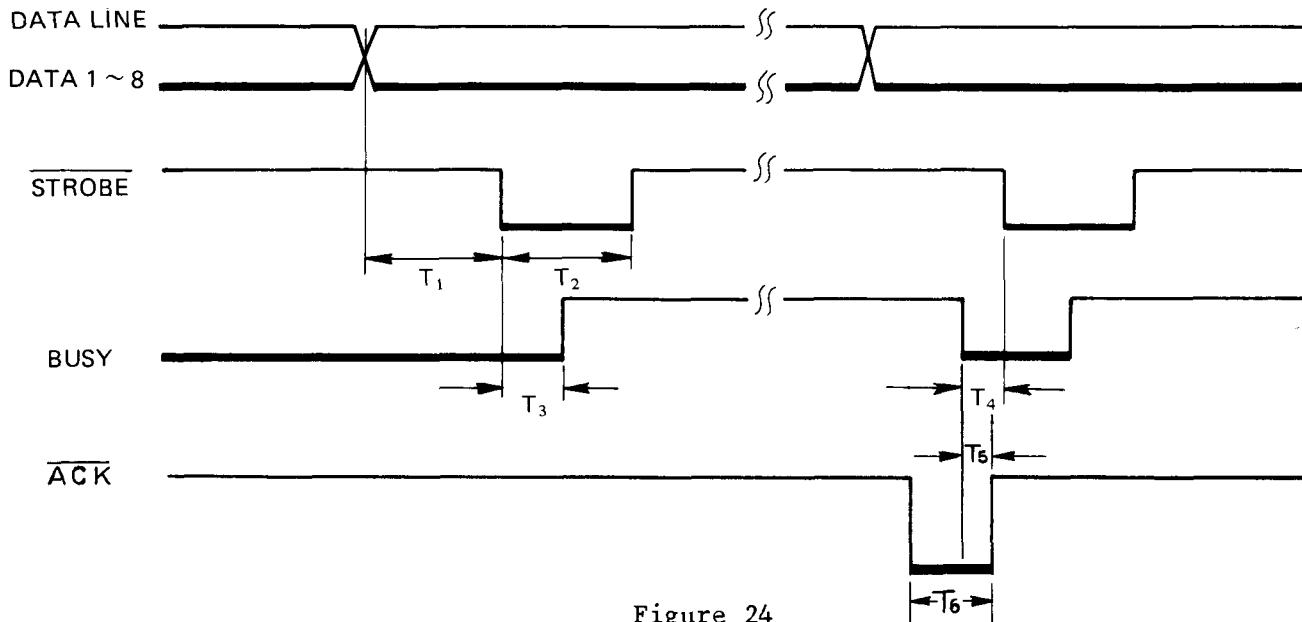


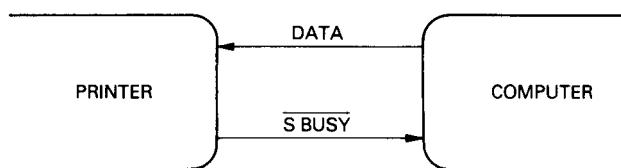
Figure 24

- T_1 : 0 μ s MIN.
- T_1 : 1.5 μ s \pm 0.5 μ s
- T_2 : 0 < 1 μ s
- T_3 : 0 μ s MIN.
- T_4 : 3 μ s
- T_5 : 5 μ s
- T_6 : 6

Note: It takes BUSY a maximum of 5 seconds to raise to the "Low" level after Power On. (The Carriage is at the right edge.)

2-2. Serial Interface

2-2-1. Input Signal System Diagram



Note: Ground not shown.

Figure 25

[Description of Each Signal]

- (1) The Data signal for actuating the Printer is sent from the computer in the format shown below:

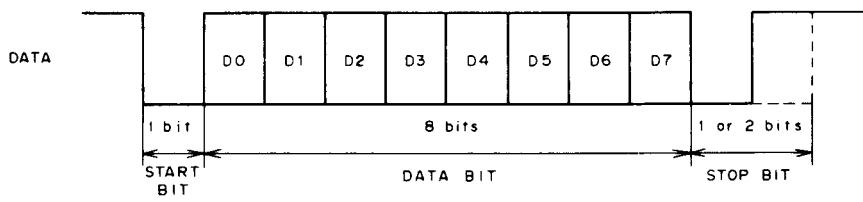
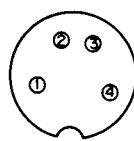


Figure 26

(2) SBUSY

This signal is the same as BUSY used in the parallel interface. Refer to parallel interface, under output signal.

2-2-2. Interface Signal Pin Assignments



| Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|-------------|
| 1 | N.C |
| 2 | S BUSY |
| 3 | SG |
| 4 | DATA |

SG: Signal ground

Figure 27

Table 4

3. Interface Control

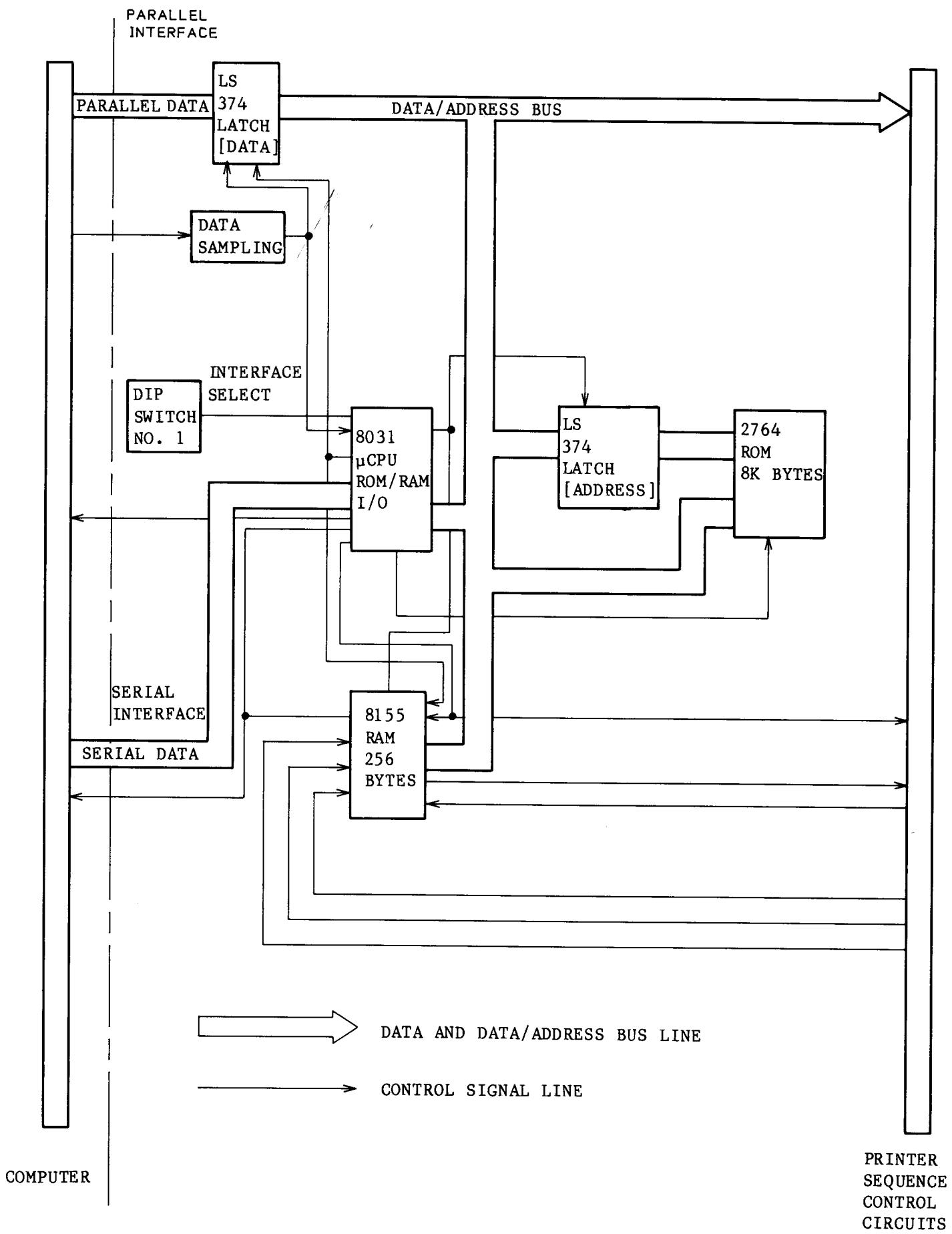


Figure 28. INTERFACE CONTROL CIRCUITS BLOCK DIAGRAM

3-1. Descriptions of Each Circuit Function

(1) LS374 Latch (Data)

Takes in parallel data from the computer.

(2) Data Sampling

This is a timing circuit for taking in of parallel data by LS374. Also, when data has been taken in by LS374, this circuit lets the 8031 (μ CPU) know about it.

(3) 8031 μ CPU

Reads in parallel and serial data, and controls transfer to the printer sequence control circuits. At this time, depending on the type of data, it set the timer of the 8155 (RAM).

(4) LS374 Latch (Address)

Extracts address data only from the data/address bus line and indicates the address in the 2764 (ROM).

(5) 2764 ROM

Firmware

(6) 8155 RAM

Memory for firmwares' use and for printer sequence control circuits status information.

Also applies interrupt process to the printer control sequence circuits 8751 (μ CPU) according to direction from the 8031 (μ CPU).

3-2. Interface Control Operation

Depending on input of data from the computer, the interface control carries out the following processing.

- (1) Taking parallel data into the LS374. (Parallel Interface)
- (2) Transfer of parallel or serial data to the printer sequence control circuits.

3-2-1. Data Latch (Parallel Interface)

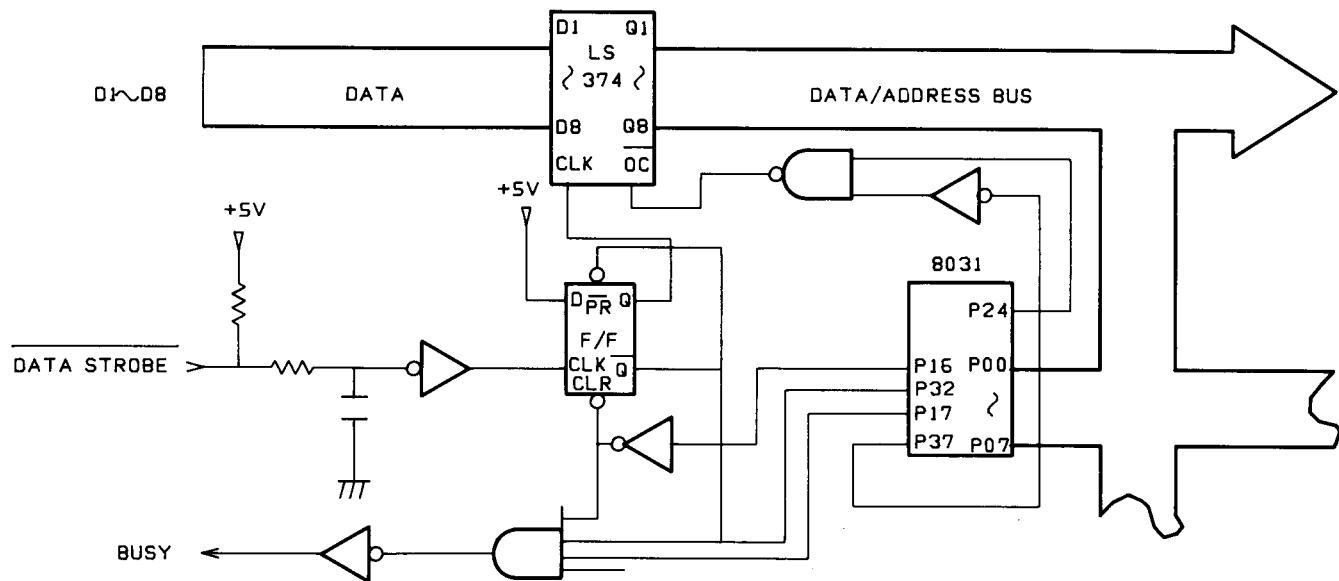
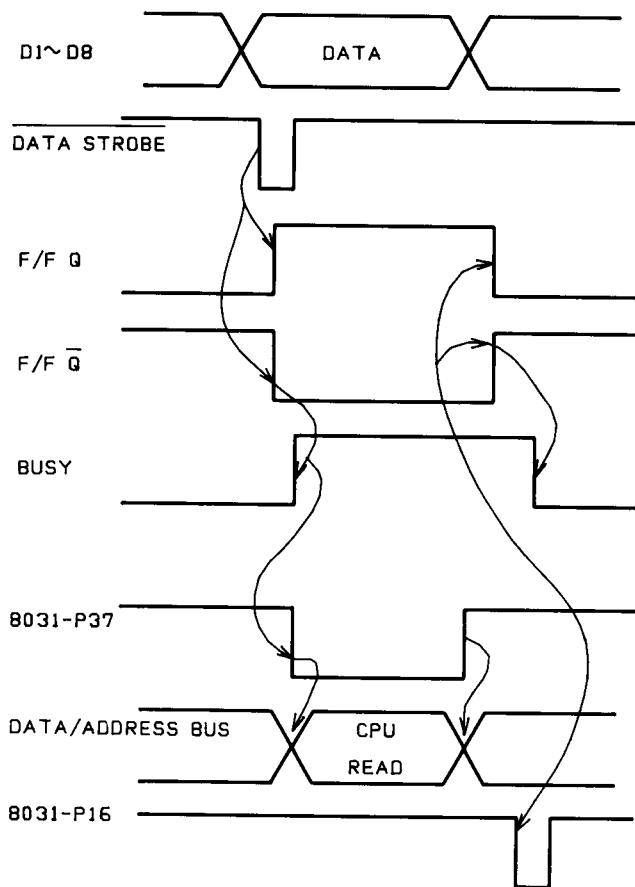


Figure 29



When DATA STROBE* becomes "Low", the gate of LS374 opens and data is taken in.

At this time, a "High" BUSY signal is output to the computer. Also, as 8031-P17 is "Low", the 8031 (μ CPU) is informed that data has been taken in by LS374.

Figure 30

3-2-2. Data Transfer

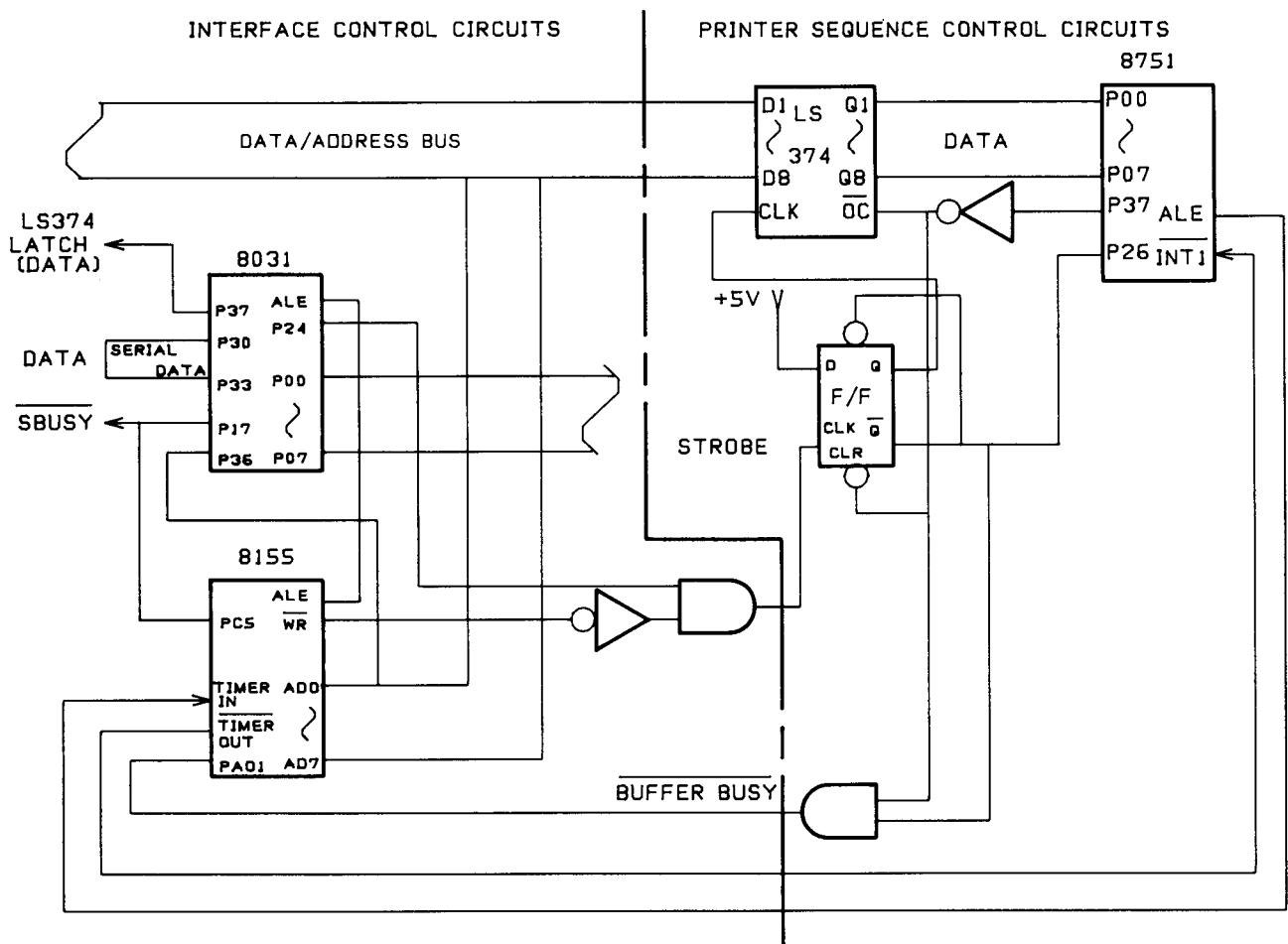
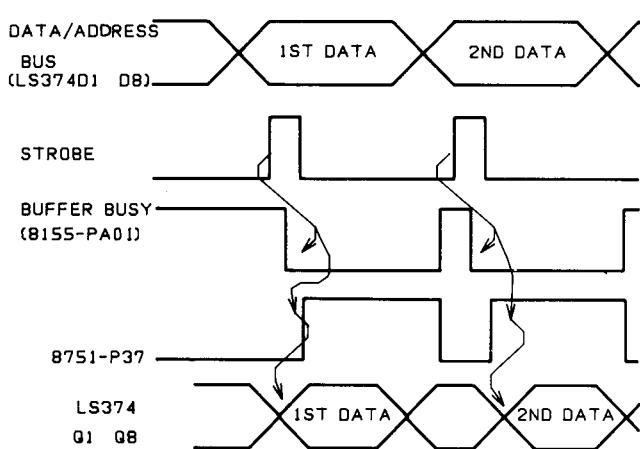


Figure 31



(1) Parallel Interface

The 8031 (μ CPU) confirms that **BUFFER BUSY*** is "High" and, with 8031-P37 "Low", outputs the data taken in by LS374 into the data/address bus. Next, by making 8031-P36 "Low", STROBE "High" is output and printer sequence control LS374 takes in data.

(2) Serial Interface

The 8031 (μ CPU) confirms that **BUFFER BUSY** is "High" and reads in serial data from the data line. At this time, the 8031 (μ CPU) makes 8031-P17 "Low" and outputs **SBUSY*** "Low" to the computer. When the 8031 (μ CPU) reads in serial data, it converts it to parallel data and outputs it to the data/address bus line. Following this, the processing for data taken in by LS374 is the same as for the parallel interface.

Figure 32

4. Printer Sequence Control

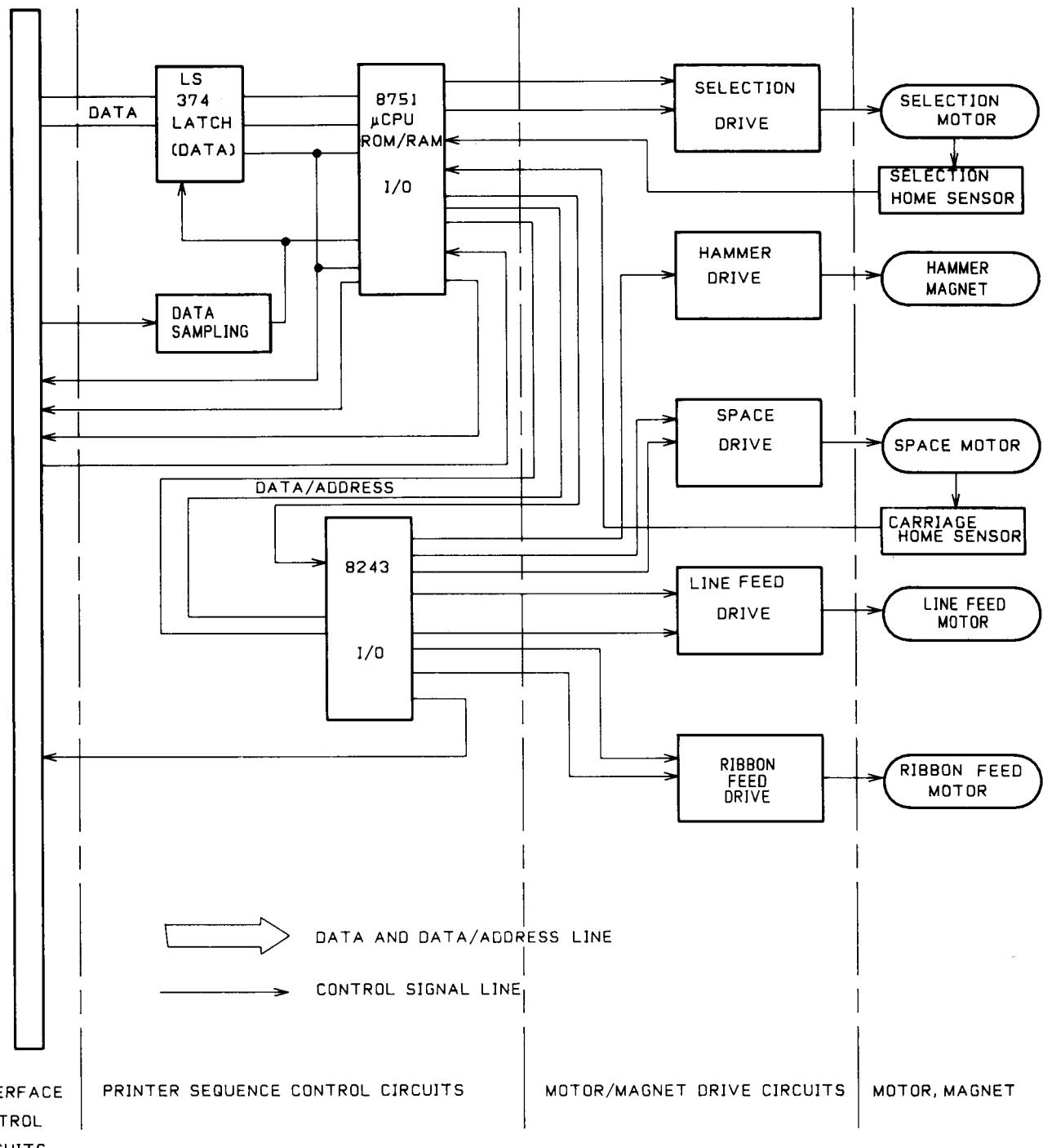


Figure 33. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4-1. Description of Each Circuit Function

(1) LS374 Latch (Data)

Takes in data from interface control.

(2) Data Sampling

Timing circuit for taking in of data by LS374. Also, when data is taken in by LS374, this circuit lets the 8751 (μ CPU) know about it.

(3) 8751 μ CPU

Outputs data from LS374 and, depending on the type of data, exerts I/O control over 8243 and 8751 itself.

(4) 8243 I/O

Directs action for hammer, space, line feed and ribbon feed.

4-2. Printer Sequence Control Operation

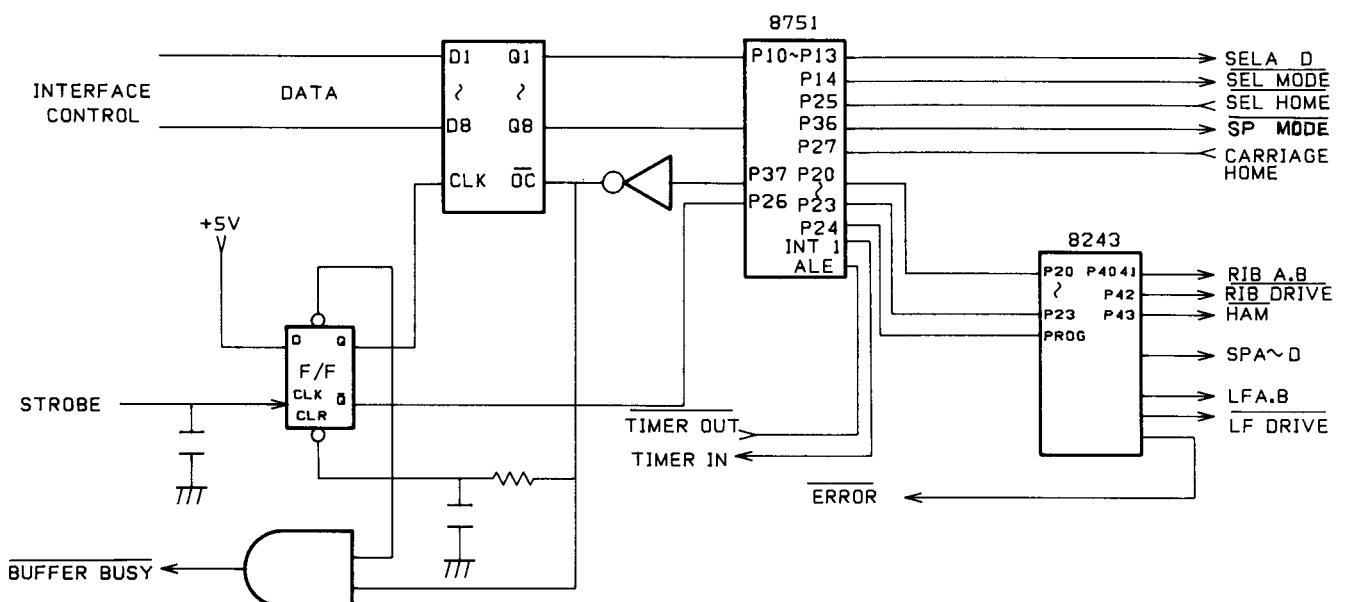


Figure 34

The printer interface control carries out the following processing according to the reception of data and STROBE from the interface control.

(1) Takes in data from LS374.

(2) Outputs BUFFER BUSY* "Low" to the interface control. At this time it also makes 8751-P26 "Low".

(3) Outputs "High" from 8751-P37, and causes LS374 data to be output to the data line.

- (4) The 8751 (μ CPU) reads in data and, directs the appropriate action depending on the data content .

Example 1. The case of printable character data.

- 1) Directs the action for the selection received from the I/O port of the 8751 (μ CPU) itself.
- 2) 8751-P24 goes "Low", causing the hammer port address to be set to 8243 (I/O) P20 - P23. Next 8751-P25 goes "High", causing the hammer data to be set to 8243 (I/O) P20 - P23.
- 3) Carries out the direction from the 8243 I/O port for hammer action.

Example 2. The case of line feed data.

- 1) 8751-P24 goes "Low", causing the line feed port address to be set to 8243 (I/O) P20 - P23. Next 8751-P24 goes "High", causing the line feed data to be set to 8243 (I/O) P20 - P23. At this time the interface control 8031 (μ CPU) sets the timer of the 8155 (RAM) and applies an interrupt process so as to make INT1 of the 8751 (μ CPU) effective.
- 2) Carries out the direction from the 8243 I/O port for line feed action.

4-3. Selection Motor

The selection motor operation is controlled by the SELA-SELD and SEL MODE* signals. The selection motor control timing diagram is as follows:

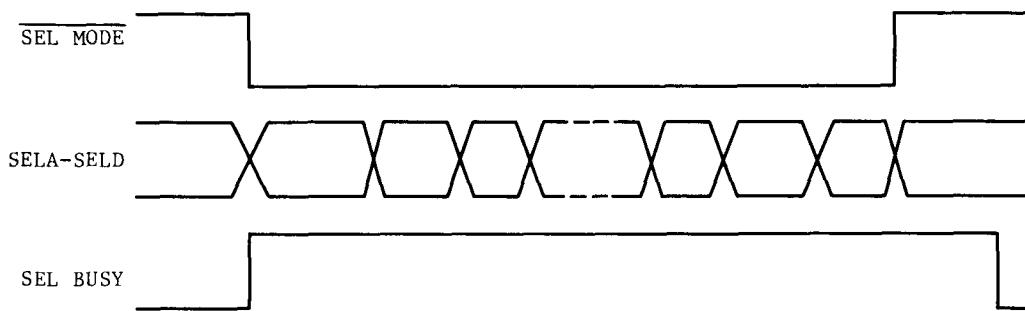


Figure 35

[Signal description]

(1) SEL MODE*

Selection motor drive signal.
High → Motor hold
Low → Motor drive

(2) SELA-SELD

The SELA-SELD signals specify the direction of rotation and the number of steps travelled for the selection motor. These signals control the velocity of the selection motor by controlling the acceleration, the constant speed, and the deceleration, depending on the number of steps specified.

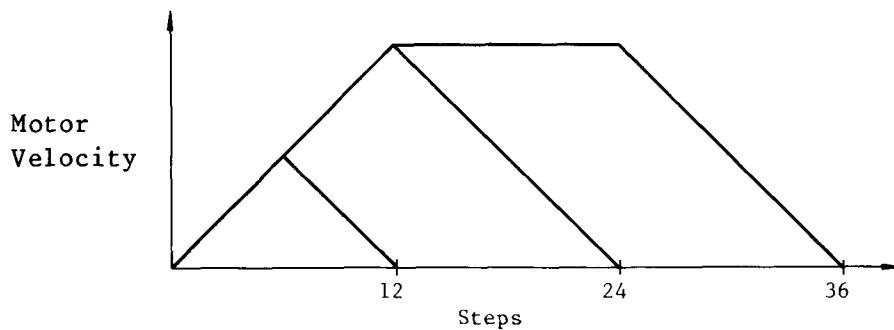


Figure 36

The selection motor travels four steps to print one character.

(3) SEL HOME*

This signal is used to detect the space pitch, the style of the print wheel installed, and the home position.

(4) ERROR*

This signal notifies the interface control of any printer errors.

4-3-1. Normal Operation

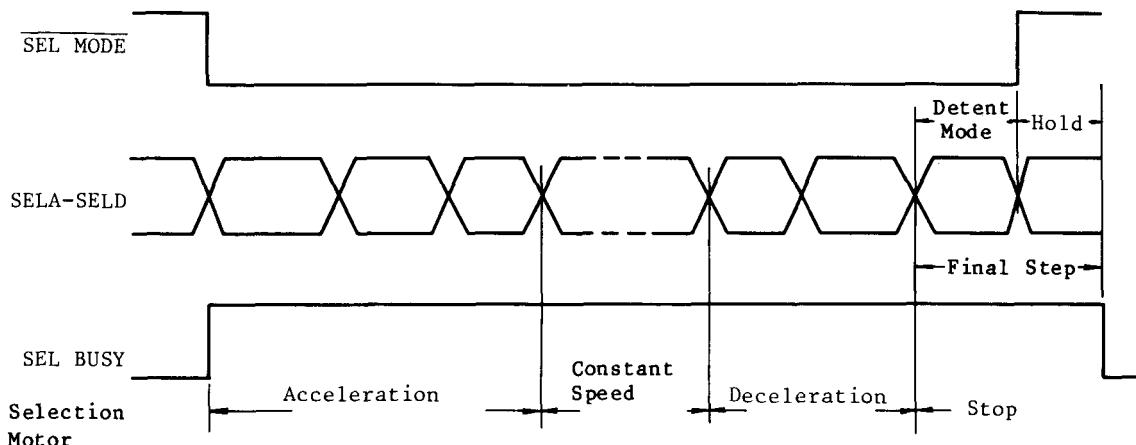


Figure 37

- (1) The μ CPU compares the current print wheel position with the print wheel position specified by the next print code, and calculates the direction of rotation and the number of steps required to determine the shortest path for the selection motor to turn the print wheel and line up the next print position.
- (2) The selection motor is actuated by SELA-SELD and SEL MODE*, and proceeds through the successive stages of velocity, from acceleration to movement at constant speed, then to deceleration.
- (3) The selection motor is held at the position specified on the final transition of SELA-SELD, and stops completely as SEL MODE* goes from low to high.

4-3-2. Restore Operation

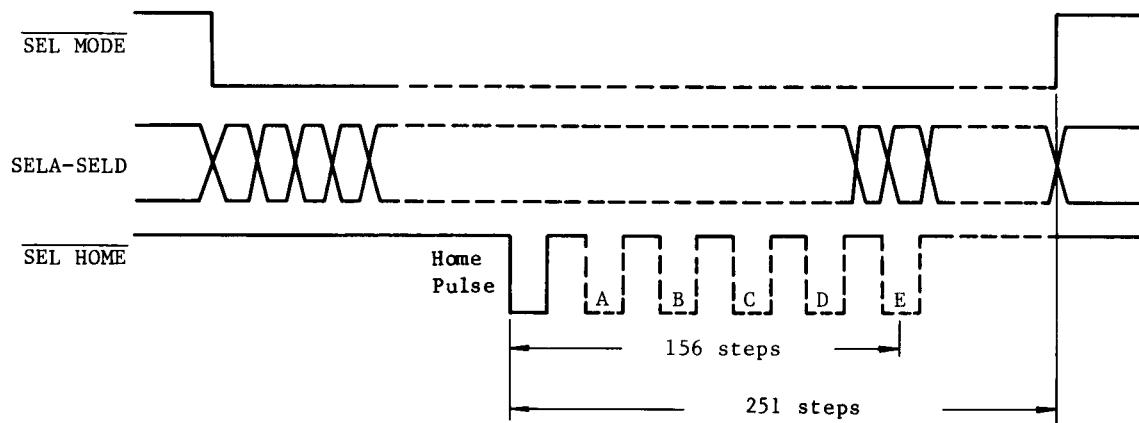


Figure 38

- (1) The selection motor is directed by SELA-SELD to rotate clockwise. The motor is actuated as SEL MODE* goes low. (The print wheel rotates clockwise when viewed from the front of the Printer.)
- (2) The selection motor rotates at minimum speed. The control circuit stops the motor 251 steps after detecting SEL HOME*.
- (3) The restore operation is completed, and the position where the motor stops becomes the home position for the print wheel.

Note: The space pitches are detected 156 steps after SEL HOME* is detected.

4-3-3. Restore Errors

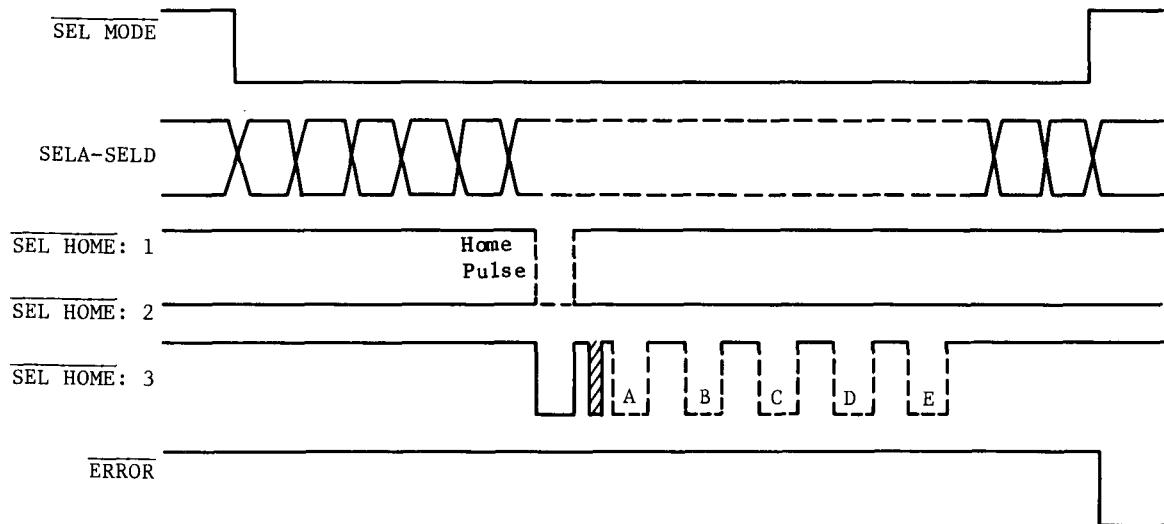


Figure 39

- (1) SEL HOME*:1 Selection home not detected.
- (2) SEL HOME*:2 Selection home detected continuously.
- (3) SEL HOME*:3 Pulses other than to E were generated during detection of the space pitch and print wheel style.

A restore error is generated if any one of the above conditions is detected. An ERROR* low signal is then output to notify the interface control of the error.

4-4. Space Motor

The space motor operation is controlled by the SPA-SPD and SP MODE* signals. The space motor control timing diagram is as follows:

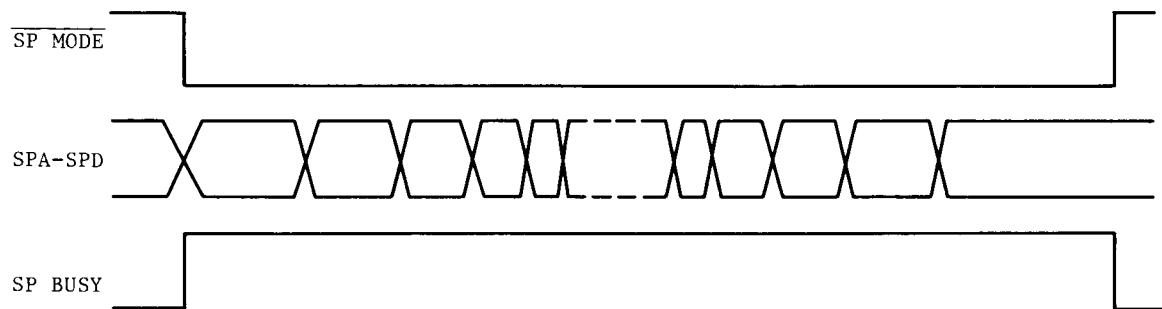


Figure 40

[Signal description]

(1) SP MODE*

Space motor drive signal.
High → Motor hold
Low → Motor drive

(2) SPA-SPD

SPA-SPD specify the direction of rotation of the space motor and the number of steps it must move. These signals control the velocity of the space motor from acceleration to deceleration, or from acceleration to movement at constant speed, then to deceleration, depending on the number of steps specified.

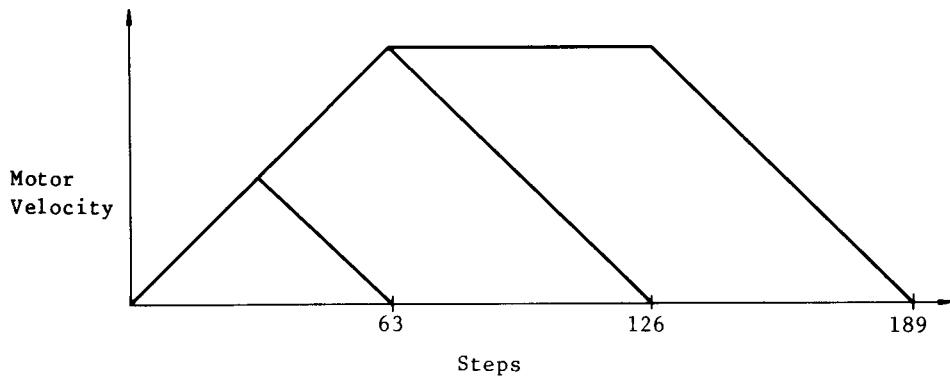


Figure 41

The space motor moves 1/120" per step.

(3) CARRIAGE HOME

This signal is used to detect the home position of the carriage.

4-4-1. Normal Operation

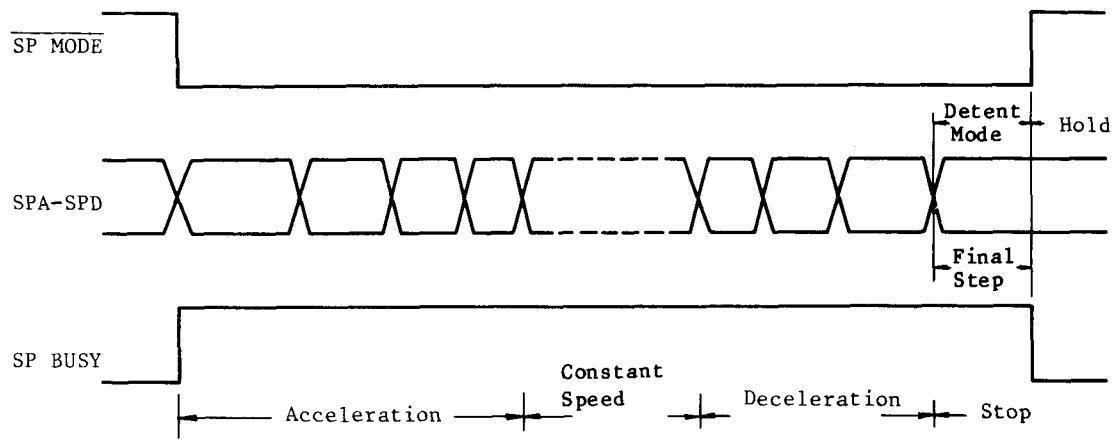


Figure 42

- (1) The μ CPU controls the direction of rotation of the space motor and the number of steps it must move through commands executed via the I/O. The μ CPU directly controls the space motor movement.
- (2) The space motor is actuated by the signals SPA-SPD and SP MODE*, and proceeds through successive stages of velocity from acceleration to movement at constant speed, then to deceleration.
- (3) The space motor is held at the position specified on the final transition of SPA-SPD, and stops completely as SP MODE* goes from low to high.

4-4-2. Restore Operation 1

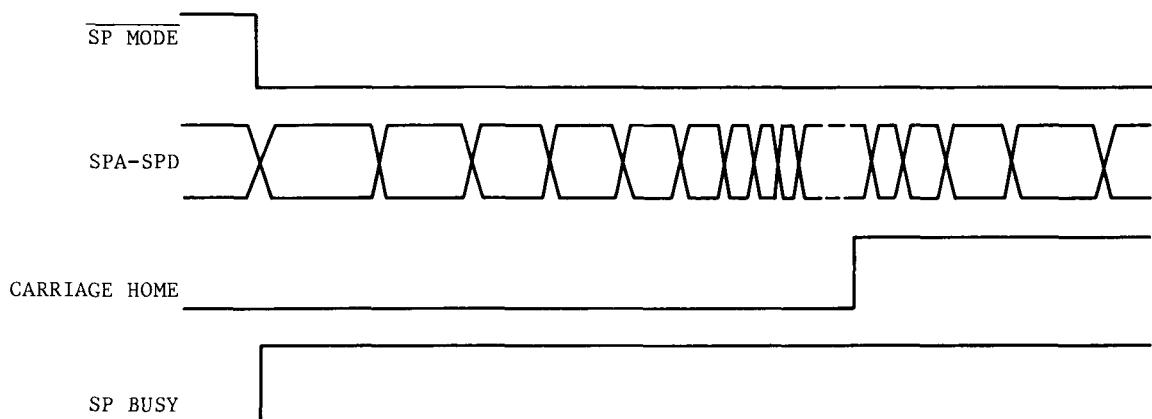


Figure 43

- (1) The space motor is directed by SPA-SPD to rotate counterclockwise. The motor is actuated as SP MODE* goes low. (The carriage moves in the CR direction.)
- (2) The space motor accelerates for 20 steps, then maintains a constant speed until CARRIAGE HOME goes from low to high.
- (3) As CARRIAGE HOME goes high, the space motor decelerates for 20 steps.

Note: If CARRIAGE HOME goes high before the space motor has accelerated 20 steps, the motor decelerates by the same number of steps it accelerated.

4-4-3. Restore Operation 2

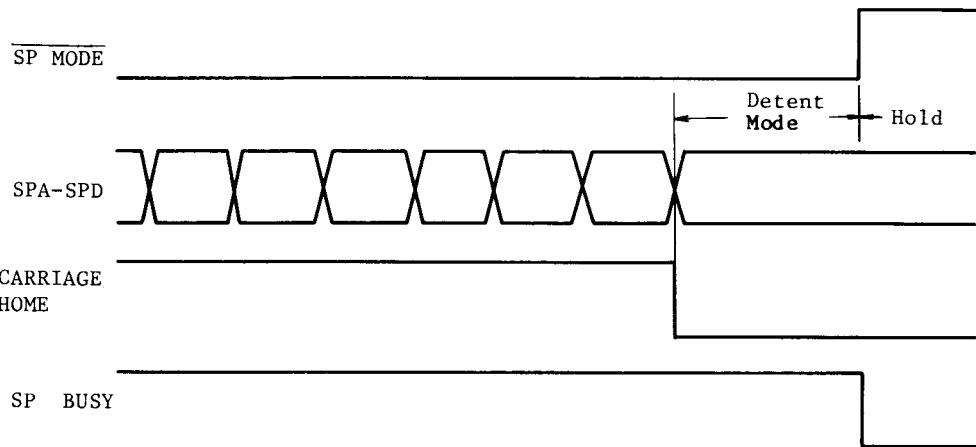


Figure 44

- (1) After deceleration is completed, pulses SPA-SPD are switched to allow the space motor to rotate clockwise. (The carriage moves in the TAB direction.)
- (2) The space motor rotates one step at a time until CARRIAGE HOME drops from high to low.
- (3) The space motor is held at the position specified by the final transition of SPA-SPD, and stops completely as SP MODE* goes from low to high.
- (4) The restore operation is completed, and the position where the motor has stopped becomes the home position for the carriage.

Note: When CARRIAGE HOME is initially high at the start of the restore operation, restore operation 2 can be initiated by bypassing restore operation 1.

4-4-4. Restore Errors

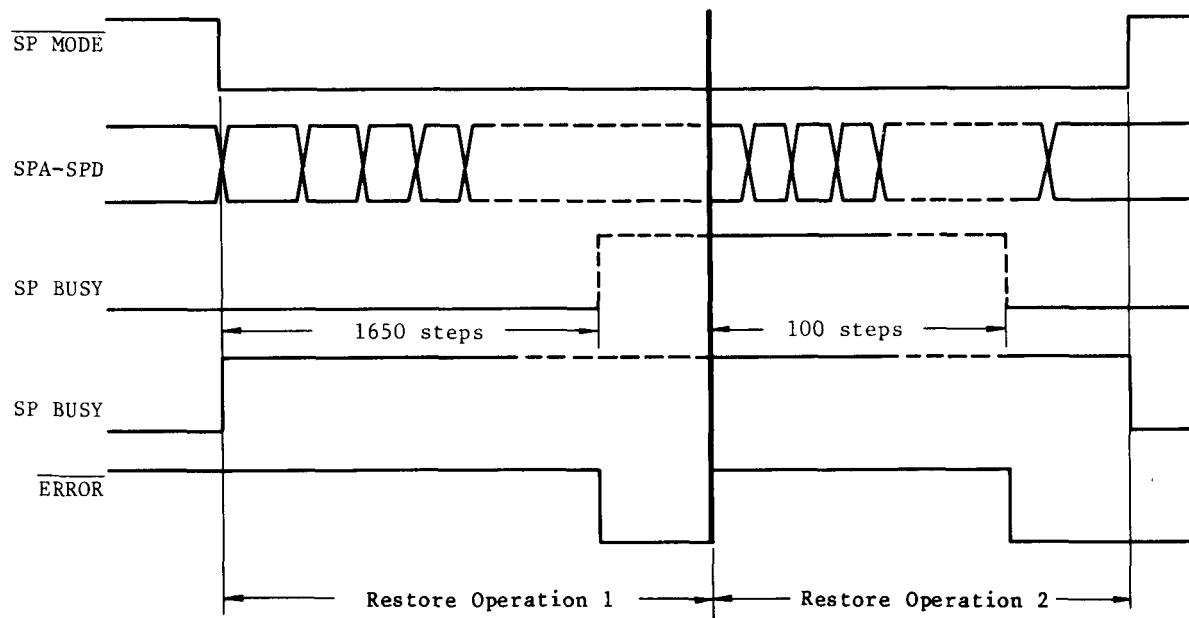


Figure 45

- (1) A restore error is generated if CARRIAGE HOME fails to go high within 1,650 steps during restore operation 1.
- (2) A restore error is also generated if CARRIAGE HOME fails to go low within 100 steps during restore operation 2.

An ERROR* low signal is then output to the interface control to denote the error.

4-5. Line Feed Motor

The line feed motor operation is controlled by the LFA, LFB, and LF DRV* signals. The motor can be rotated in both directions by changing the phasing between the LFA and LFB pulses.

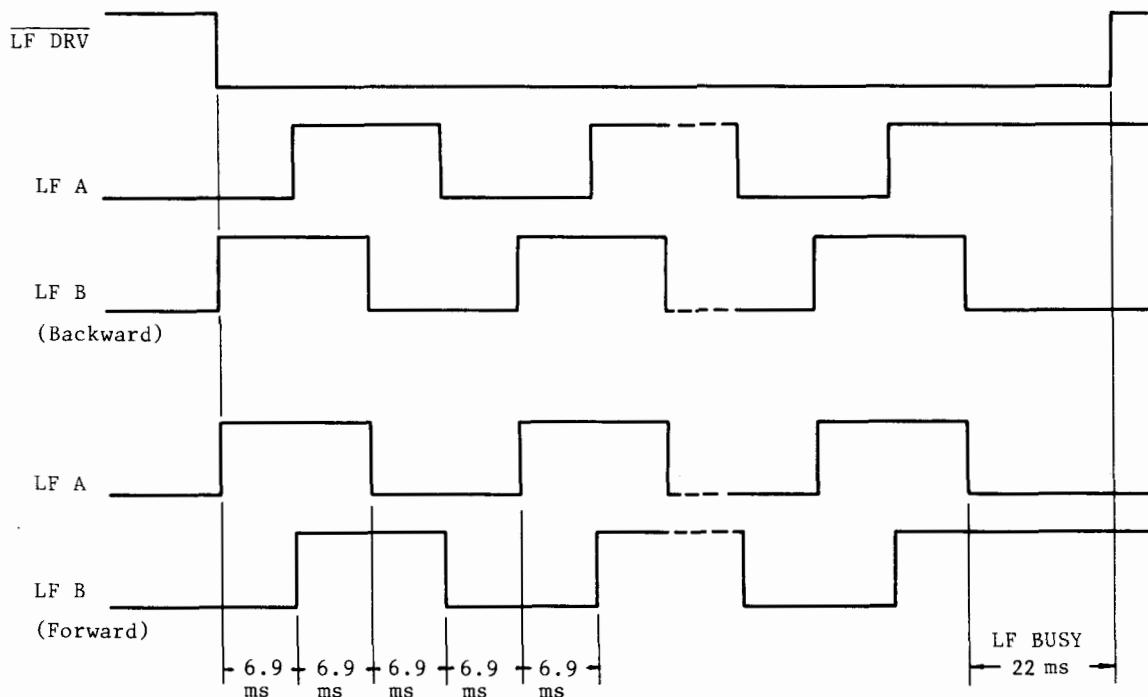


Figure 46

4-6. Ribbon Feed Motor

The ribbon feed motor operation is controlled by the RFA, RFB, and RF DRV* signals. The ribbon feed motor only rotates counterclockwise. It normally travels two steps when printing a character and eight steps while underlining.

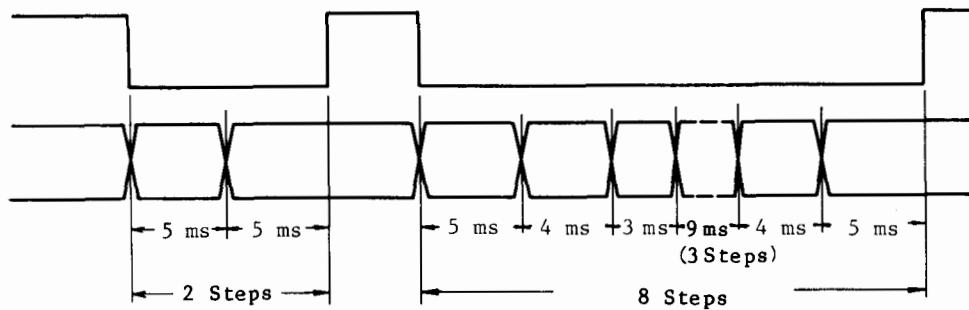


Figure 47

The velocity of the ribbon feed motor is controlled from acceleration to deceleration, or from acceleration to movement at constant speed, then to deceleration, depending on the number of steps specified.

4-7. Hammer Magnet

The hammer magnet operation is controlled by the HAM* signal.

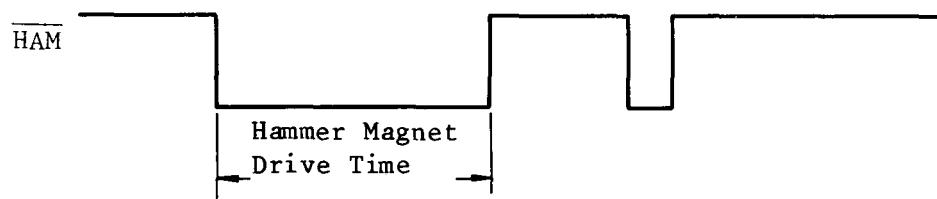


Figure 48

The velocity at which the hammer magnet is driven depends on the impression level selected, and the type of character being printed. When printing in the External Program Mode, this velocity is selected by the programmer. Refer to the owner's manual for further information.

4-8. Ribbon End Detection

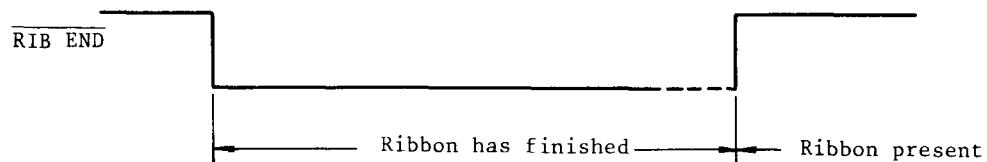


Figure 49

5. Motor/Magnet Drive Circuits

This section describes the analog circuits that drive the motors and magnets.

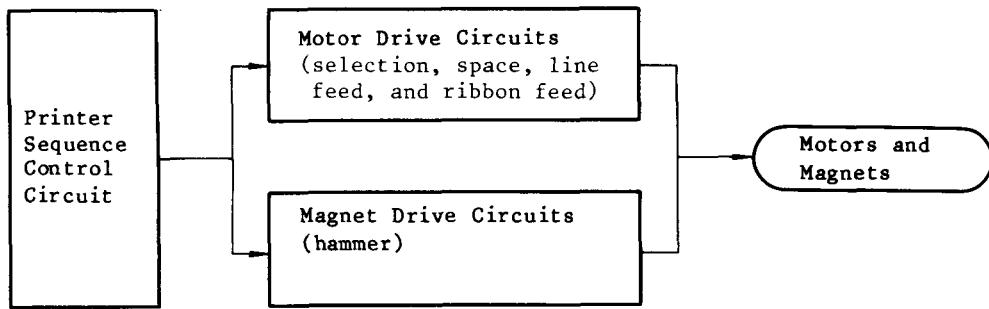


Figure 50

A. Motor drives

The motor drive circuits actuate the selection, space, line feed, and ribbon feed motors as directed by the printer sequence control.

B. Magnet drives

The magnet drive circuits actuate the hammer magnet as directed by the printer sequence control.

5-1. Motor Drive Circuits (Selection and Space)

The selection and space motor drive circuits are similar in circuit design; therefore, the description for the selection motor drive circuit also applies to the space motor drive circuit.

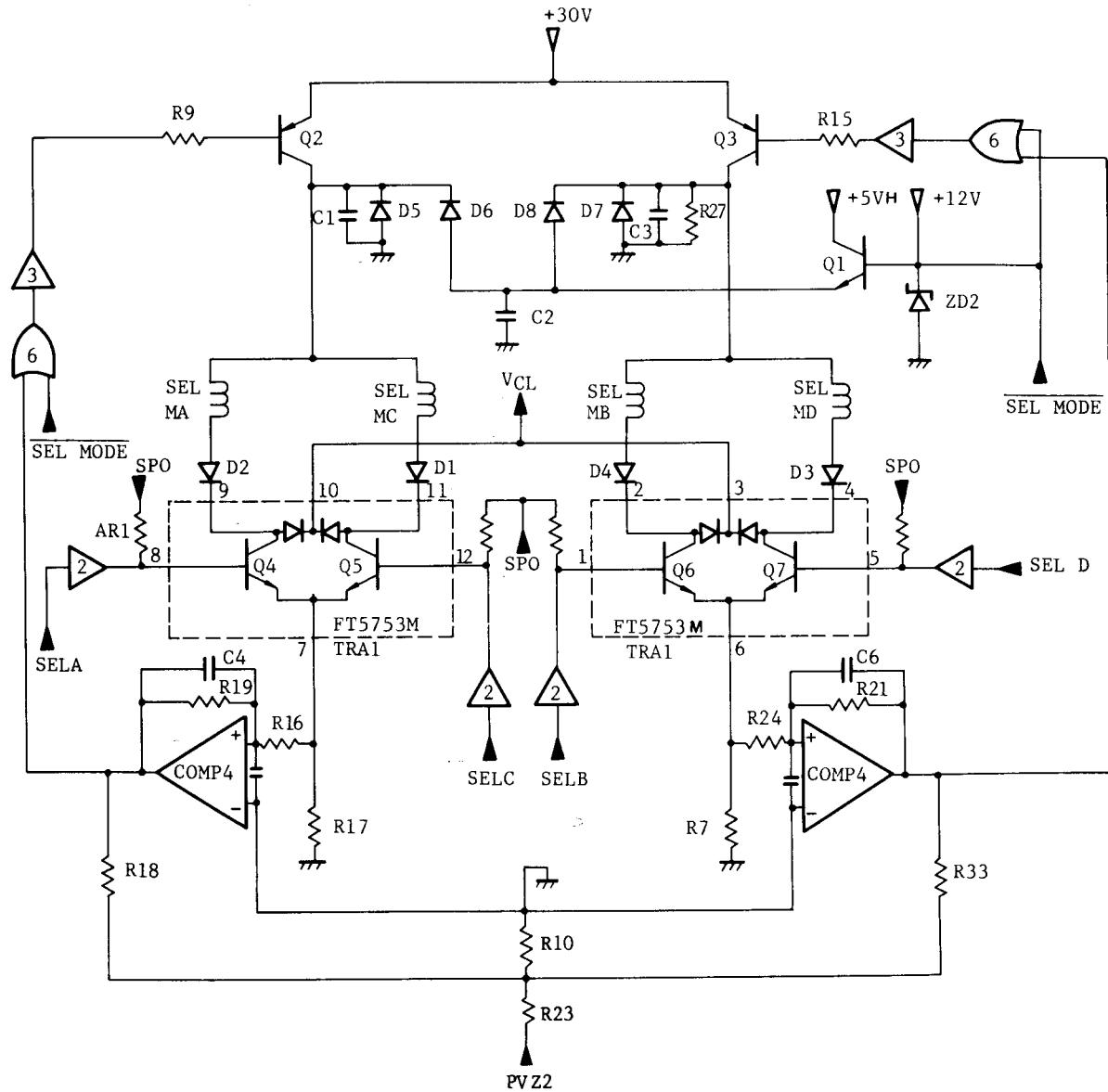


Figure 51

The selection motor drive circuit operation is controlled by the SEL MODE* signal. As SEL MODE* goes low, transistors Q2 and Q3 are turned on to start drive current flow through the selection motor coils SELMA-SELMD (motor drive). When SEL MODE* goes high, transistor Q2 only turns on to introduce a holding current flow through selection motor coils SELMA-SELMD (motor stop).

The circuit operation to energize motor coil SELMA is explained below.

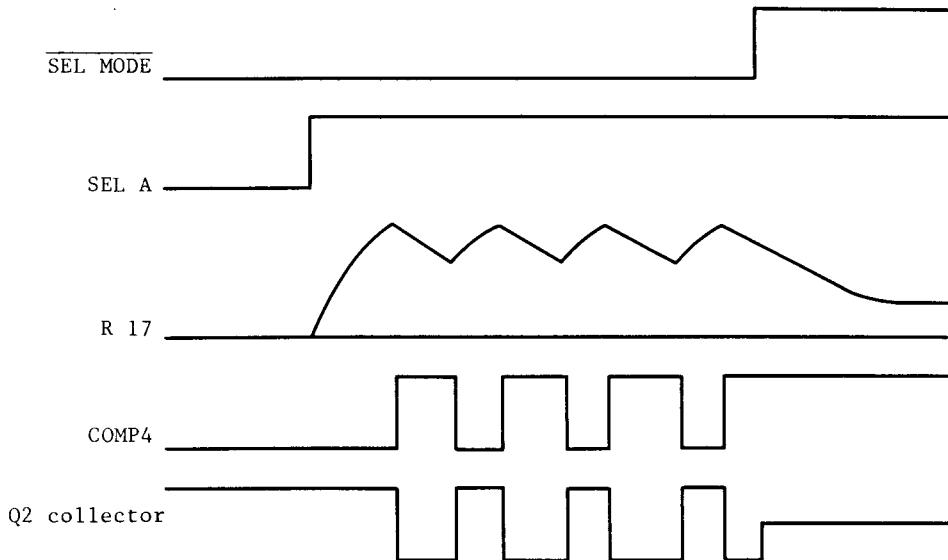


Figure 52

As the SELA pulse goes high, transistor Q4 turns on and drive current flows through components SELMA, D2, Q4, R17, to GND, to energize motor coil SELMA. The drive current is sampled at the non-inverting terminal of COMP4 as it flows through R17. As the current eventually reaches the threshold level specified for COMP4, the COMP4 output pin goes high to turn off transistor Q2. As a result, the drive current flow stops.

As the drive current declines, transistor Q4 remains on, maintaining current flow in motor coil SELMA, though at a declining rate. When this current falls below the specified threshold level for COMP4, COMP4 output goes low to turn transistor Q2 on again, resuming the drive current flow and thus reenergizing motor coil SELMA (chopper drive).

Motor coils SELMB-SELMC follow a similar operation sequence. Switching SELA-SELD pulses in a phased sequence energizes SELMA-SELMC and causes the selection motor to rotate.

5-2. Motor Drive Circuits (Line Feed and Ribbon Feed)

The line feed and ribbon feed motor drive circuits are similar in circuit design; therefore, the description for the line feed motor drive circuit also applies to the ribbon feed motor drive circuit.

| RF DRIVE Pulse | | | | | |
|-------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | |
| LF | High | ON | - | OFF | - |
| | Low | OFF | - | ON | - |
| A | - | ON | - | OFF | - |
| | - | OFF | - | ON | - |
| LF | High | - | ON | - | OFF |
| | Low | - | OFF | - | ON |
| B | | | | | |

Table 5

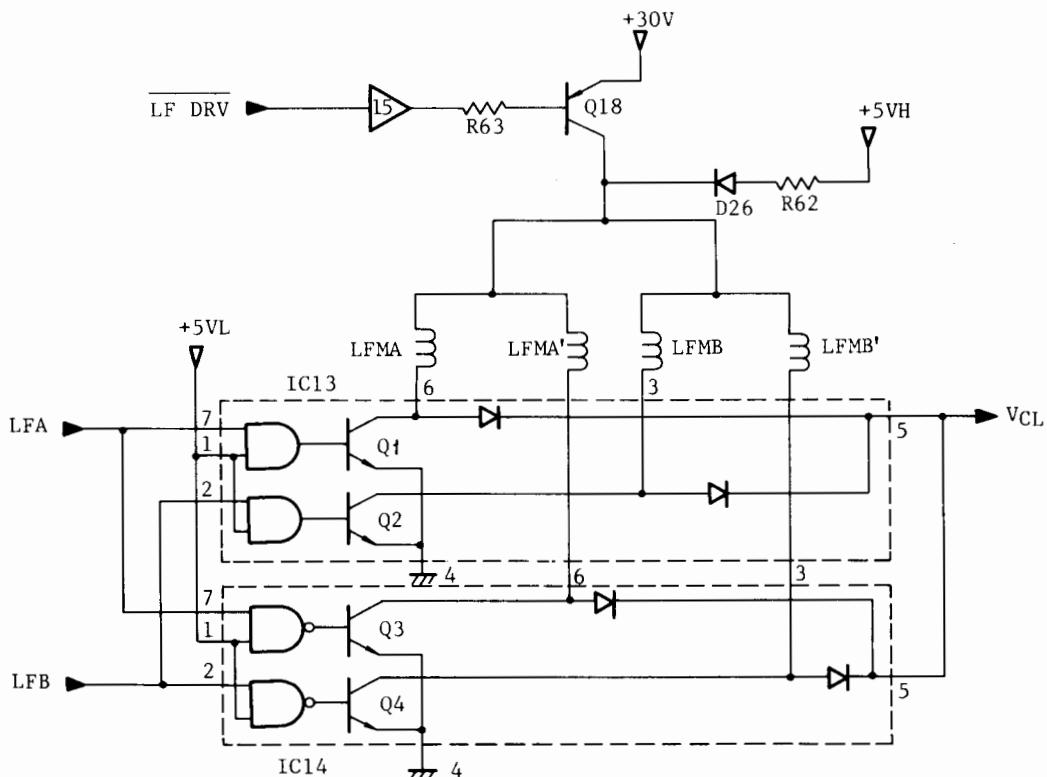


Figure 53

The line feed motor drive circuit operation is controlled by the LF DRV* signal. As LF DRV* goes low, transistor Q18 turns on to start drive current flow through line feed motor coils LFMA, LFA', LFB, and LFB' (motor drive). When LF DRV* goes high, a holding current flow is supplied to LFA, LFA', LFB, and LFB' from the +5VH rail via R62 and D26 (motor stop). Switching the LFA and LFB pulses causes transistors Q1 to Q4 to be switched, as shown in Table 5. As a result, the drive current flows through the motor coil, the transistors, then to GND, thereby energizing the motor coil (unipolar drive).

The LFA and LFB pulses are switched in the following order: LFA, B = high LFA = low, LFB = high LFA, B' = low LFA = high, LFB = low. Correspondingly, the motor coils are energized in the order: LFMA, B LFMA', B' LFMA', B' LFMA, B', causing the line feed motor to rotate.

5-3. Magnet Drive (Hammer)

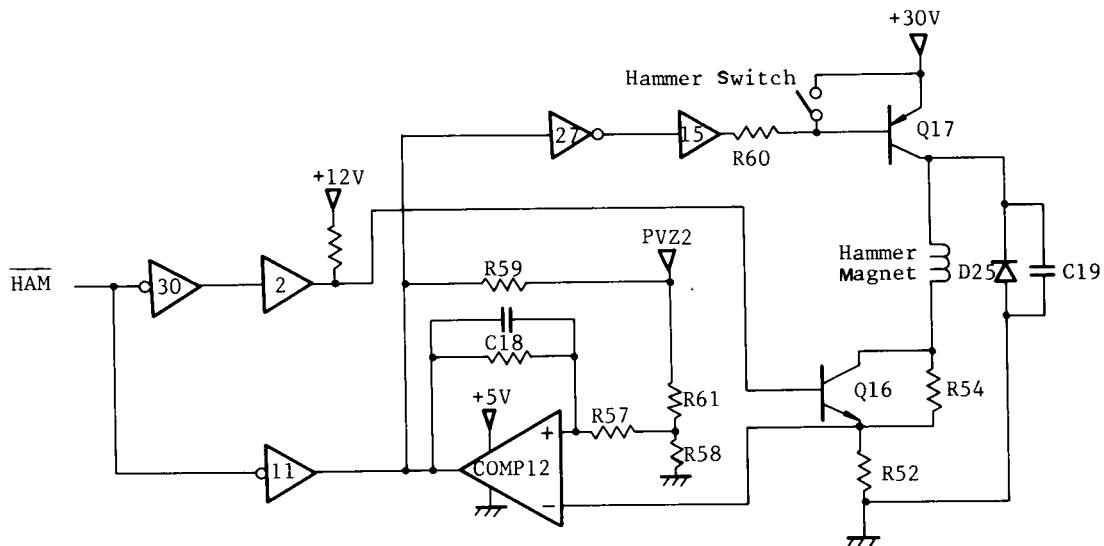


Figure 54

The operation hammer magnet drive circuit is controlled by the HAM* signal. During a hammer magnet drive period, HAM* goes low to turn on transistor Q17, starting drive current flow through the hammer magnet and energizing it.

The drive current is sampled at the inverting terminal on COMP12 as current flows through R52. As the COMP12 output pin goes low, transistor Q17 turns off, thereby controlling the drive current flow.

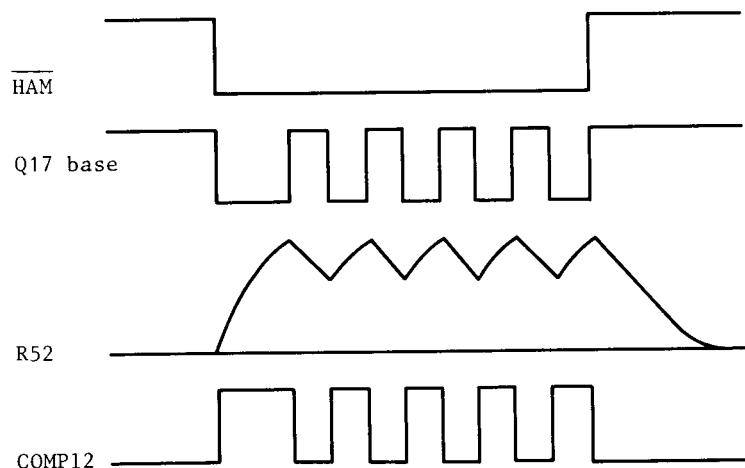


Figure 55

5-4. Voltage Monitoring

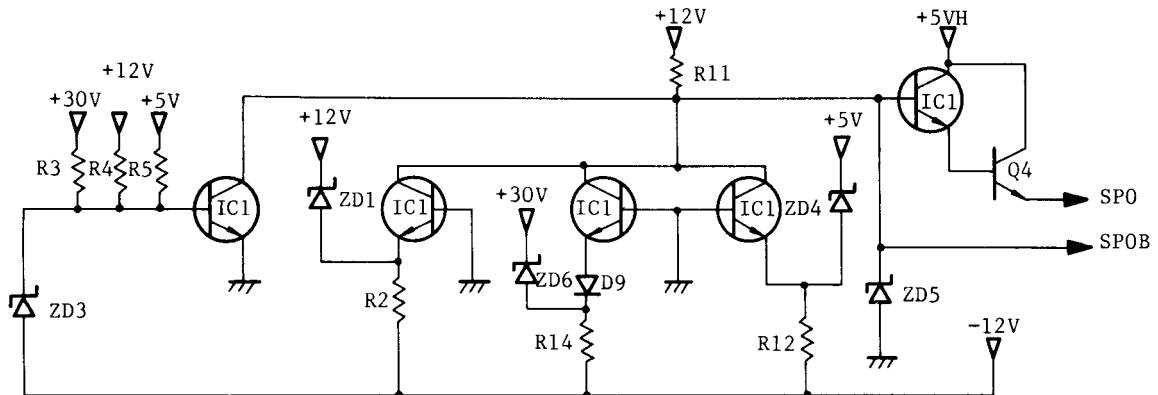


Figure 56

Signals SPO and SPOB go high when all the DC voltages have risen to the correct levels. SPO is input to the selection and space motor drive circuits to enable or disable the motor drives, while SPOB resets the μ CPU to initialize it.

Both SPO and SPOB go low when any of the DC voltages deviates from its specified value. As a result, the selection and space motors are deactivated and any μ CPU activity is stopped.

IV. POWER SUPPLY UNIT

This power supply is a compact, lightweight, switching DC-regulated power supply, designed to drive the DWP-220 Printer.

1. Specifications

| Power source Specifi- cations | +5V | +5VH | +12V | -12V | +30V | +30VH |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Use | For digital circuits | For motor hold voltage | For analog circuit magnet hold voltage | For analog circuits | For motor and magnet drive circuits | For motor drive circuits |
| Output voltage | 5V ^{+10%} - 5% | 5V+50% | 12V _{+10%} | -12V _{+10%} | 30V _{+5%} | 30V+10% |
| Output current | 0.5-1.5A | 0.6-1.15A | 0.43-0.85A | 0.05-0.1A | 0.01-1.1A | 0-0.3A |
| Load range fluctuations | - | - | - | - | 1-4.9A | - |
| Ripple voltage (p-p) | 50mV | 1V | 150mV | 150mV | 200mV | 1V |
| Voltage spikes | 200mV | 2V | 500mV | 500mV | 500mV | 2V |

Table 6

2. Output Pin Arrangement

. CN1 (power connector)

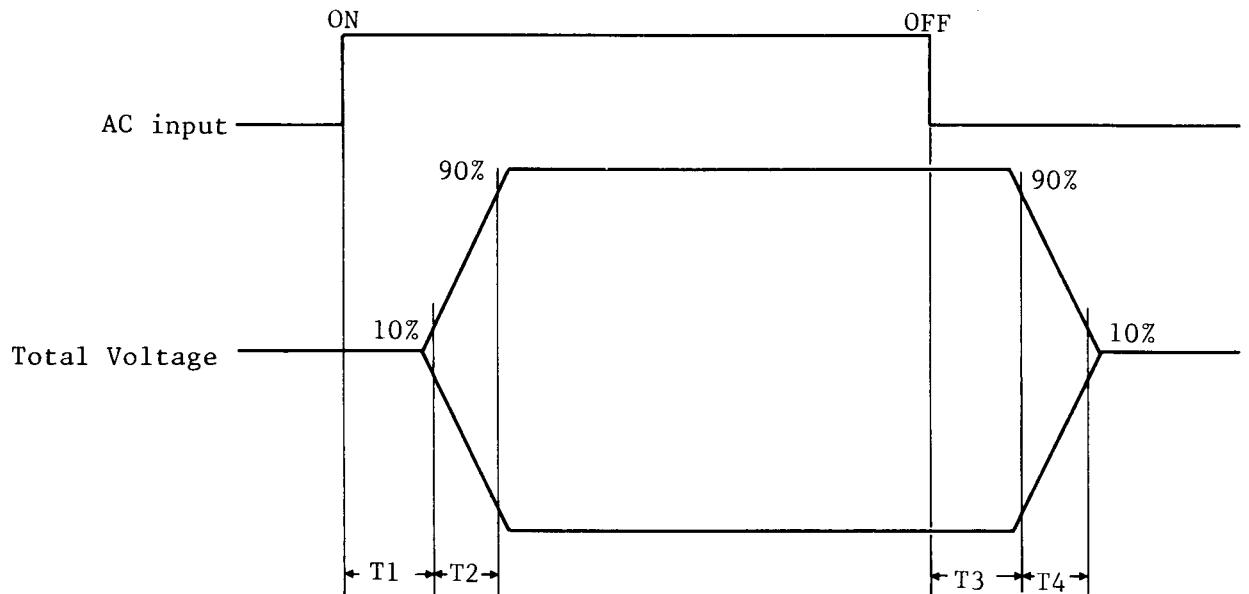
| Pin No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|----------------|----|----|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Output voltage | PG | PG | +12V | +5VH | +30VH | +30V | +30V | +30V |

. CN2 (logic connector)

| Pin No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Output voltage | LG | LG | LG | LG | LG | +5V | +5V | +5V | +12V | -12V |

Table 7

3. Voltage Output Sequence



T₁ = 0 - 100 ms
T₂ = 0 - 200 ms
T₃ = 0 - 100 ms
T₄ = 5 - 200 ms

Figure 57

4. Circuit Operation Description

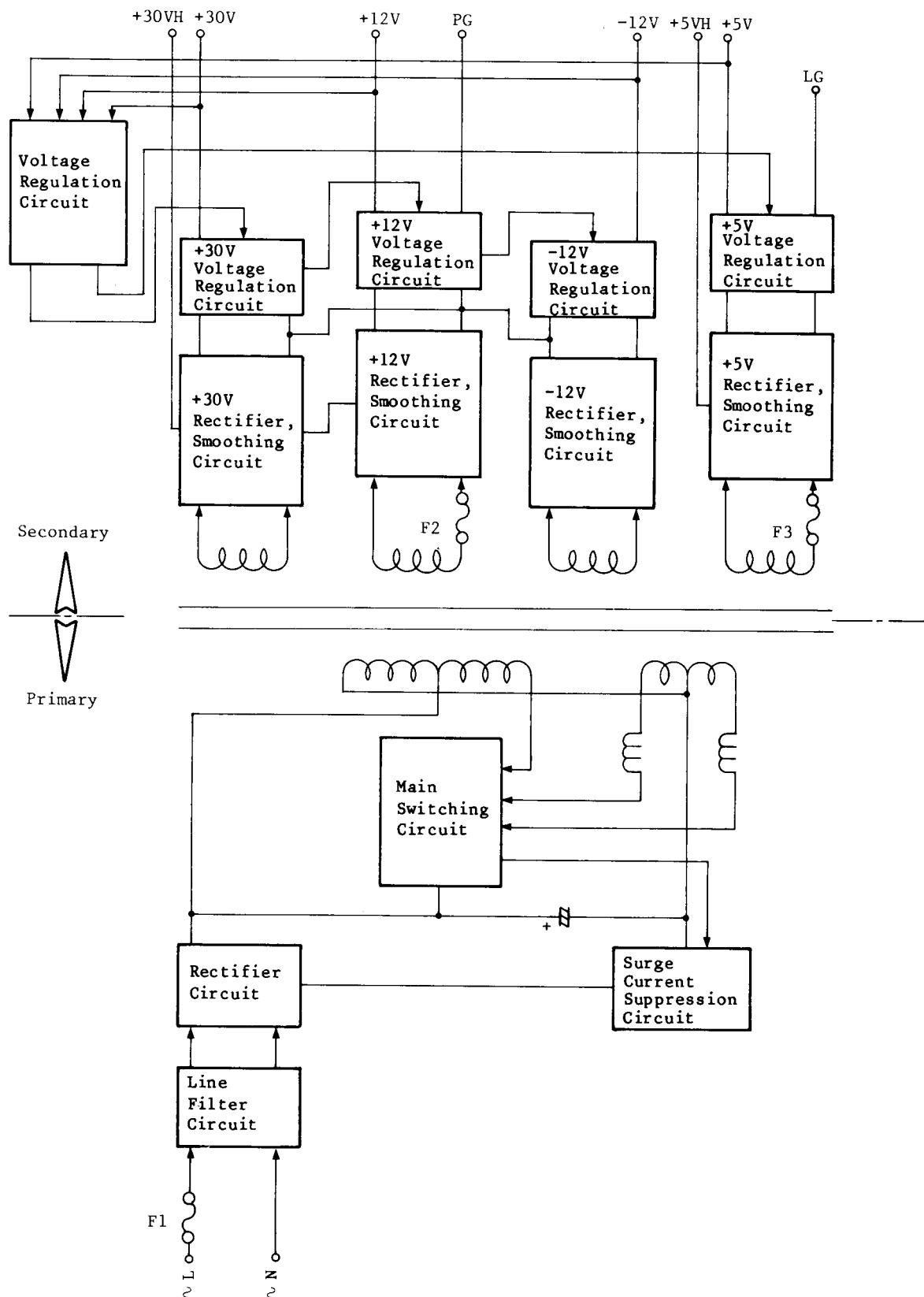


Figure 58. POWER SUPPLY BLOCK DIAGRAM

4-1. Line Filter Circuit

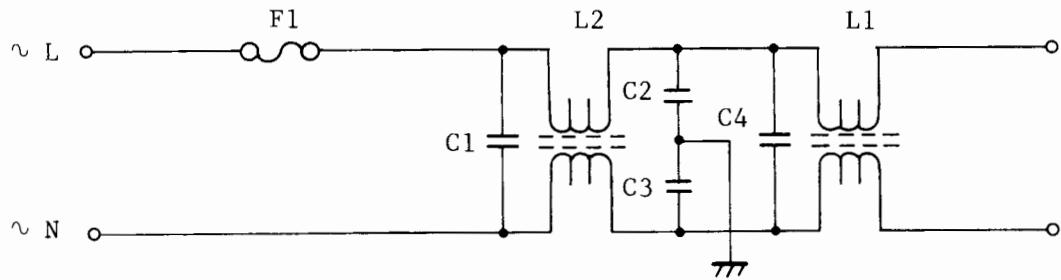


Figure 59. 100V Series

This circuit suppresses and absorbs normal mode noise flowing through the AC line, and common mode noise which occurs between the AC line and ground.

4-2. Rectifier, Smoothing Circuit On Primary Side

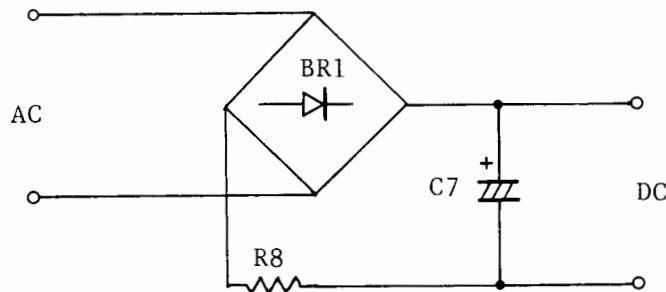


Figure 60

After rectifying the AC input with bridge diode BR1, this circuit smooths the rectified AC by using capacitor C7, and produces a DC output.

4-3. Surge Current Suppression Circuit

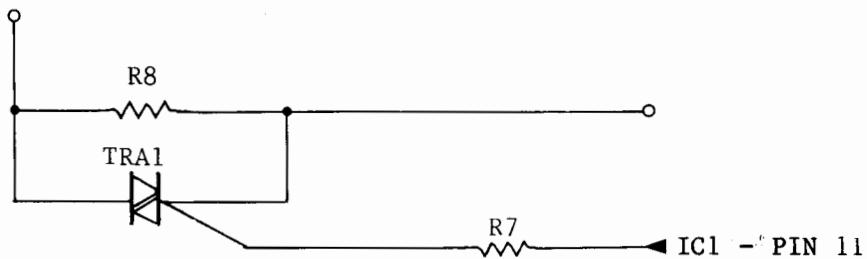


Figure 61

This circuit limits surge current flow, which occurs when the power is applied, to less than 35A (standard value) by using R8. R8 is eventually bypassed when TRA1 is turned ON by an output voltage from IC-1, pin 11.

4-4. Main Switching Circuit

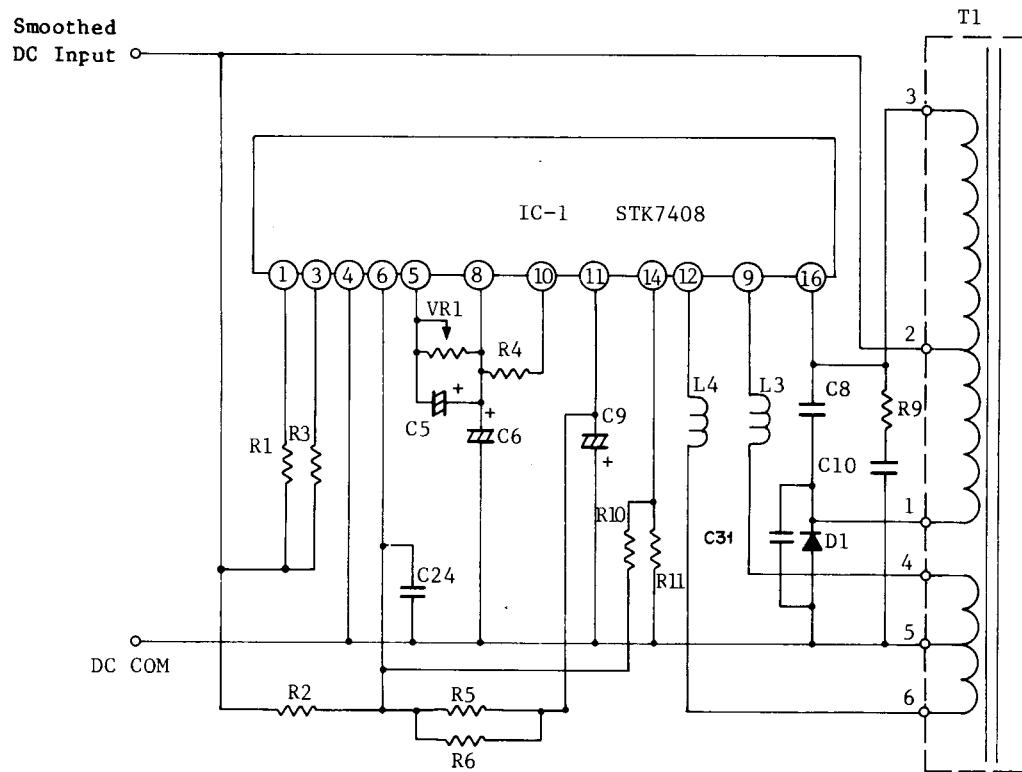


Figure 62

The main switching circuit is controlled by switching regulator STK7408. The STK7408 consists of a start circuit, oscillator, differential amplifier, drive circuit, switching circuit and bias power supply circuit.

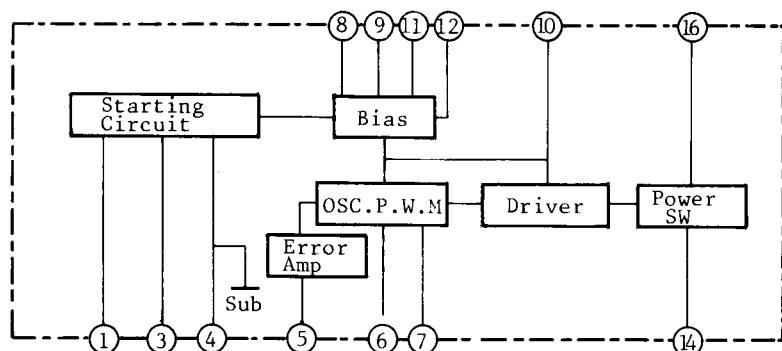


Figure 63

The smoothed DC is input to IC-1, pins 1 and 3 (the start circuit), via R1 and R3. When the voltage potential of the smoothed DC becomes high enough, the start circuit operates. Voltage is supplied to the start circuit from IC-1, pin 8 (bias power supply circuit), and the oscillator circuit begins oscillating. Once oscillation begins, the switching circuit's main transistor starts switching, and switching current flows from IC-1, pin 16, to IC-1, pin 14, then to R11, and to DC COM. Voltage is developed across the main transformer T1, pins 4 and 6, and is input to IC-1, pins 9 and 12 (bias power supply circuit), via L3 and L4 to provide positive VCC and negative VCC to the IC. At that time, voltage supply from the start circuit stops.

The switching current is sensed at R11, potentially divided by R2, R5, R6 and R10, then input to IC-1, pin 6 (differential amplifier). The differential amplifier controls the output to the primary circuit.

4-5. Rectifier, Smoothing Circuit On Secondary Side (+30, +12 and +5V)

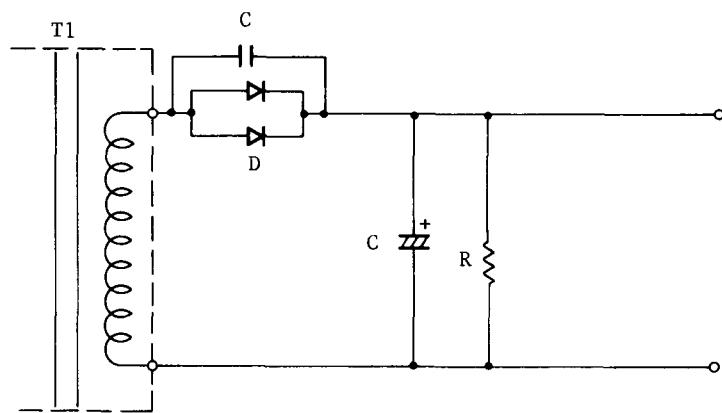


Figure 64

The high-frequency voltages which are generated by the main switching circuit are stepped down by main transformer T1, rectified by diodes, then smoothed by the RC circuits.

4-6. Voltage Regulation Circuits (+30 and +5V)

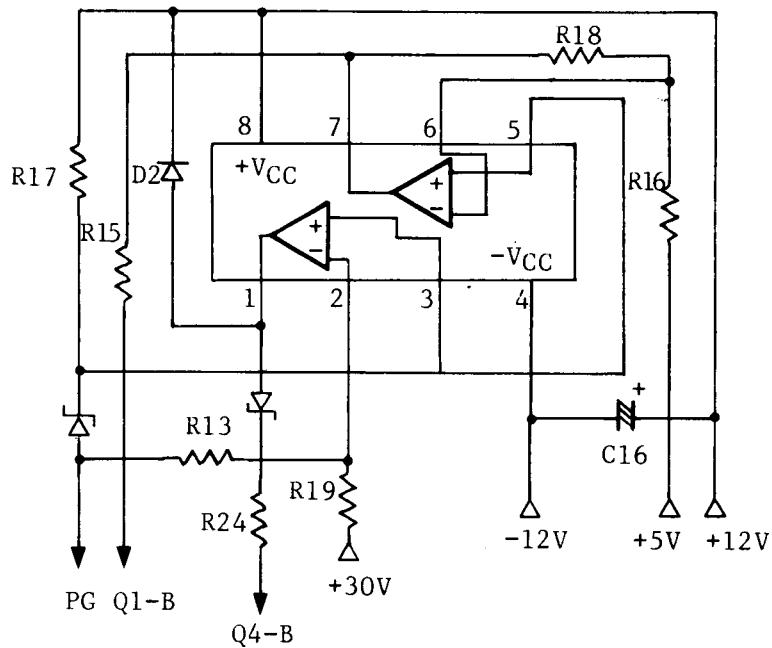


Figure 65

IC-2 is a dual operational amplifier which regulates the +30V and +5V DC output voltages to a constant level.

V. PARTS REMOVAL/REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES

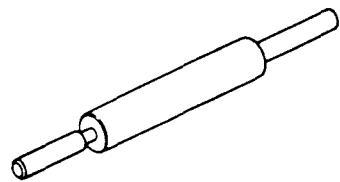
1. Tools

| General Tools | Special Tools |
|---|---|
| (+) Screwdriver: Large (+) Screwdriver: Small (-) Screwdriver: Medium (-) Torquedriver: 6kg Thickness gauge: 0.05 mm. Tension gauge: 2kg | Tool A: Platen gap/Carriage home adjustment tool Tool B: Platen gap sub/card holder gap adjustment tool Tool C: LF belt tension adjustment tool |

Table 8

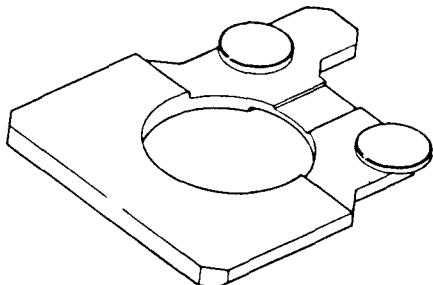
1-1. Special Tools

Tool A



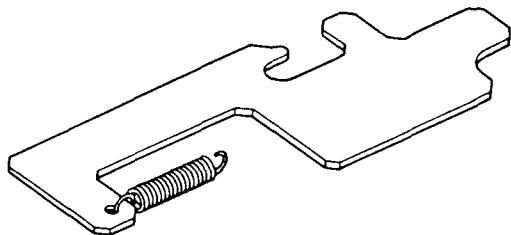
Platen gap/carriage home
adjustment tool: No. 87789906

Tool B



Platen gap sub/card holder gap
adjustment tool: No. 87789916

Tool C



LF belt tension adjustment tool: No. 87789911

Figure 66

2. Top Cover Removal

- (1) Remove the right and left platen knobs.
- (2) Loosen the cover screws on the right and left sides of the rear side of the Printer.

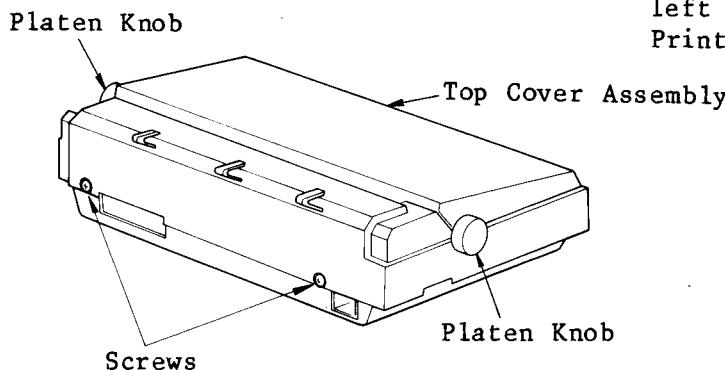


Figure 67

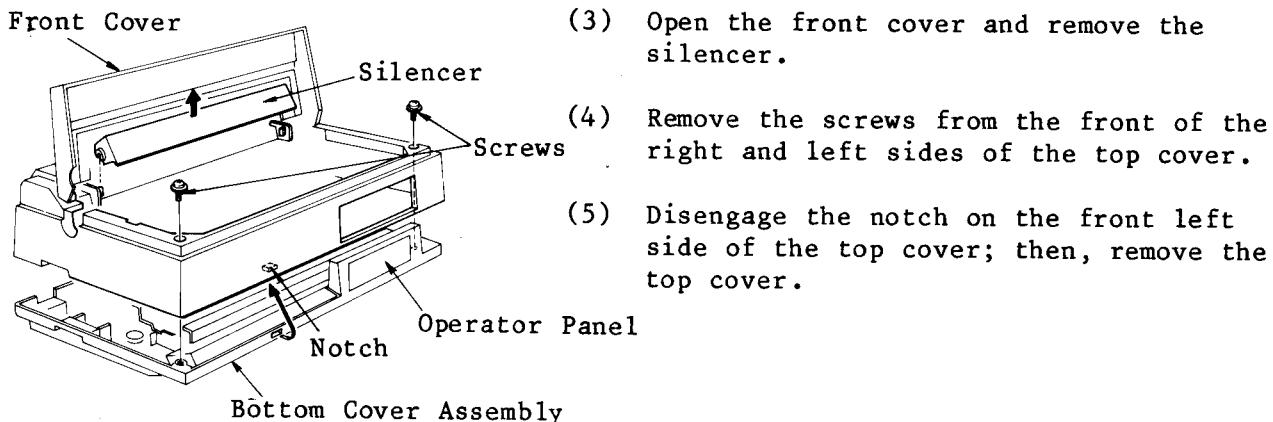
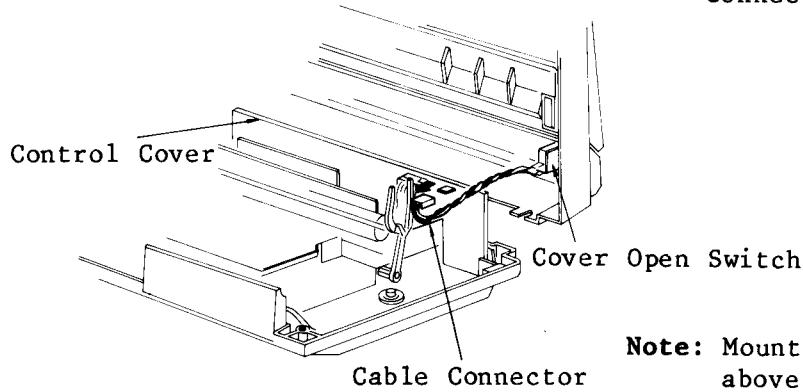


Figure 68

(Top Cover Assembly)

- (6) Disconnect the cover open switch cable connector from the control board.



Note: Mount the top cover by performing the above procedure in reverse.

Figure 69

3. Bottom Cover Removal

- (1) Remove the operator panel cable connector from the control board.
(Remove the operator panel.)

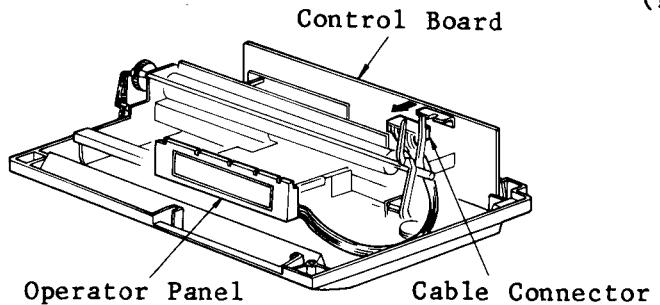
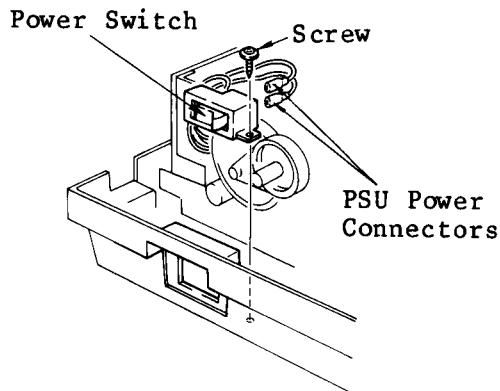
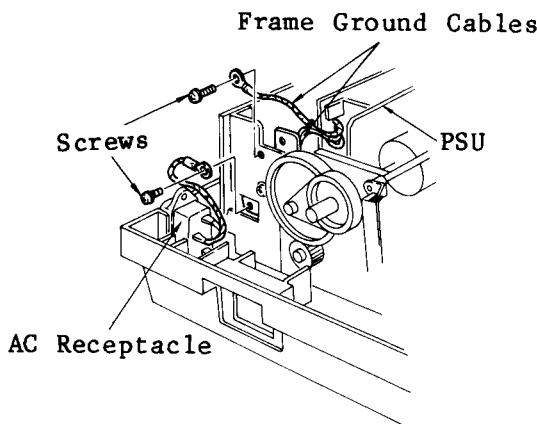


Figure 70



- (2) Remove the screw holding the AC switch gaurd.
- (3) Remove the two PSU power connectors (white and black) from the power switch.

Figure 71



- (4) Remove the AC receptacle and PSU frame ground cable from the printer frame.

Figure 72

- (5) Remove the flat cable clamp from the bottom cover.

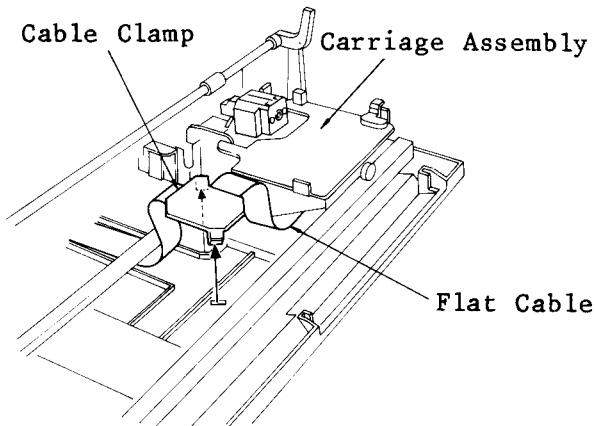


Figure 73

- (6) Remove the right and left screws holding the printer frame.

- (7) Remove the bottom cover.

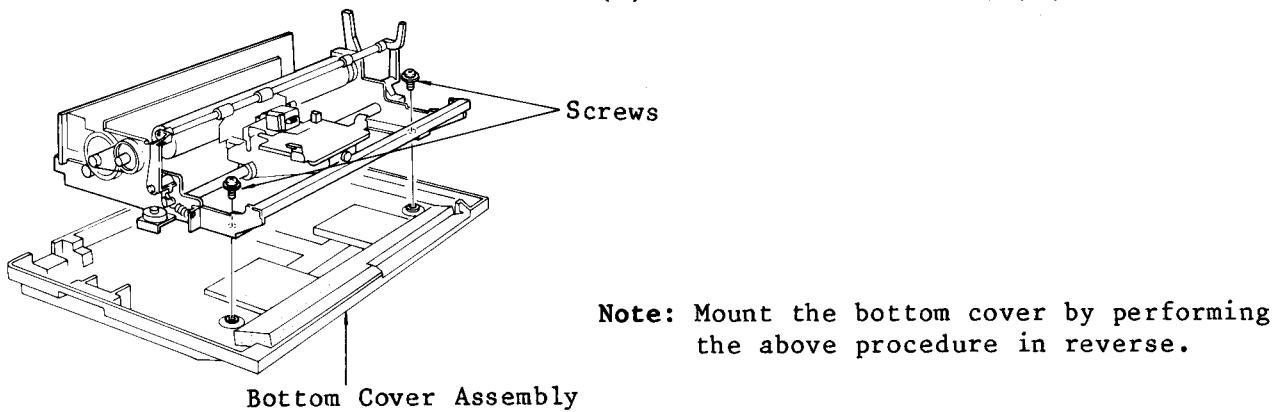


Figure 74

4. Control Board Replacement

4-1. Control Board Removal

- (1) Remove the right and left screws holding the control board.

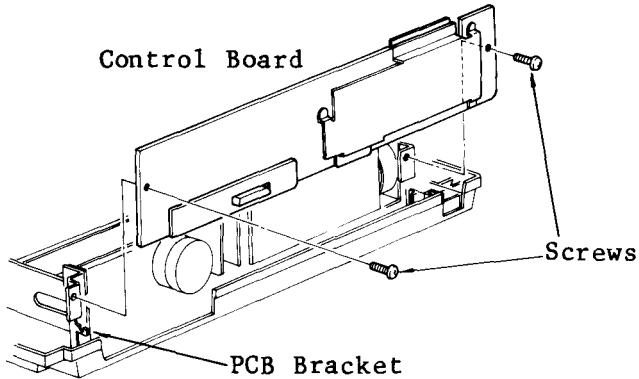


Figure 75

- (2) Remove the cable connectors from the control board.

Note: Unlock the cable connector before disconnecting the flat cable.

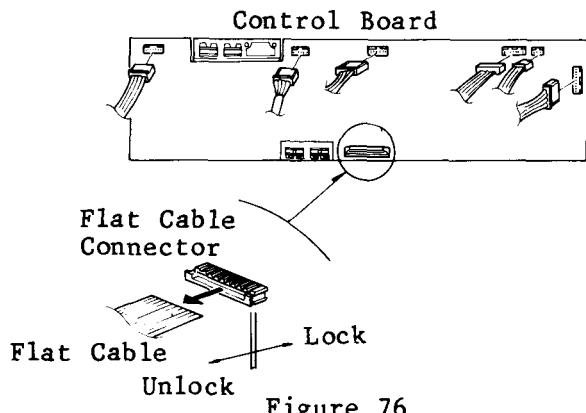


Figure 76

4-2. Control Board Installation

- (1) Plug the cable connectors onto the control board; then, install the control board on the PCB bracket.

Note: Remember to lock the connector before reconnecting the flat cable.

- (2) Secure the control board with two retainer screws.

5. PSU Replacement

5-1. PSU Removal

- (1) Disconnect the power cable from the Printer.
- (2) Remove the control board. (See item 4, "Control Board Replacement".)
- (3) Remove the screw holding the AC switch guard.
- (4) Remove the two PSU power connectors (white and black) from the power switch.

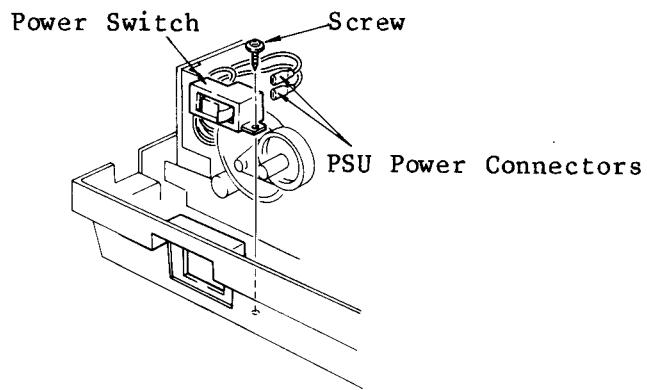


Figure 77

- (5) Remove the AC receptacle and PSU frame ground cable from the printer frame.

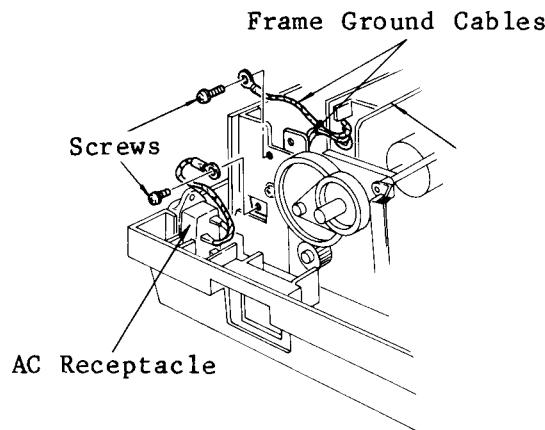


Figure 78

(6) Remove the right and left screws holding the PSU.

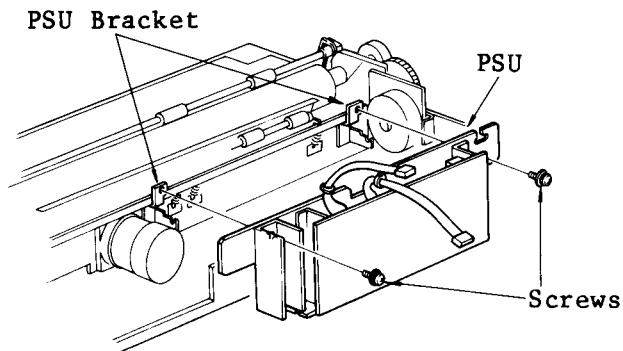
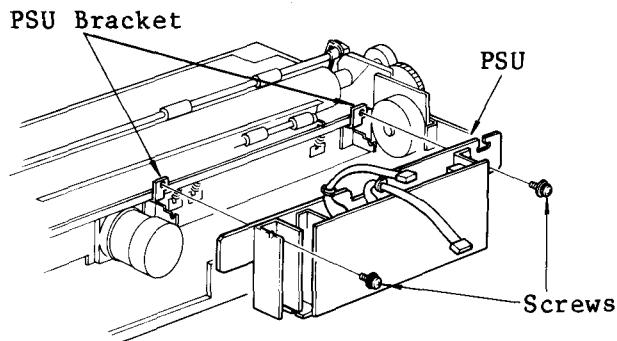


Figure 79

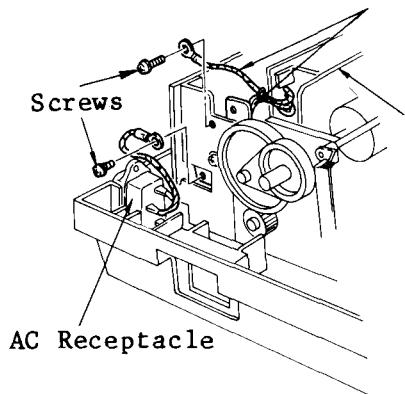
5-2. PSU Installation



- (1) Install the PSU in the PSU bracket and secure it with two retainer screws.

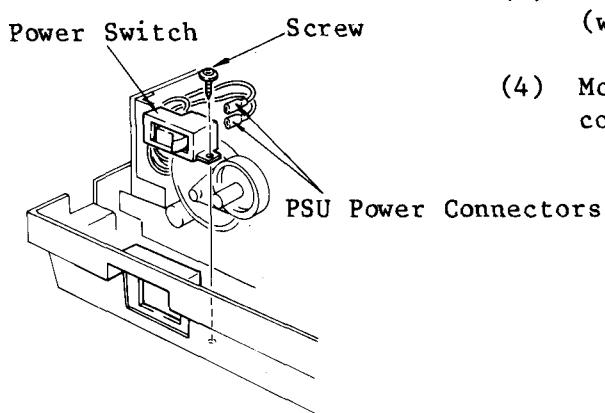
Figure 80

Frame Ground Cables



- (2) Mount the AC receptacle and reattach the PSU frame ground to the printer frame.

Figure 81



- (3) Reattach the two PSU power connectors (white and black) to the power switch.
- (4) Mount the AC switch guard on the bottom cover.

Figure 82

- (5) Install the control board. (See item 4, "Control Board Replacement".)
- (6) Reconnect the power cable to the Printer.

6. Carriage Assembly Replacement

6-1. Carriage Assembly Removal

- (1) Remove the bottom cover. (See item 3, "Bottom Cover Removal".)
- (2) Turn the Printer so the control board is facing downward; then, disconnect the flat cable from the control board.

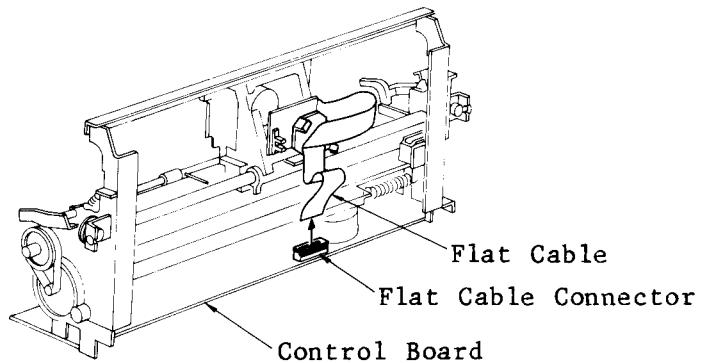


Figure 83

- (3) Remove the wire clamp holding the space wire to the carriage frame.

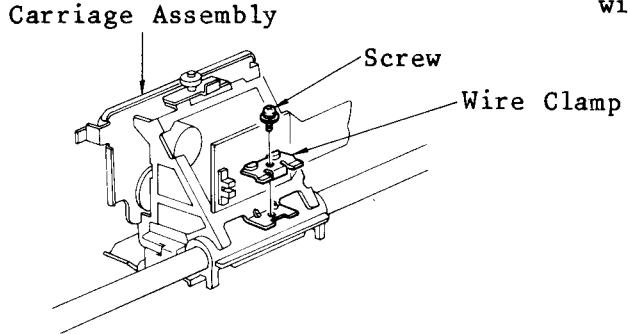


Figure 84

- (4) Return the Printer to its normal upright position.

- (5) Remove the right and left screws holding the support plate; then, remove the support plate.

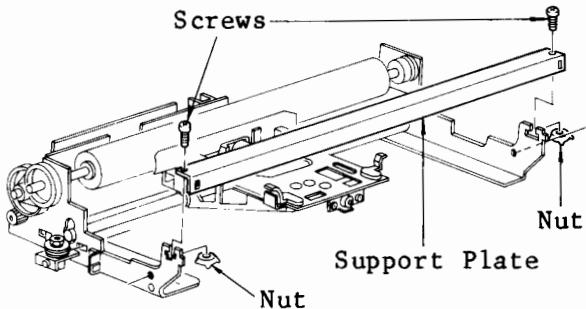


Figure 85

- (6) Remove the right and left spring plate screws holding the space shaft; then, remove the spring shaft.

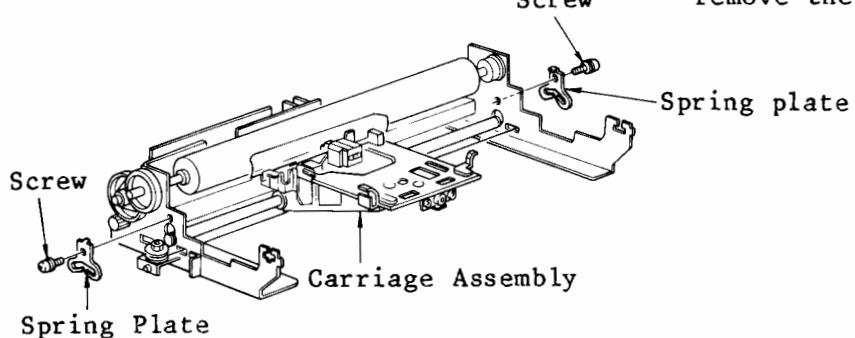


Figure 86

- (7) Remove the carriage assembly and space shaft together as one unit from the printer frame.

- (8) Remove the space shaft from the carriage assembly.

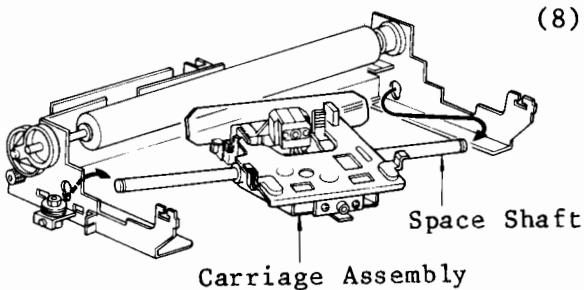


Figure 87

6-2. Carriage Assembly Installation

- (1) Insert the space shaft into the carriage assembly bearing hole.

Note: Wipe off any dust on the space shaft; then, coat the shaft lightly with oil. (Use Toshiba silicon oil TSF-100.)

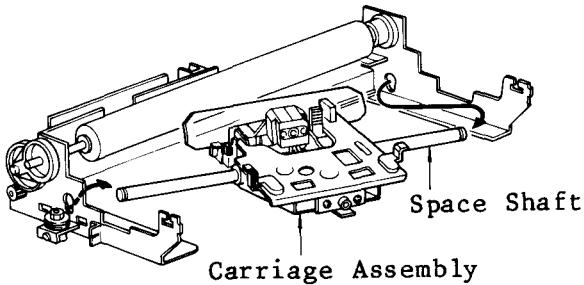


Figure 88

- (2) Hold the carriage assembly with both hands; then, mount it together with the space shaft onto the printer frame.

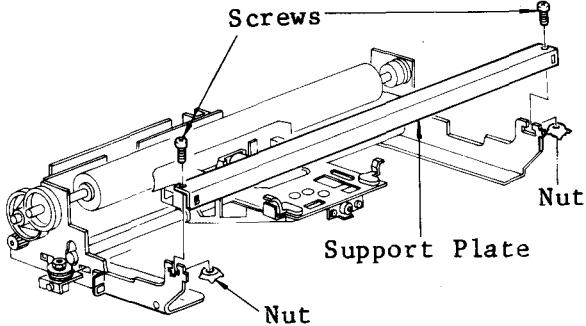


Figure 89

- (3) Mount the support plate on the printer frame; then, secure the support frame with the retainer screws and nuts.

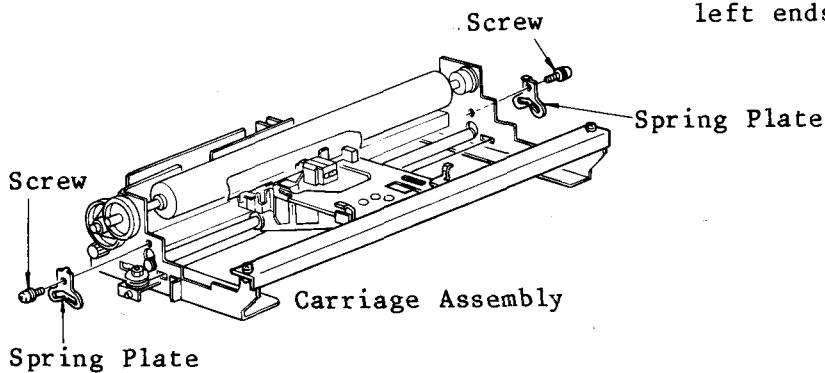


Figure 90

- (4) Place the spring plate along the space shaft channel; then, secure it with the retainer screws. (Secure the right and left ends of the space shaft.)

- (6) Wind the space wire (inside the space motor pulley) onto the space motor pulley for 1.25 turns.

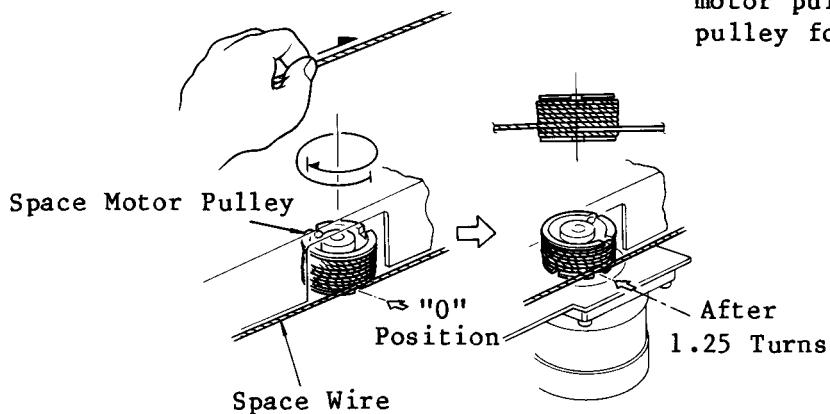


Figure 91

- (7) Press the carriage assembly against the left frame; then, secure the space wire by mounting the wire clamp on the carriage frame.

Note: When mounting the wire clamp, tighten the screw with a torque of 6 kg.

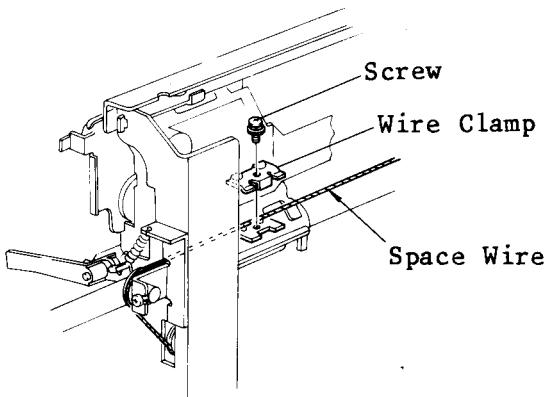


Figure 92

- (8) Reconnect the flat cable to the control board.

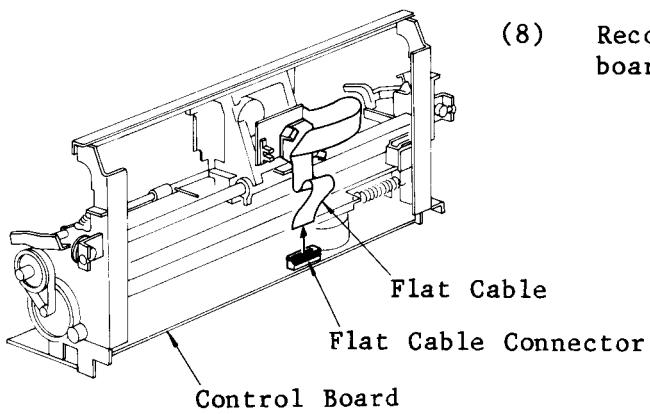
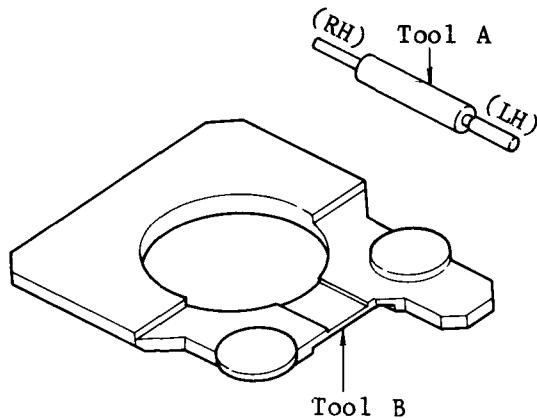


Figure 93

- (9) Reinstall the Printer top and bottom covers.

6-3. Checks and Adjustments after Replacement

Upon exchanging a carriage assembly, check and adjust the platen gap and carriage's home position with the tools as shown in Figure 94.



Tool A: Platen gap/Carriage home position adjusting tool

Tool B: Platen gap sub/Card holder gap adjustment tool

Figure 94

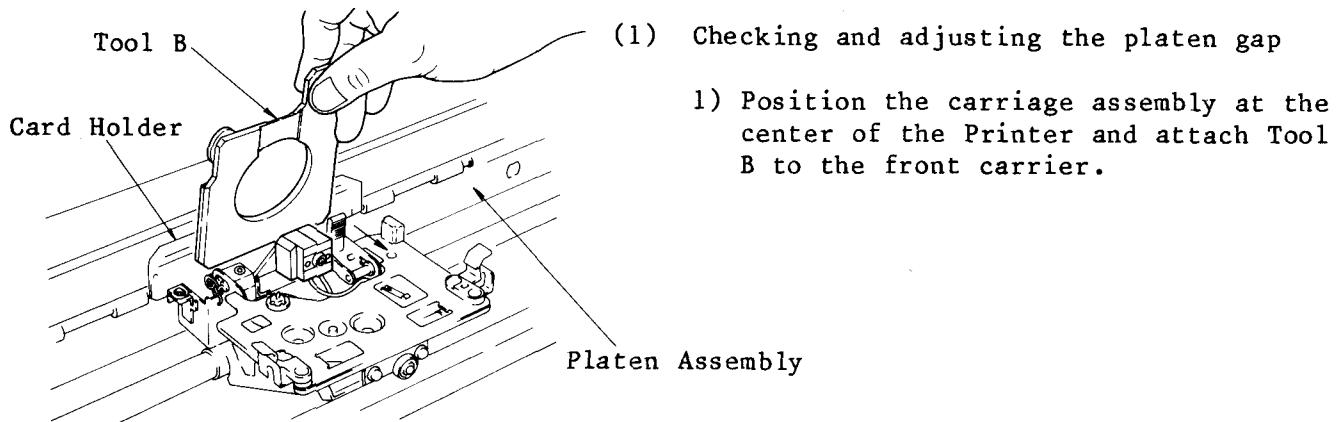


Figure 95

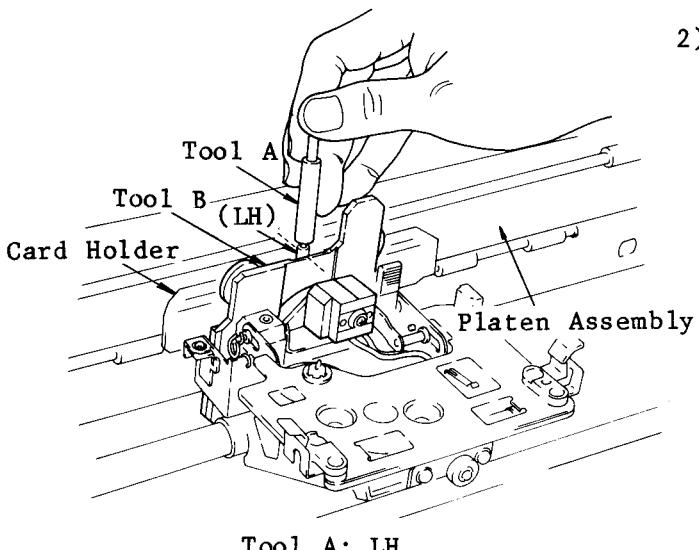


Figure 96

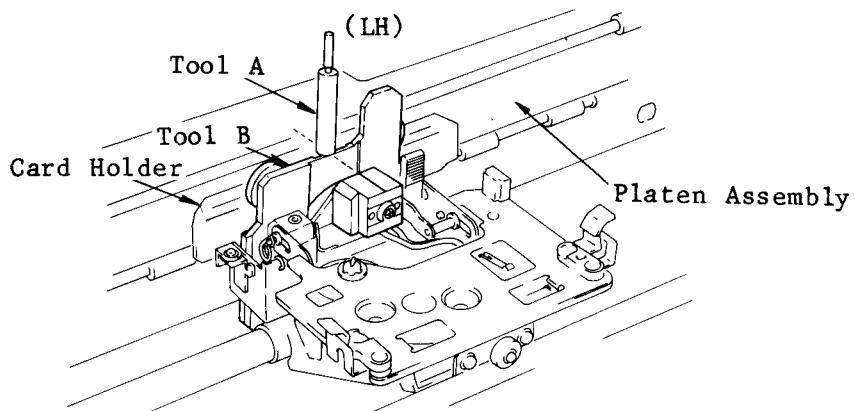


Figure 97

2) Check the platen gap on both the left-hand and right-hand sides of Tool A.

- Tool A: LH (marked in red) must not pass between the platen and Tool B.
- Tool A: RH must pass between the platen and Tool B.

Adjust if either requirement is not satisfied.

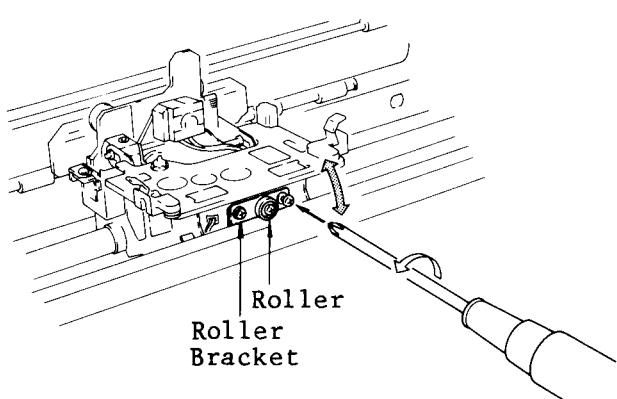


Figure 98

3) Loosen the screws securing the roller bracket.

4) Move the right-hand side of the roller bracket up and down to adjust the platen gap.

(2) Card holder gap check and adjustment

- 1) Check the gap between the card holder and both spacers of tool B, with a thickness gauge.

The 0.05 mm thickness gauge must pass between the spacers and the card holder.

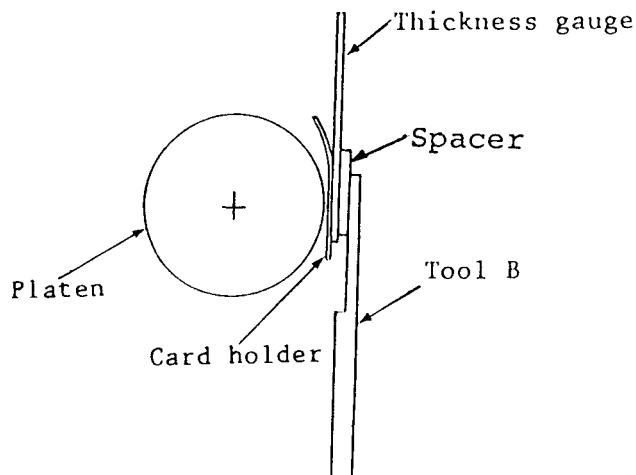


Figure 99

- 2) Loosen the screw retaining the card holder bracket.
- 3) Adjust the card holder gap by moving the card holder bracket forwards and backwards.
- 4) After adjustment, load a paper onto the platen, and confirm that there is a gap between the card holder and the platen.

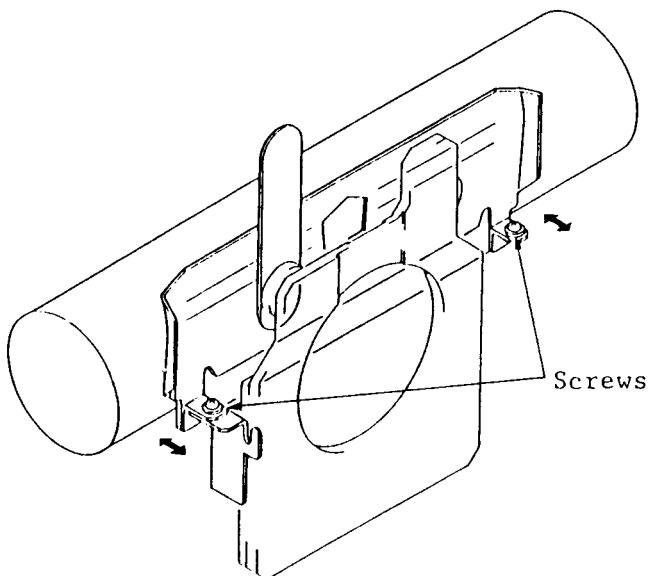


Figure 100

(3) Checking and adjusting the carriage's home position

- 1) Press the carriage assembly against the left frame and turn ON the power supply.
- 2) Tool A: press LH against the carriage frame. Check the carriage's home position against the grooved part of the tool.
 - The frame edge must be inside the groove.

Adjust if this is not the case.

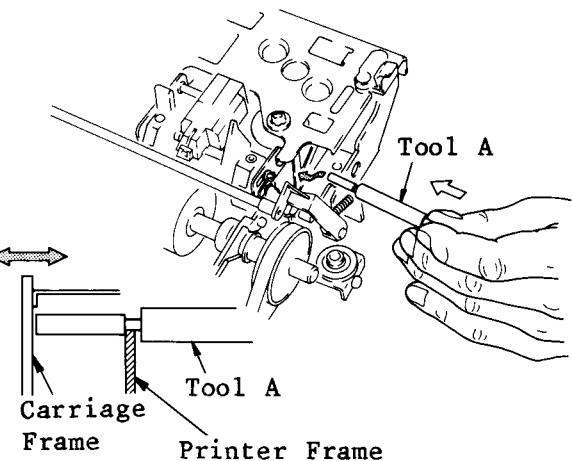


Figure 101

- 3) Loosen the screw securing the shutter.
- 4) Adjust the carriage's home position by moving the shutter either to the right or left.

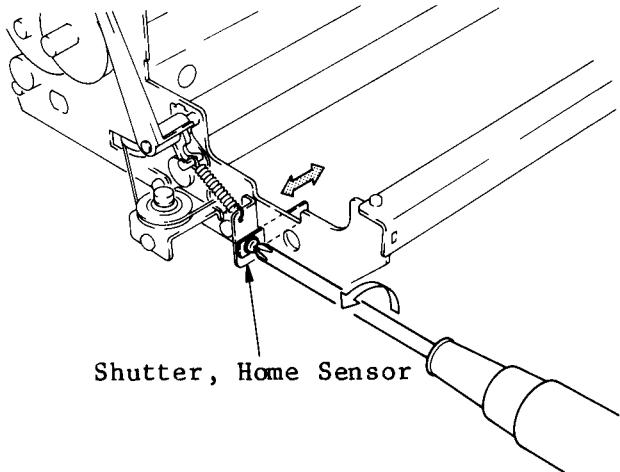


Figure 102

7. Space Wire Replacement

7-1. Space Wire Removal

- (1) Remove the bottom cover. (See item 3, "Bottom Cover Removal".)
- (2) Remove the flat cable and space wire clamp. (See item 6, "Carriage Assembly Replacement".)
- (3) Remove the spring from the tension cam.

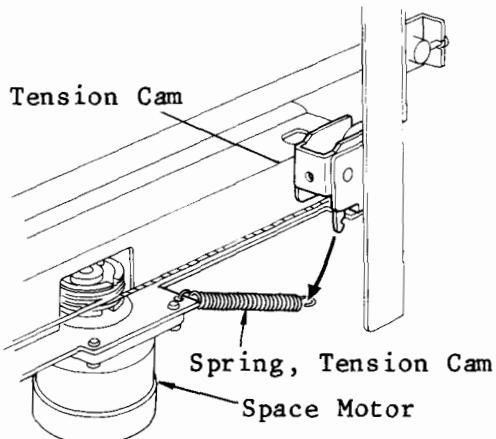


Figure 103

- (4) Loosen the hexagonal nuts holding the right and left side pulleys.
- (5) Loosen the right and left side pulley post adjusting screws.

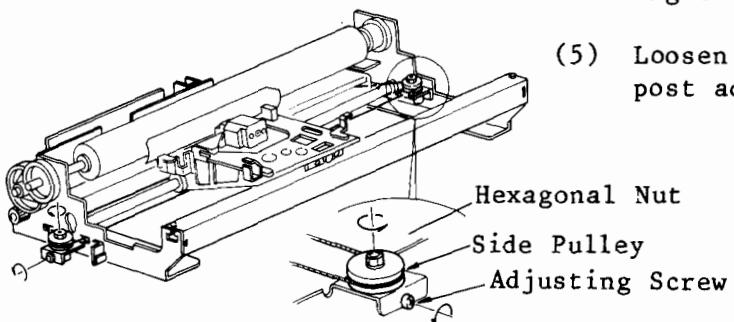


Figure 104

- (6) Remove the space wire from the space motor pulley.
- (7) Remove the space wire from the Printer.

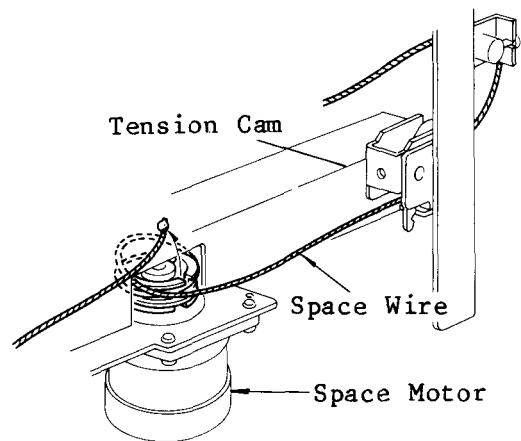
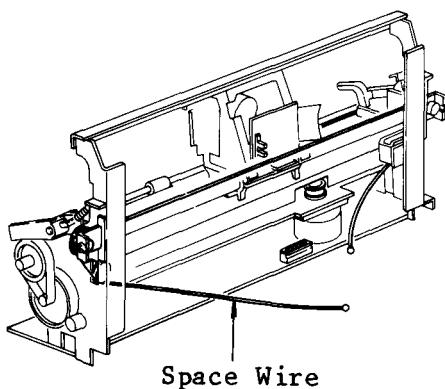


Figure 105

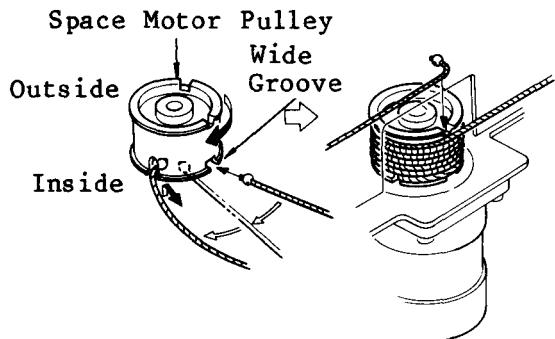
7-2. Space Wire Installation



- (1) Thread the space wire through the wire holes on the right and left sides of the printer frame.

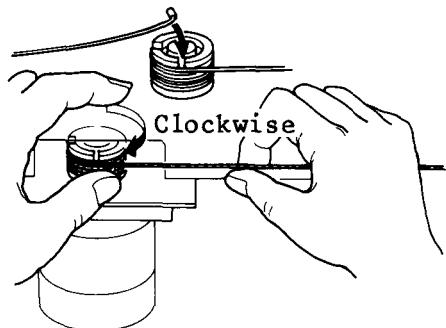
Note: Do not damage the space wire coating.

Figure 106



- (2) Thread the right end of the space wire along the wide channel inside the space motor pulley; then, hook it onto the narrow notch.

Figure 107



- (3) Hold the space wire with the right hand; then, turn the space motor pulley clockwise with the left thumb to wind the space wire onto the space motor pulley.
- (4) Hook the left end of the space wire onto the narrow notch outside the space motor pulley.

Figure 108

- (5) Turn the left side pulley post adjusting screw until the tip appears above the side pulley post surface.
- (6) Tighten the hexagonal nuts to secure the side pulleys.

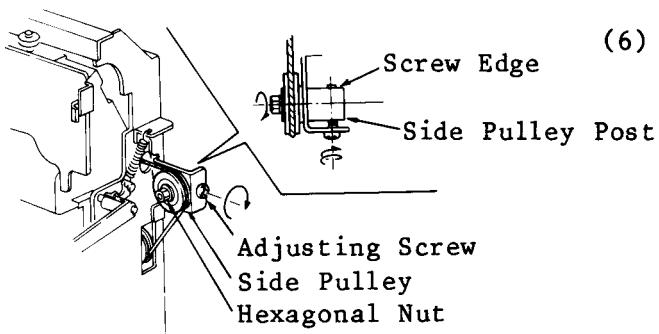


Figure 109

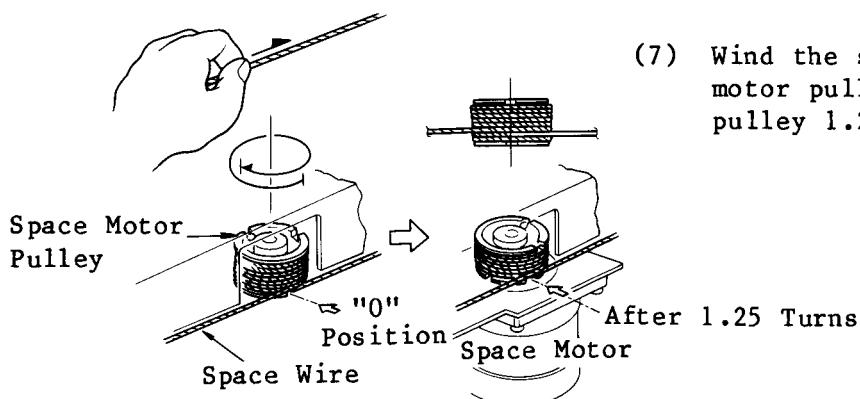


Figure 110

- (7) Wind the space wire (inside the space motor pulley) onto the space motor pulley 1.25 turns.

Note: When mounting the wire clamp, the screw must be tightened with a torque of 6 kg. Do not overtighten the screw.

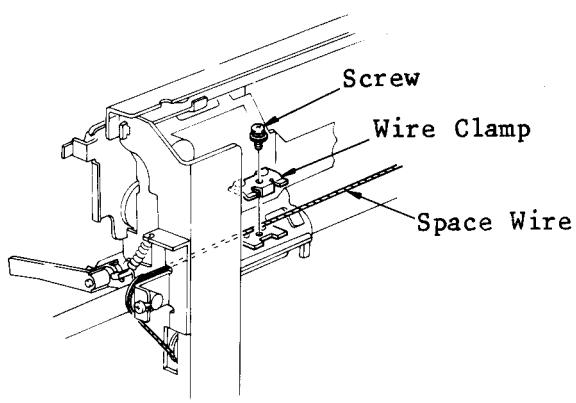


Figure 111

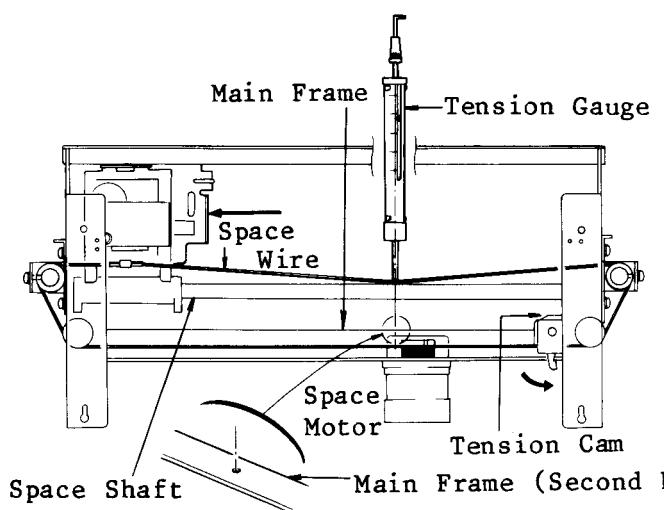


Figure 112

- (9) Check the space wire tension at the second hole position along the main frame.
Press the space wire with a tension gauge and check that the tension is 1.3 to 1.5 kg when the space wire and space shaft surface are on the same plane.

Note: Free the tension cam on the right frame.

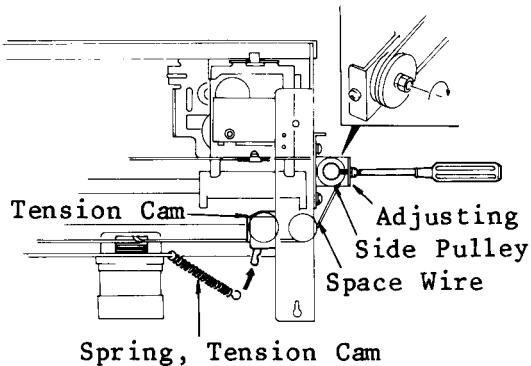
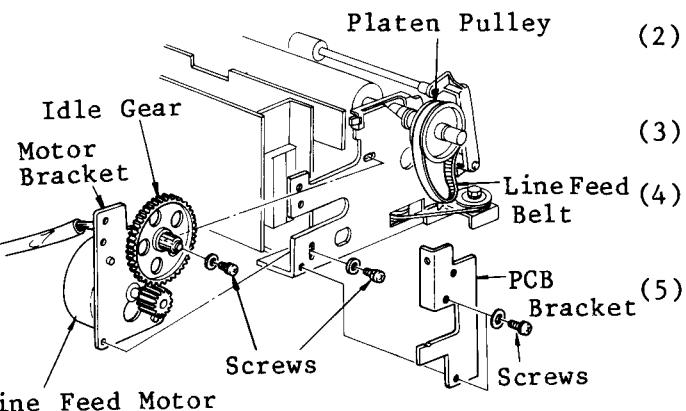


Figure 113

- (10) Adjust the space wire tension with the adjusting screw of the right side pulley post. After adjusting the tension, check the tension by moving the carriage assembly horizontally several times.
- (11) After adjustment, tighten the hexagonal nuts to secure the side pulleys.
- (12) Mount the spring on the tension cam.
- (13) Return the pulley to its original position; then, reattach the bottom cover.

8. Line Feed Motor Replacement

8-1. Line Feed Motor Removal



- (1) Remove the bottom cover. (See item 3, "Bottom Cover Removal".)
- (2) Remove the control board. (See item 4, "Control Board Replacement".)
- (3) Remove the left PCB bracket.
Remove the screw holding the motor bracket.
- (4) Remove the motor bracket from the Printer.

Figure 114

- (6) Remove the screws holding the line feed motor.

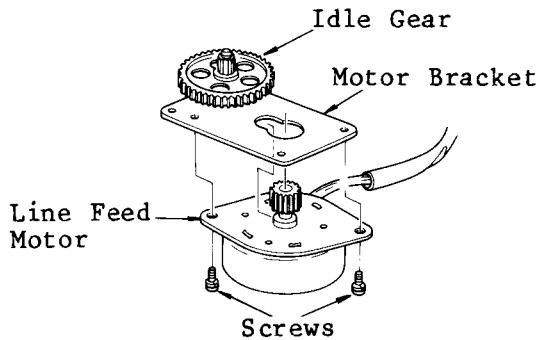


Figure 115

8-2. Line Feed Motor Installation

- (1) Press the line feed motor bearing part against the motor bracket channel; then, secure the line feed motor with the retainer screws.

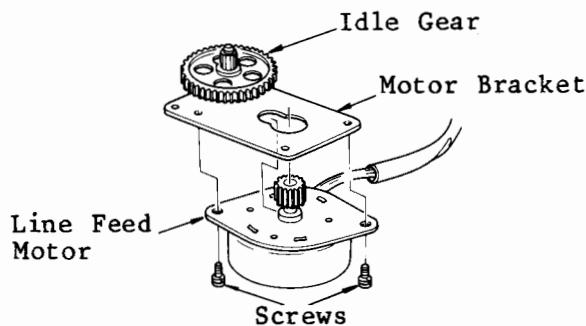


Figure 116

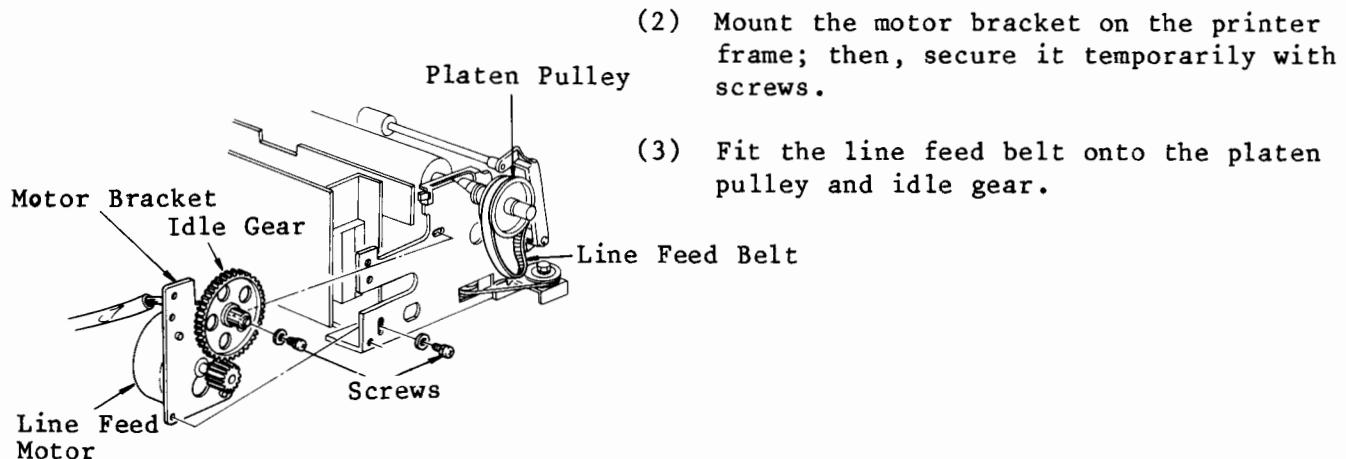


Figure 117

- (2) Mount the motor bracket on the printer frame; then, secure it temporarily with screws.
- (3) Fit the line feed belt onto the platen pulley and idle gear.
- (4) Mount the belt tension adjusting tool (Tool C) as shown in Figure 118.
- (5) Loosen the screws holding the motor bracket; then, tighten them again.
- (6) Install the PCB bracket.

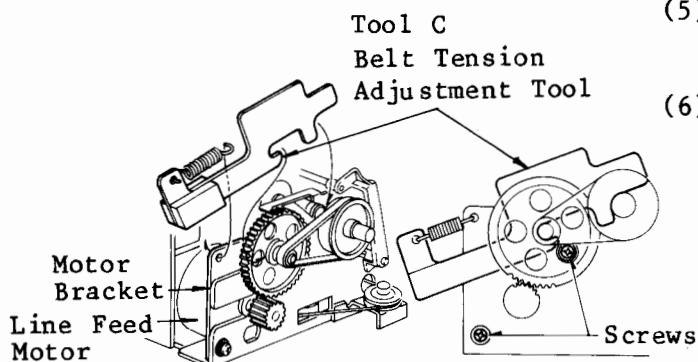


Figure 118

Note: When adjusting the belt tension using a tension gauge, put the tension gauge on the idle gear shaft, then place a strain of 2.5 ± 0.5 kg in the direction indicated by the arrow. At this tension, secure the motor bracket with the retainer screws.

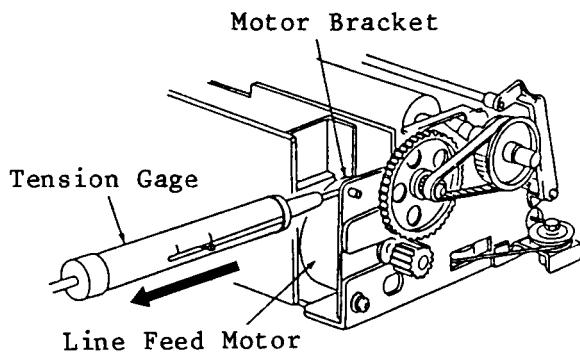


Figure 119

- (7) Slot in the control board. (See item 4, "Control Board Replacement".)
- (8) Reattach the bottom cover.

9. Platen Assembly Replacement

9-1. Platen Assembly Removal

(1) Remove the line feed belt.

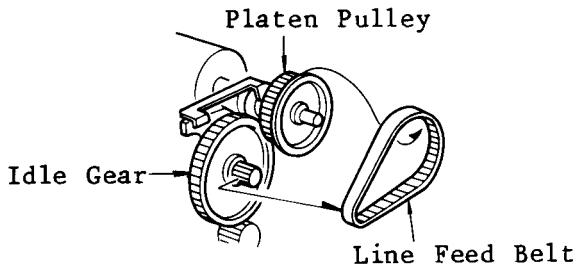


Figure 120

(2) Press both the right and left platen latch levers down and out toward the sides of the printer frame.

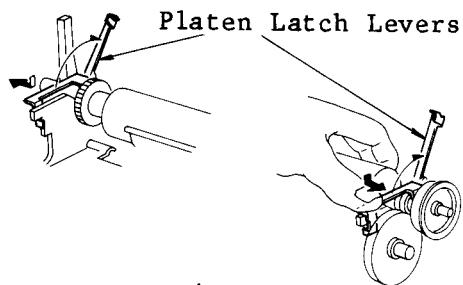


Figure 121

(3) Remove the platen assembly.

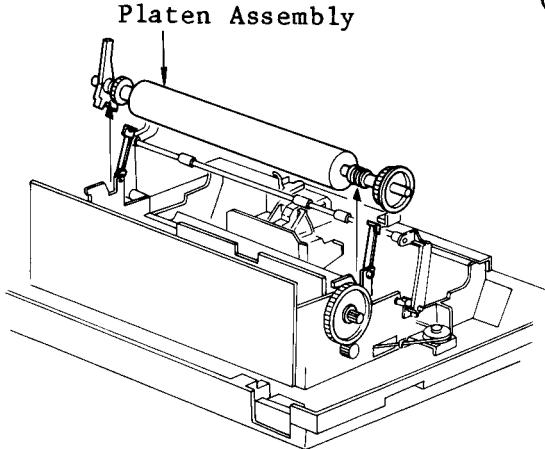


Figure 122

9-2. Platen Assembly Installation

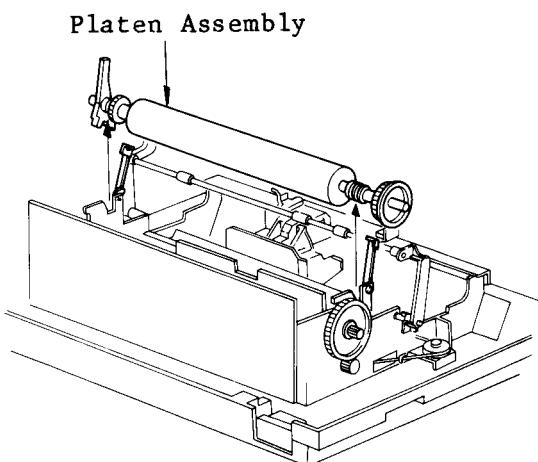


Figure 123

- (1) Mount the platen assembly on the printer frame.

Note: Check the channel position under the right bearing.

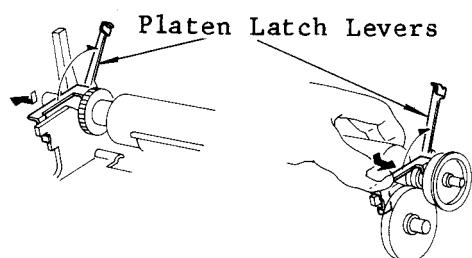


Figure 124

- (2) Press the right and left platen latch levers down and in toward the middle of the printer frame.

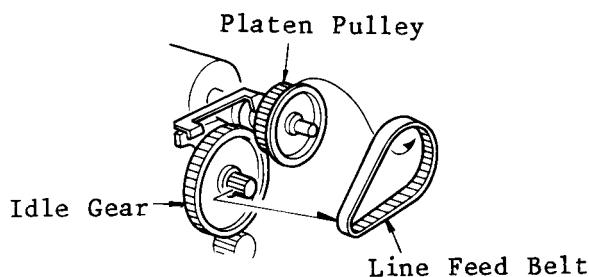
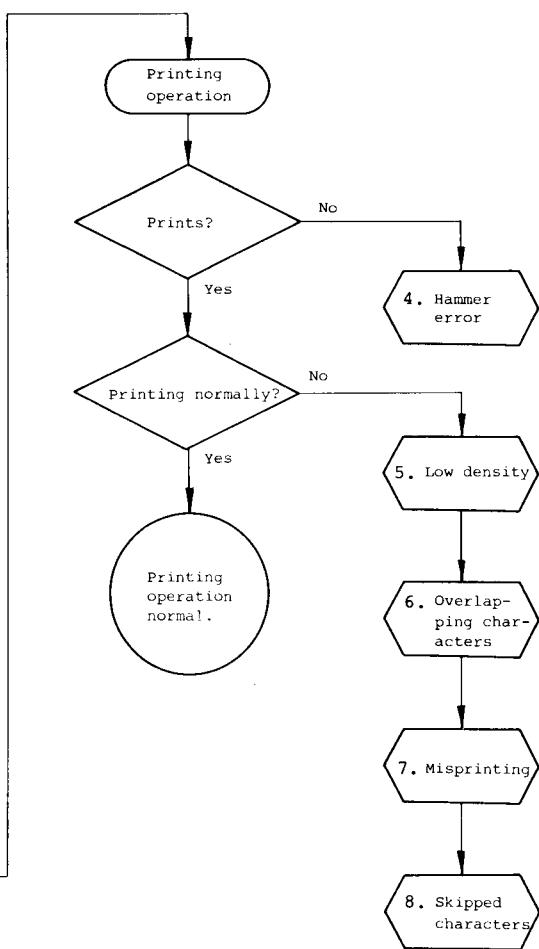
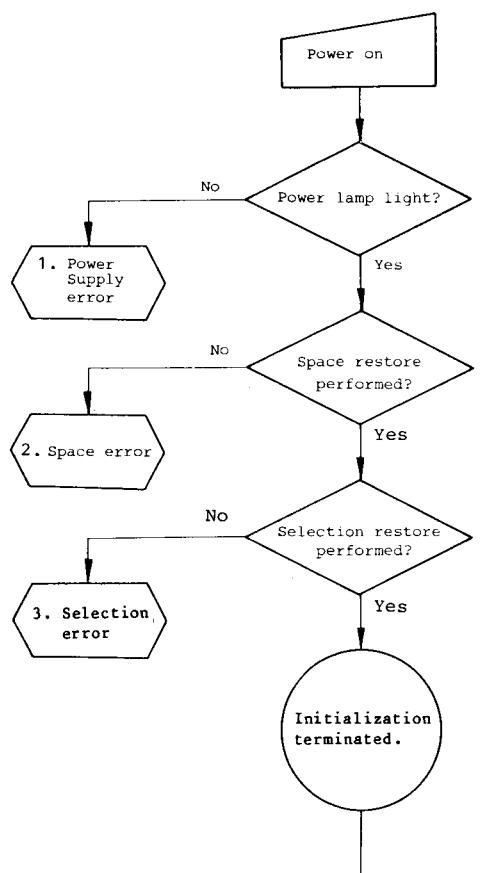


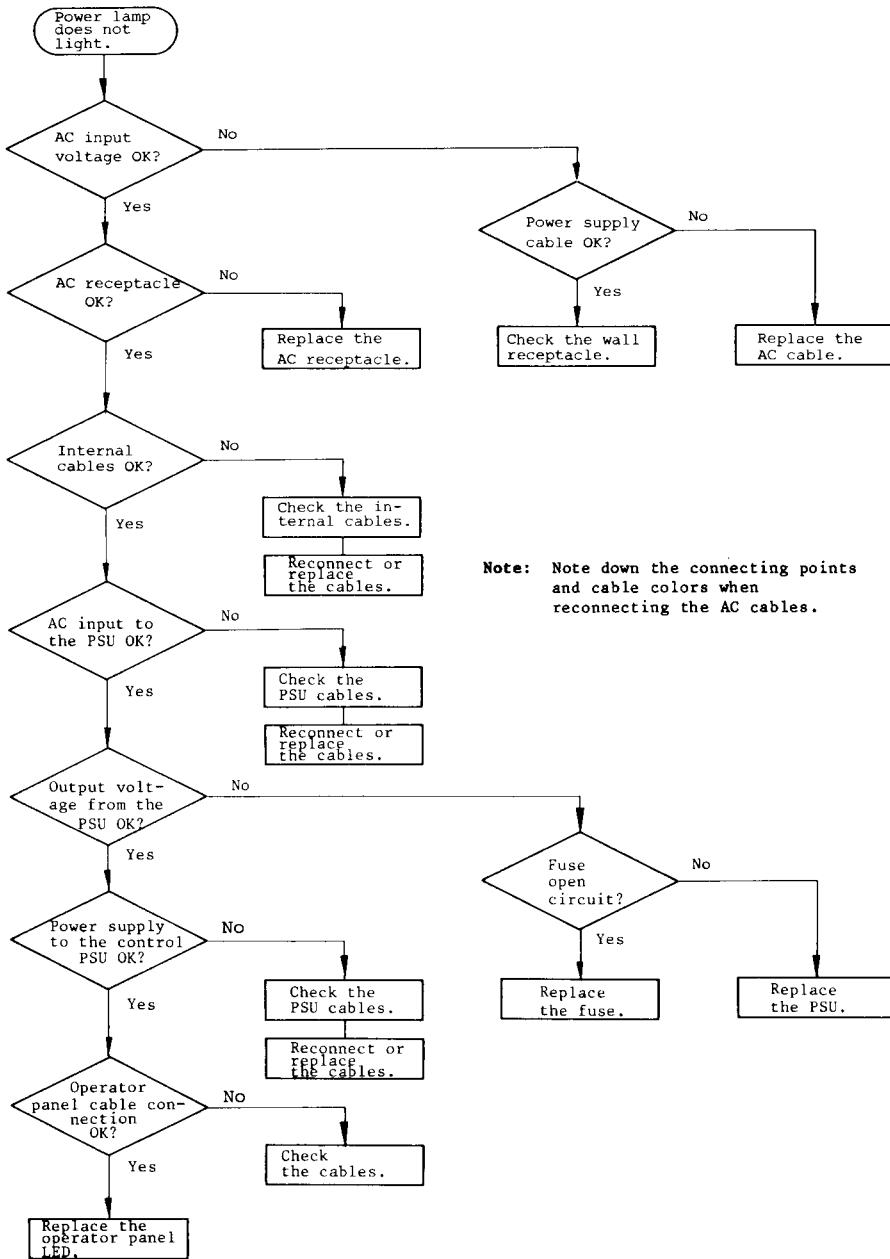
Figure 125

- (3) Install the line feed belt.

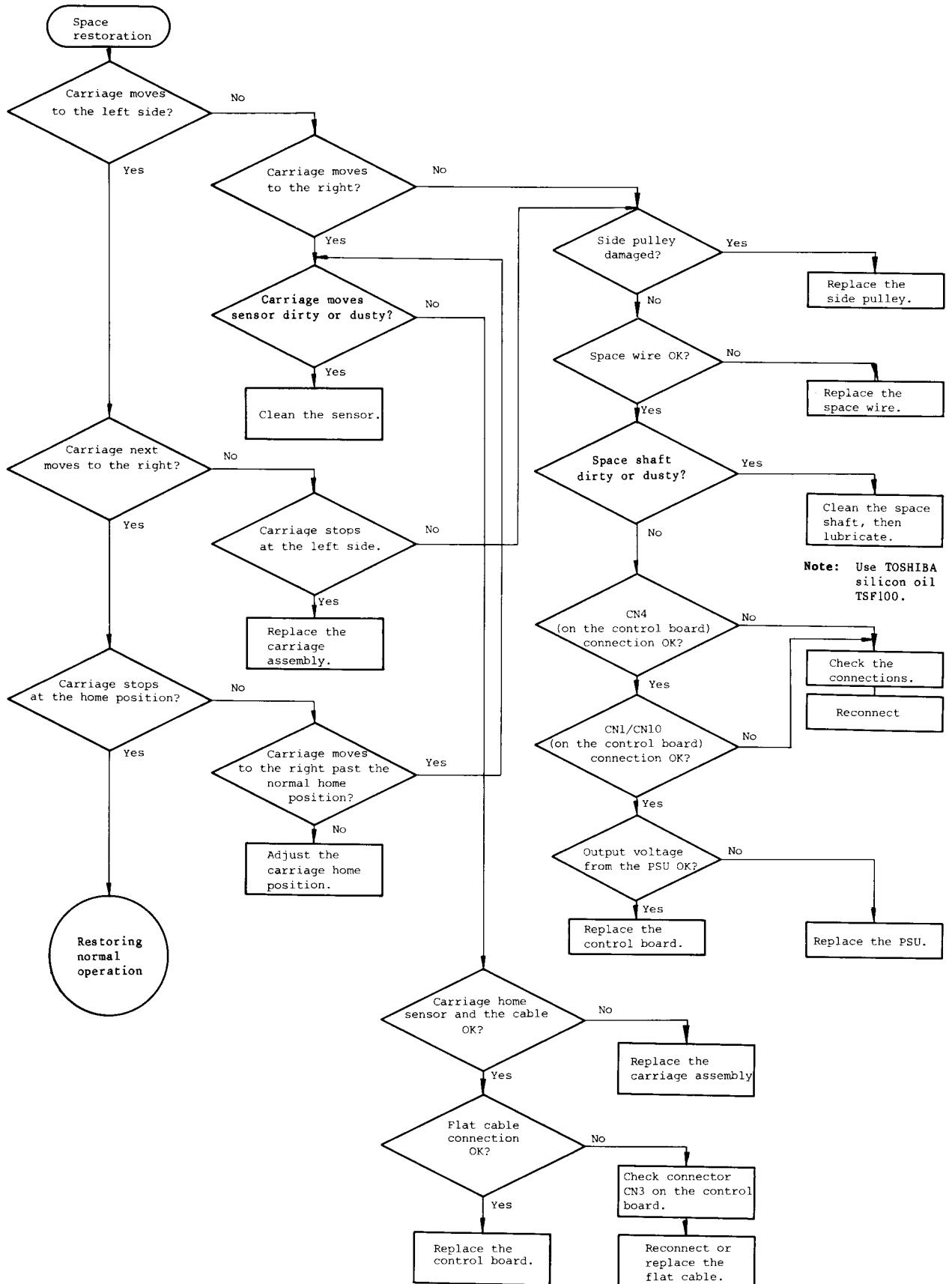
VI. TROUBLESHOOTING



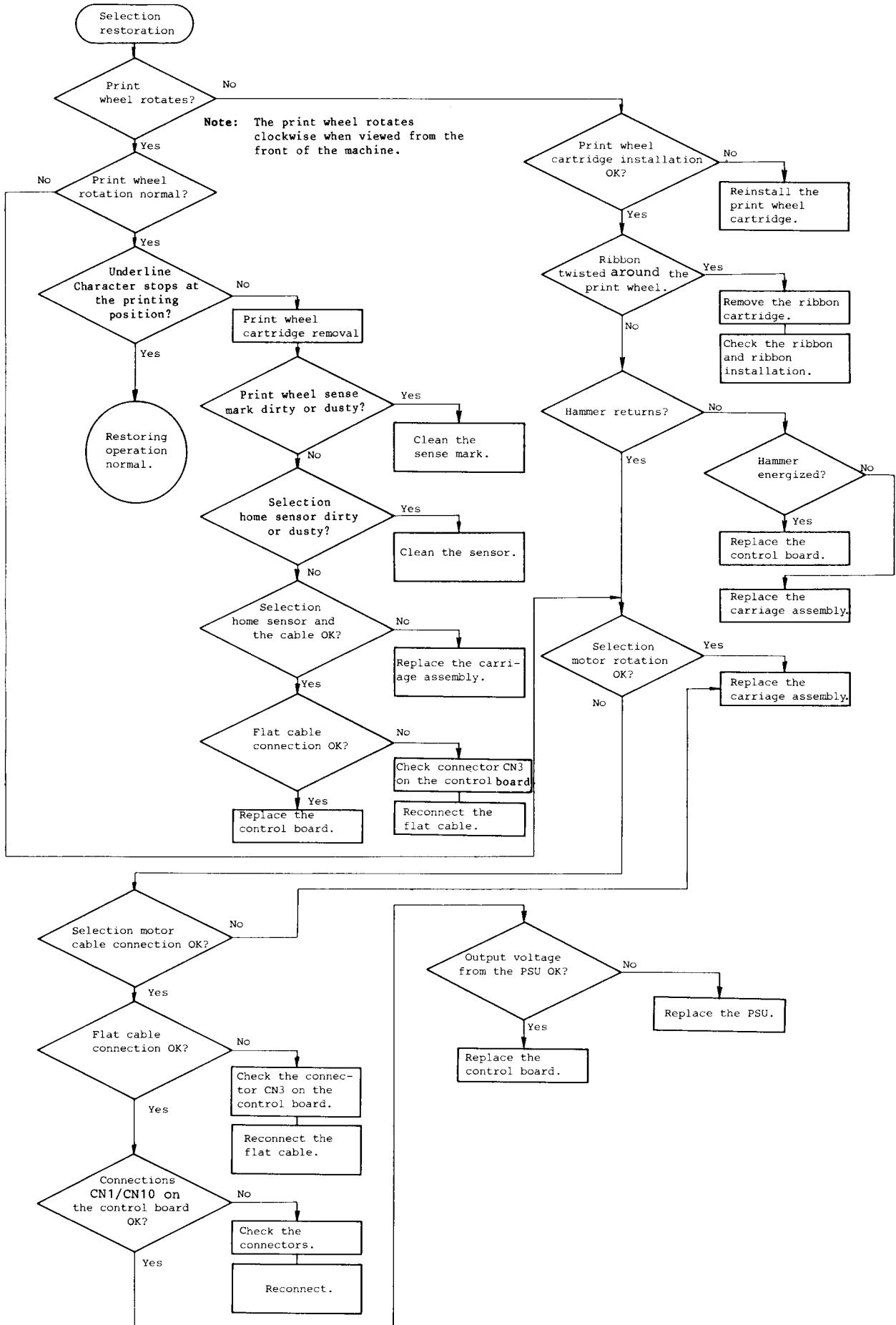
1. Power Supply Error



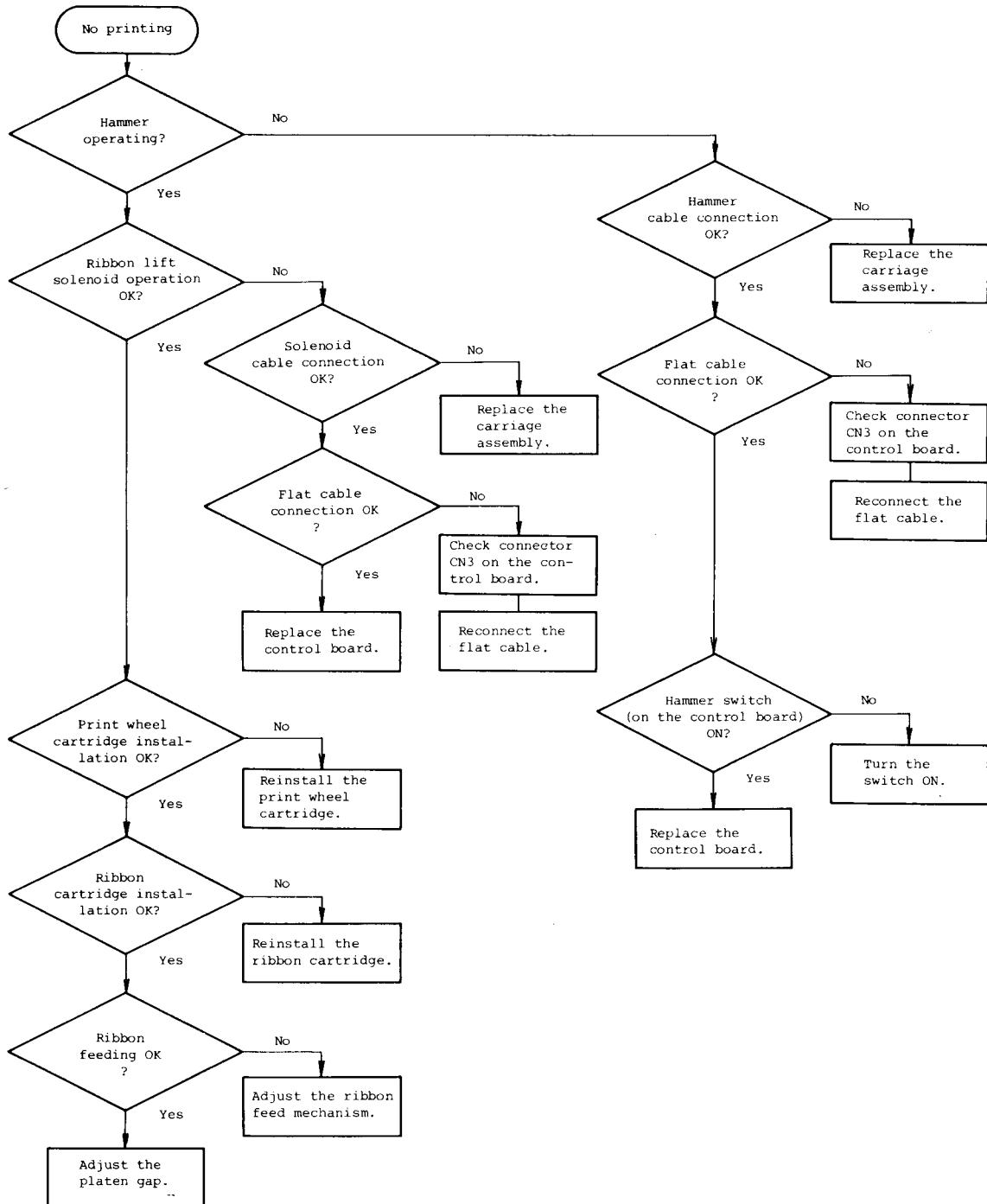
2. Space Error



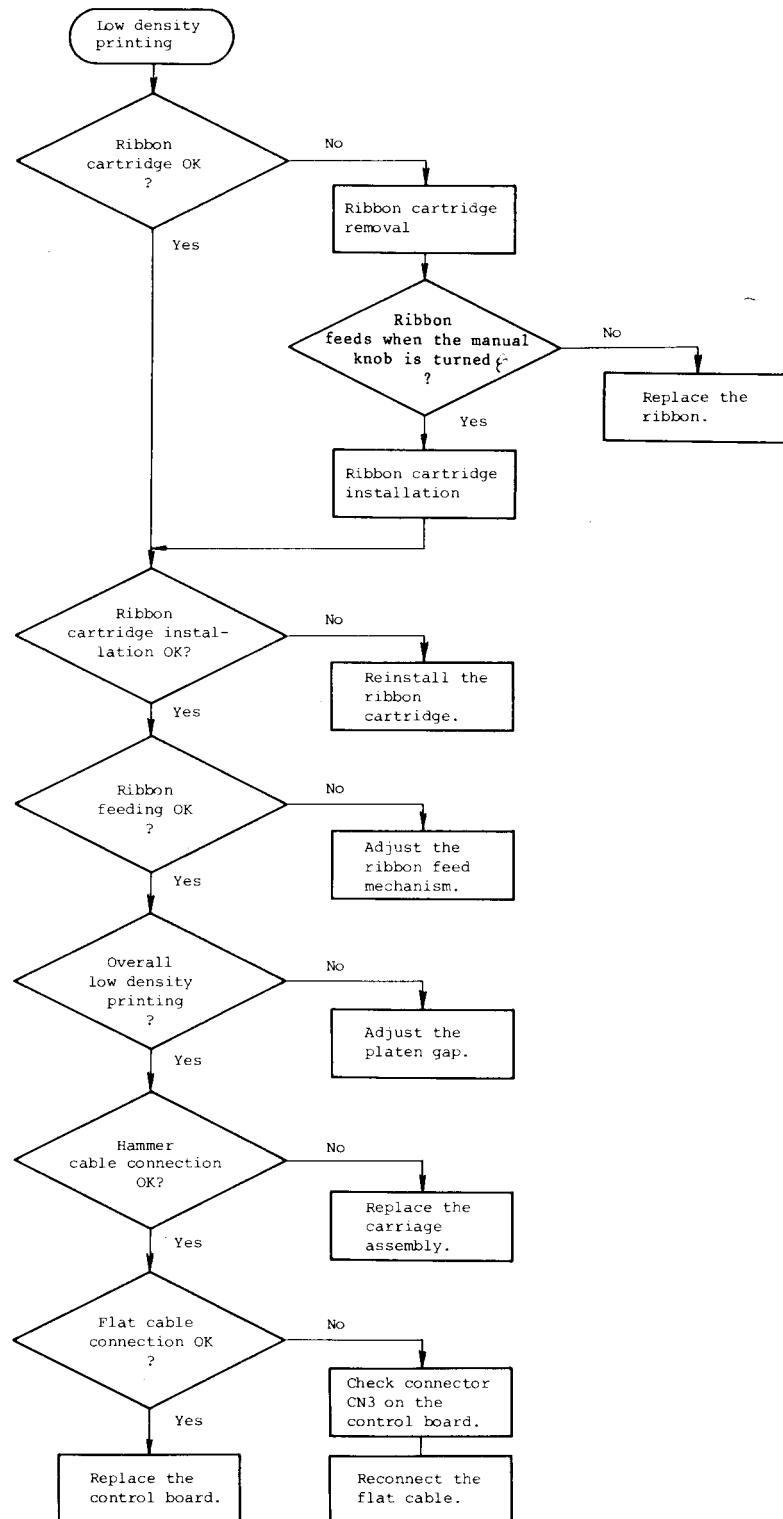
3. Selection Error



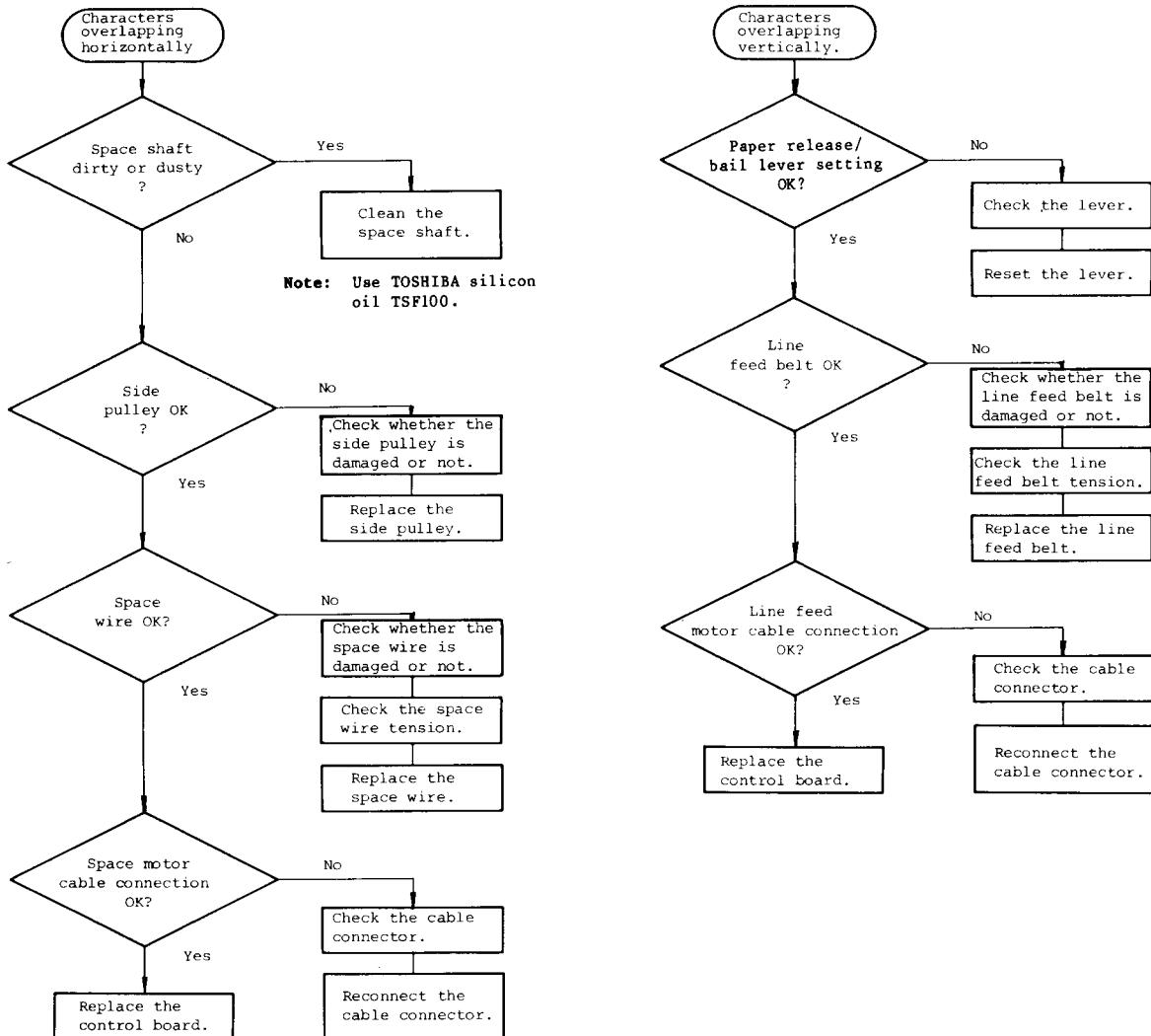
4. Hammer Error



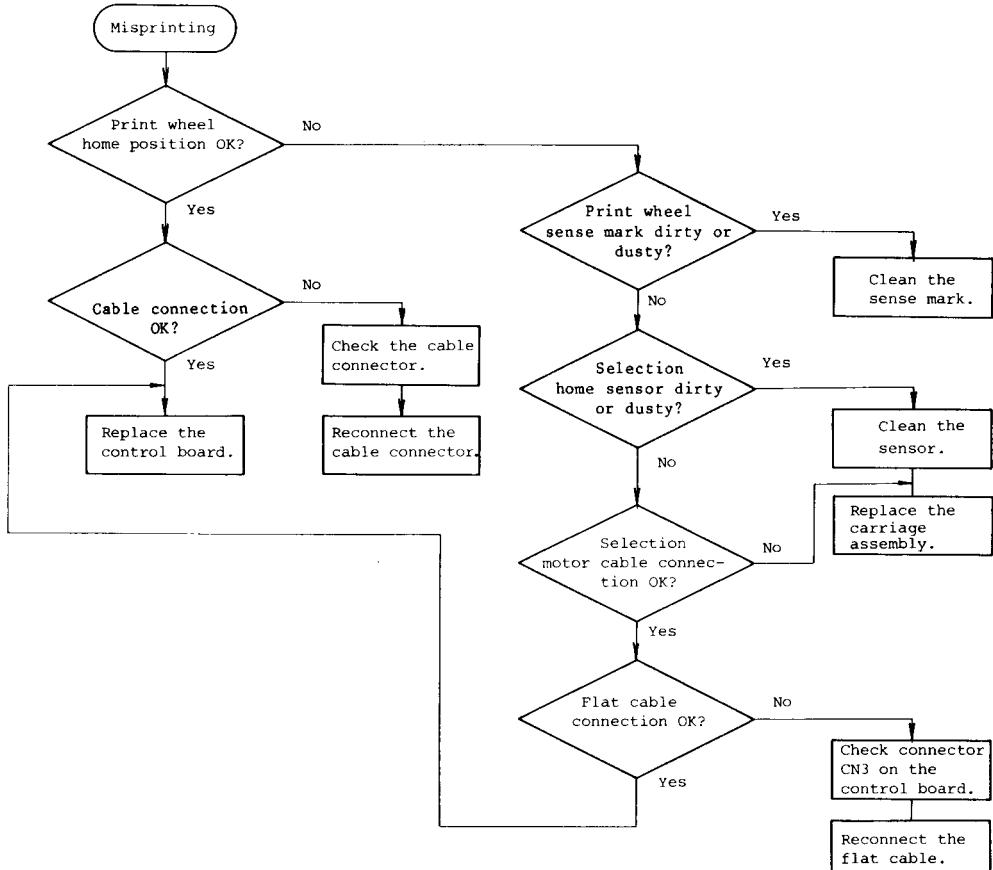
5. Low Density



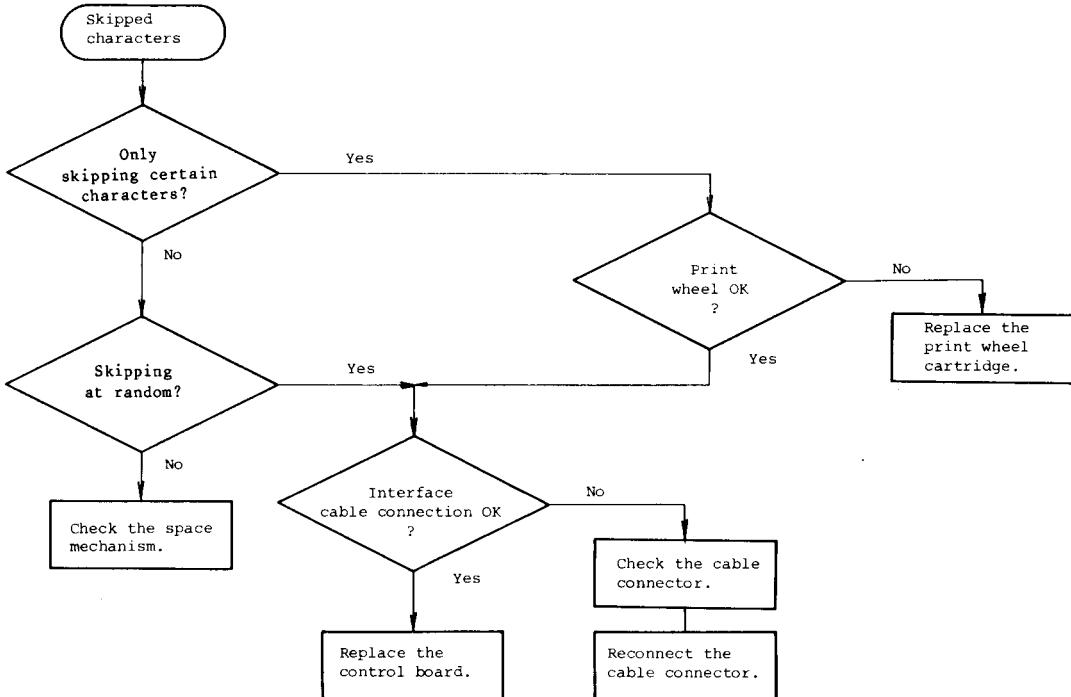
6. Overlapping Characters



7. Misprinting



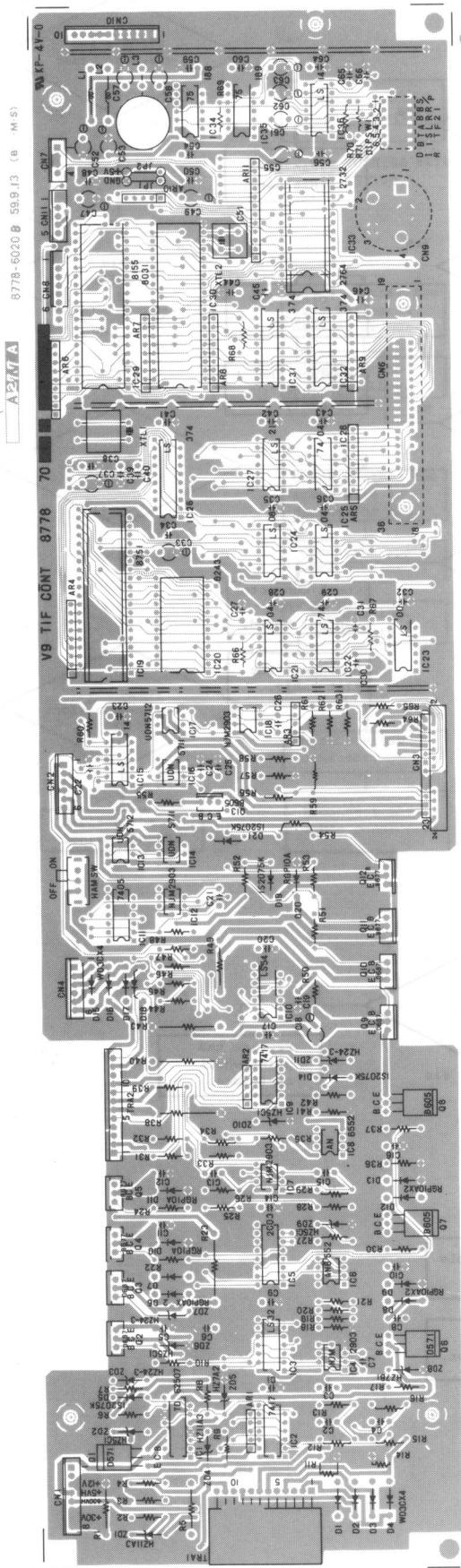
8. Skipped Characters



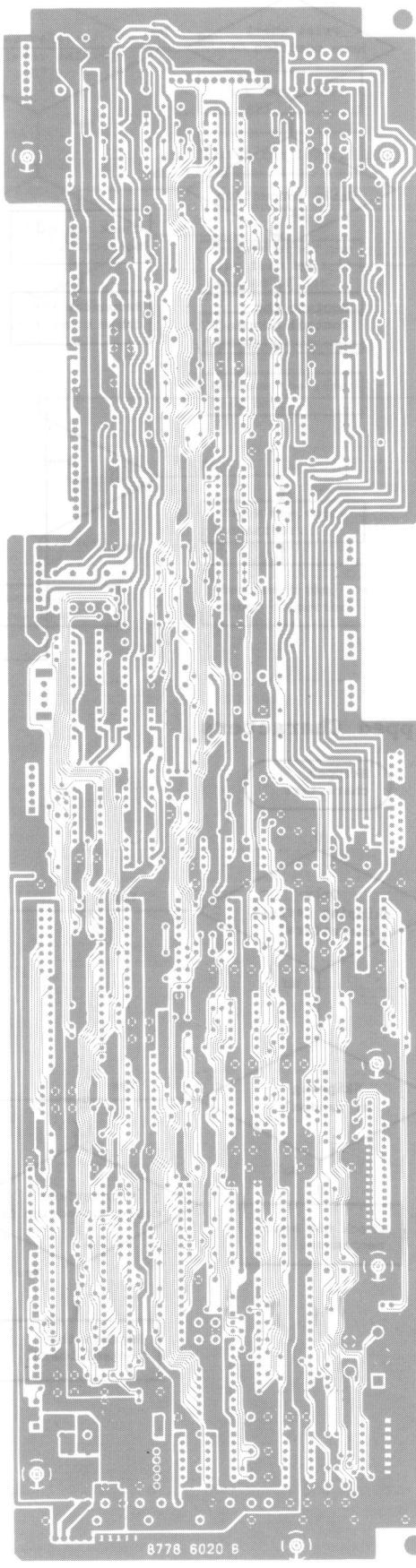
VII. PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

1. Interface Control Board

- Top View -

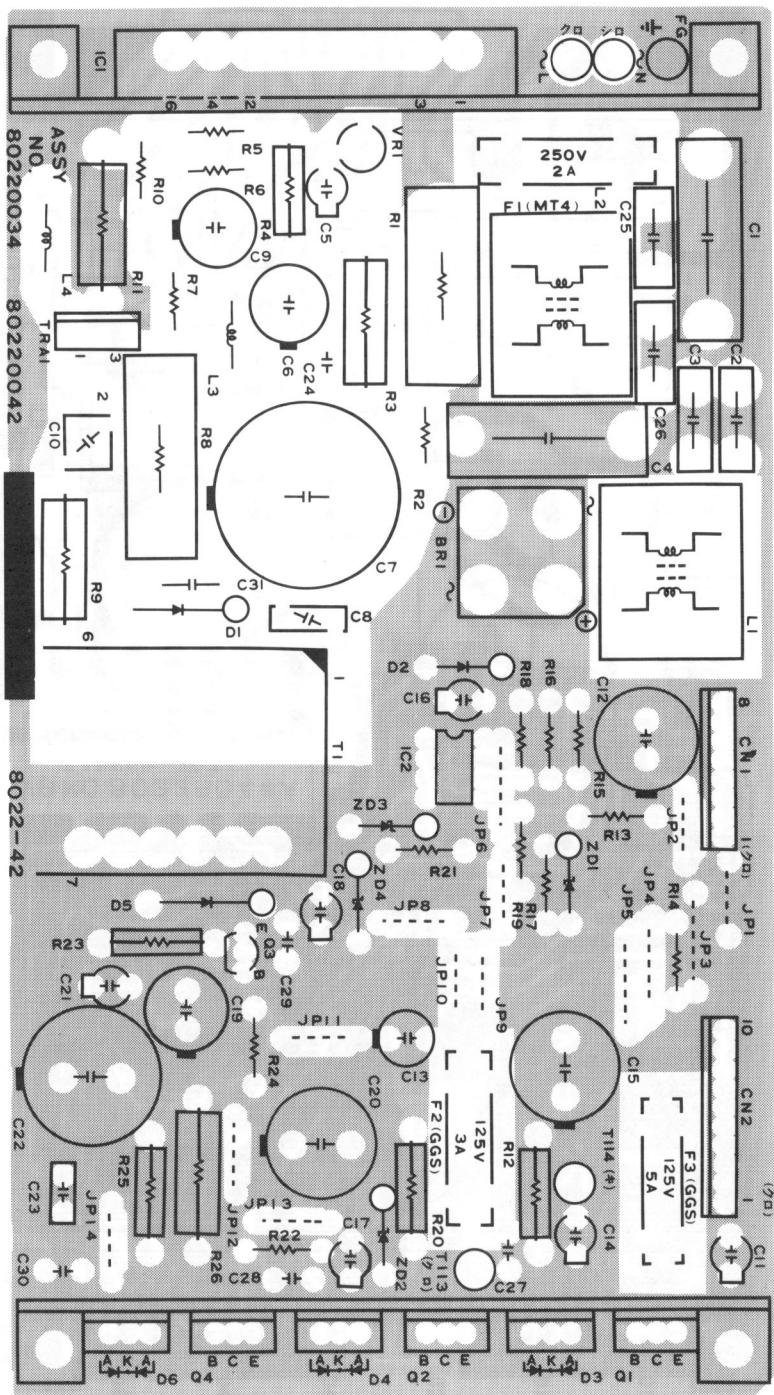


- Bottom View -

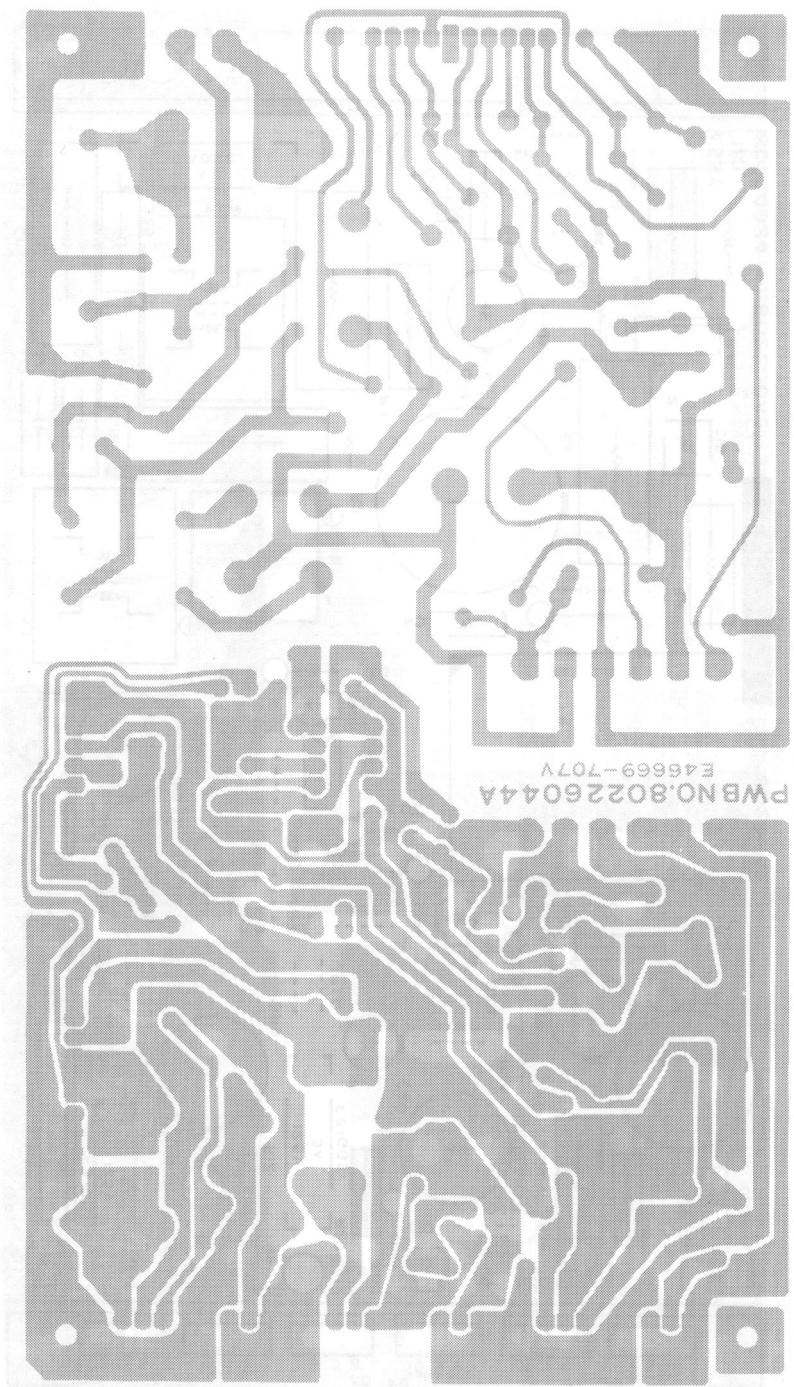


2. Power Supply Unit (100 Volt Series)

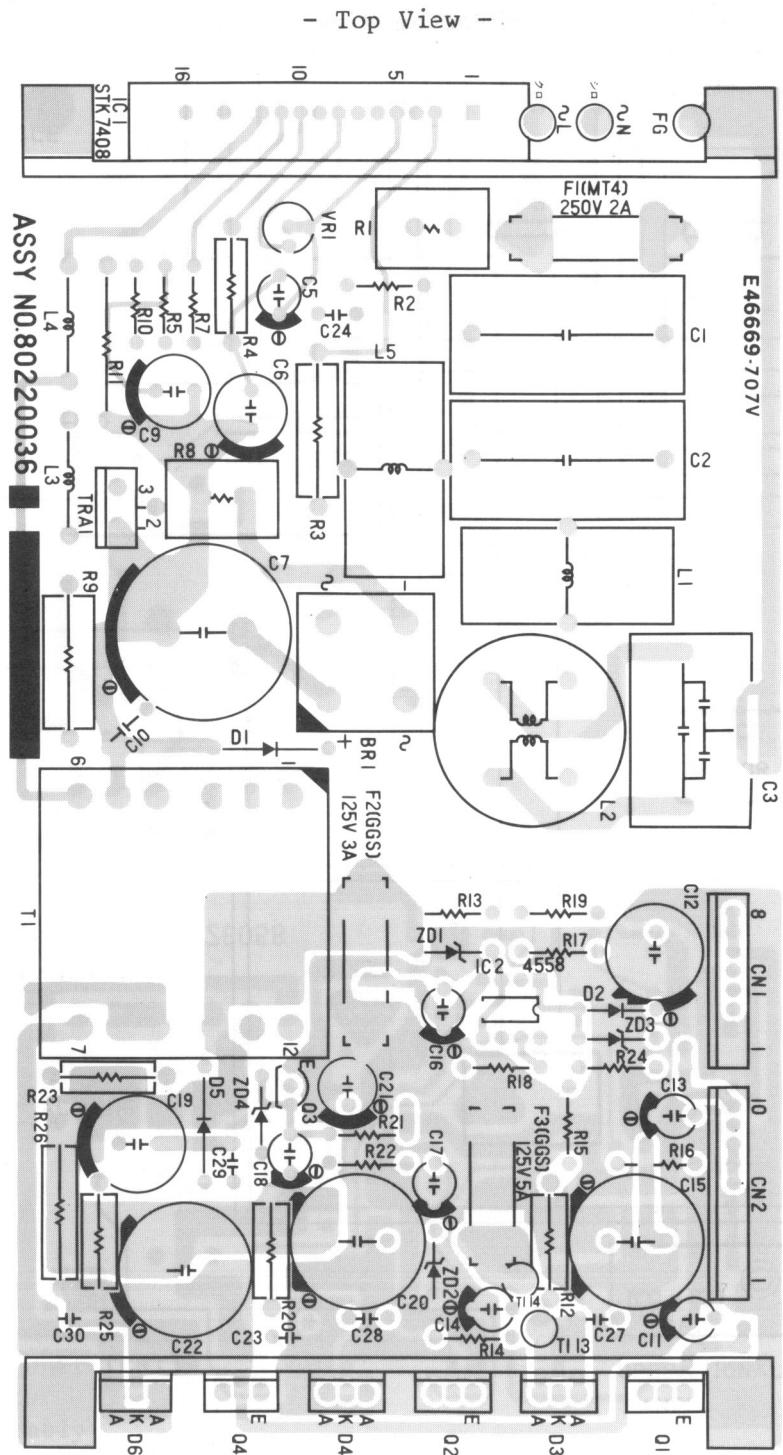
- Top View -



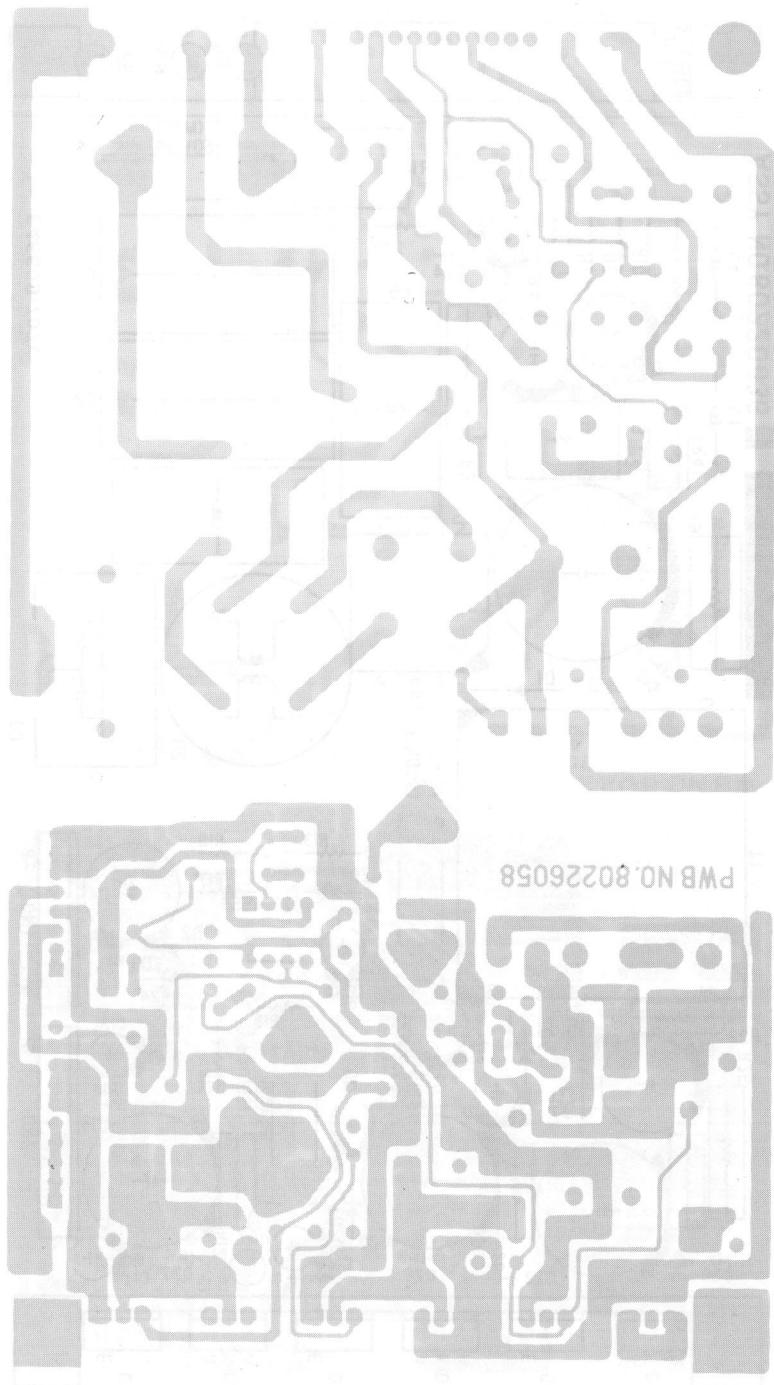
- Bottom View -



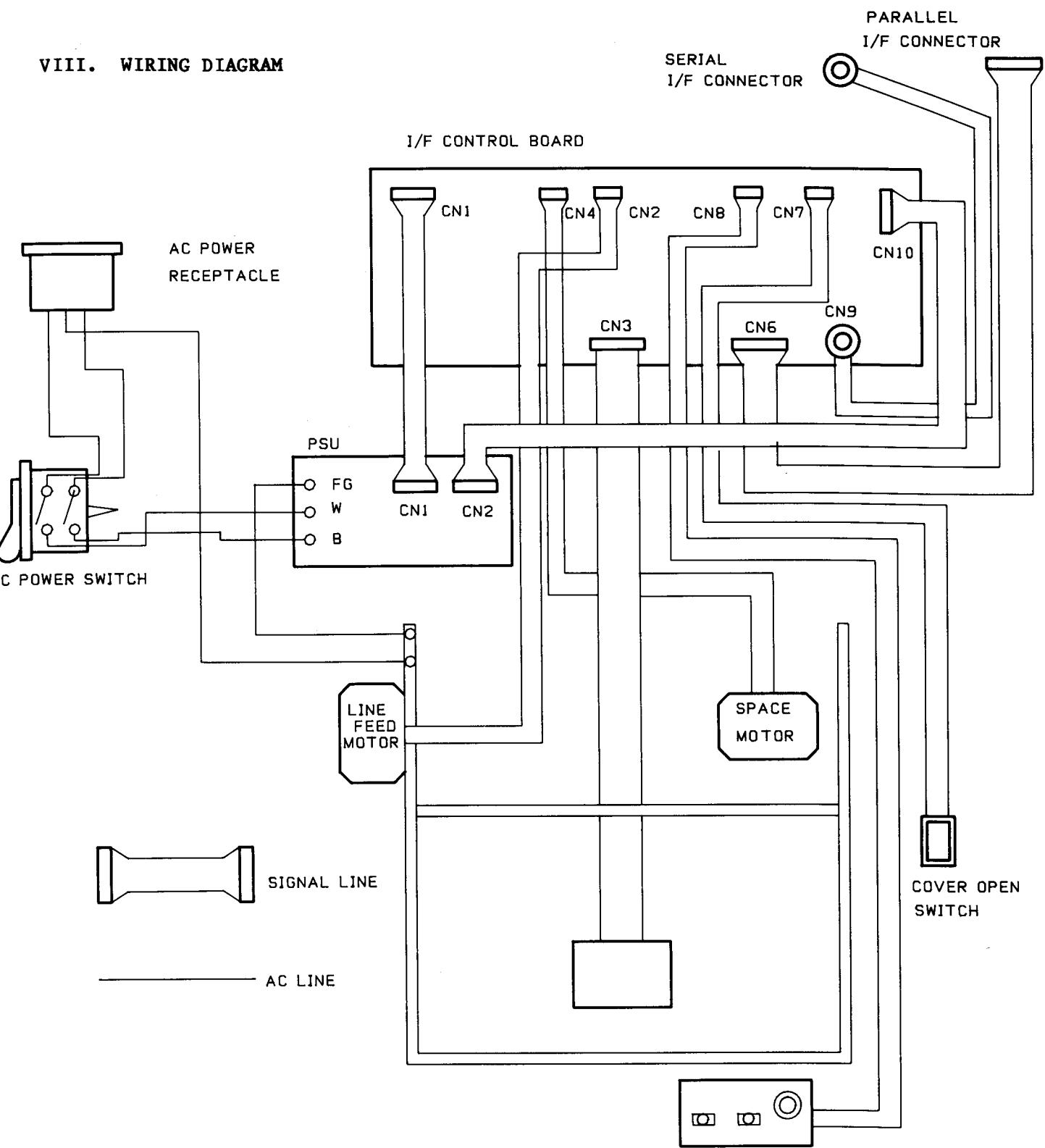
3. Power Supply Unit (200 Volt Series)



- Bottom View -



VIII. WIRING DIAGRAM



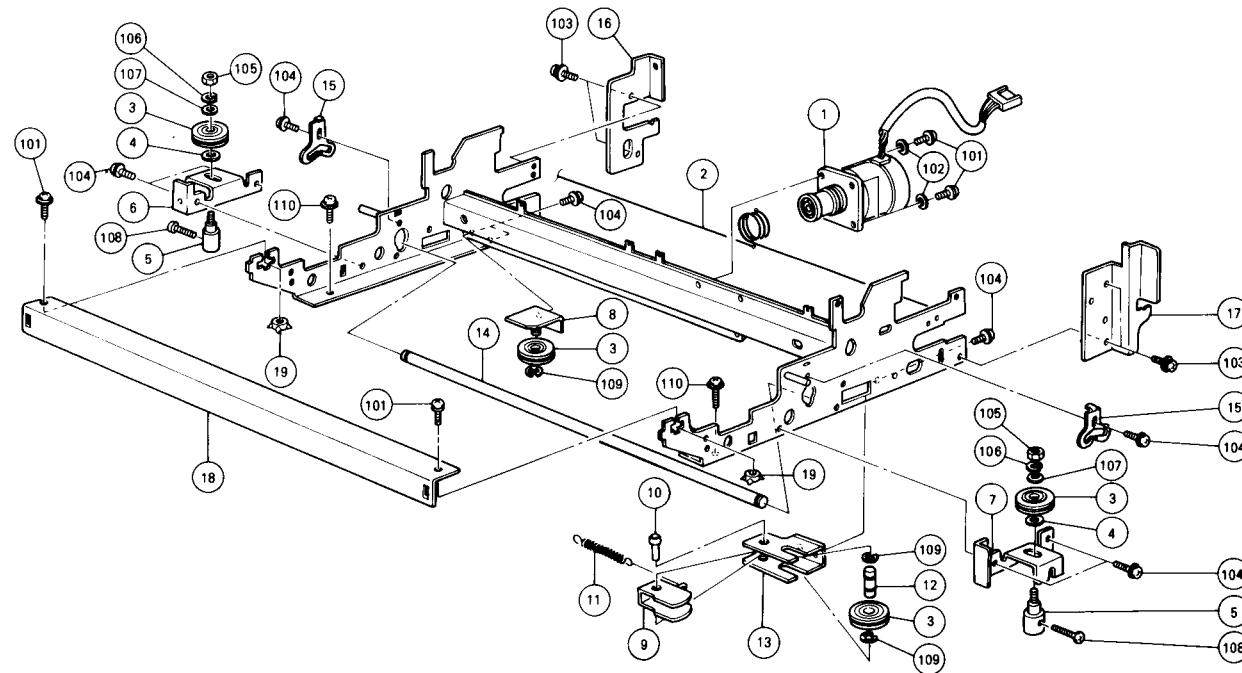
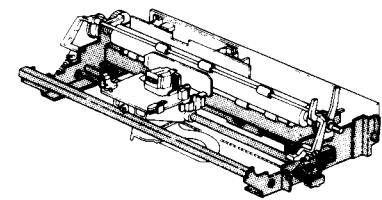
- CN1 Power Supply Unit (CN1)
- CN2 Line Feed Motor
- CN3 Carriage Assembly
- CN4 Space Motor
- CN5 Parallel I/F
- CN6 Serial I/F Connector
- CN7 Cover Open Switch
- CN8 Operational Panel
- CN9 Space Motor
- CN10 Power Supply Unit (CN2)

OPERATIONAL
PANEL

IX. EXPLODED VIEWS & PARTS LIST

- **MAIN FRAME & SPACE MECHANISM**
- **PAPER FEED MECHANISM**
- **CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY**
- **PCB ASSEMBLY, I/F CONTROL**
- **POWER SUPPLY UNIT, 100V SERIES**
- **POWER SUPPLY UNIT, 200V SERIES**

MAIN FRAME & SPACE MECHANISM

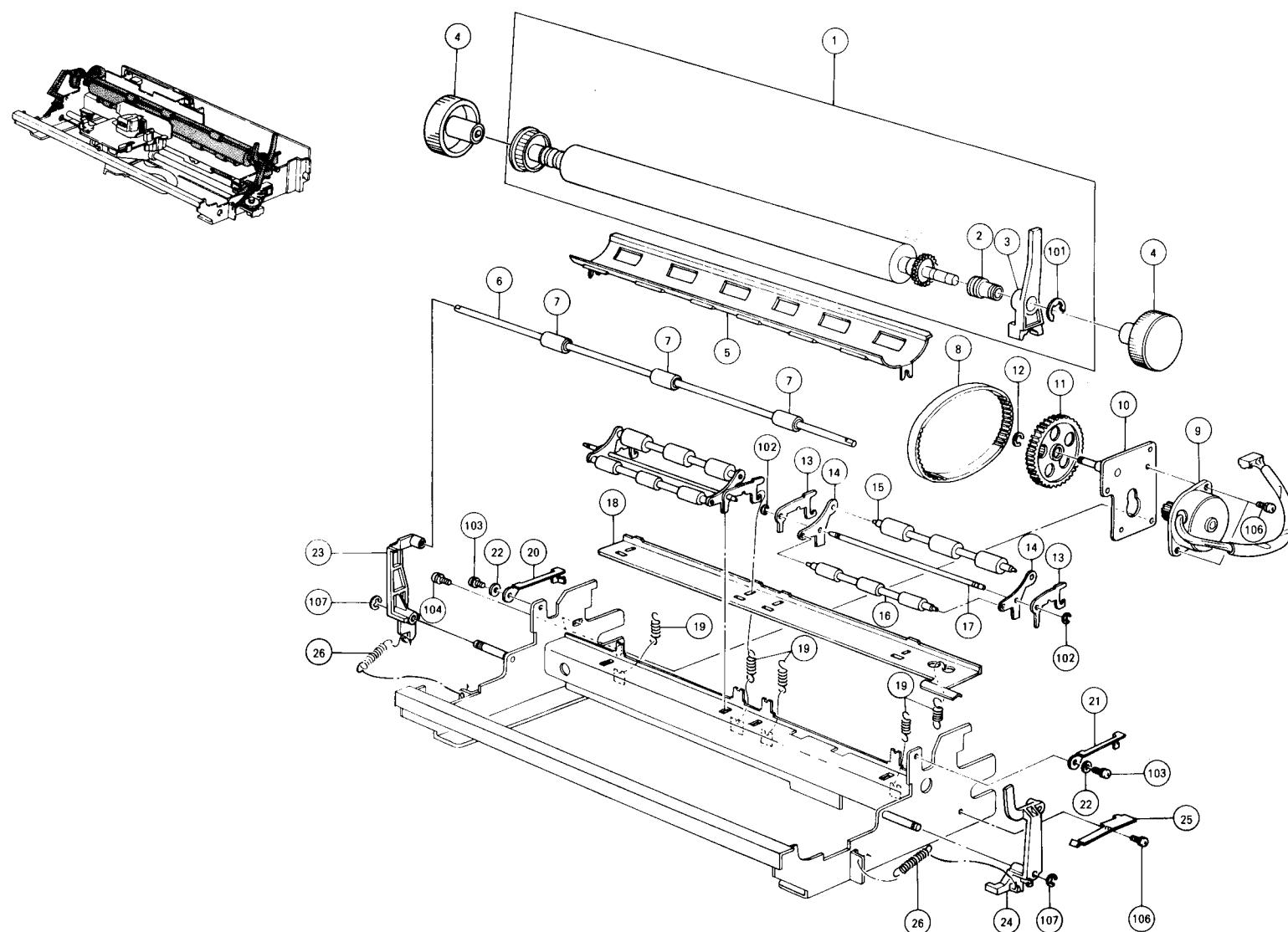


MAIN FRAME & SPACE MECHANISM

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | MOTOR WITH GEAR, SPACE | AM-4756 | 87781158 |
| 002 | WIRE, SPACE | AW-3283 | 87781113 |
| 003 | PULLEY, SIDE | ARA-0592 | 87781103 |
| 004 | WASHER, SIDE PULLEY, SPECIAL | AHD-8888 | 87781117 |
| 005 | POST, SIDE PULLEY | ART-5600 | 87781116 |
| 006 | BRACKET, SIDE PULLEY, LH | ART-5601 | 87781115 |
| 007 | BRACKET, SIDE PULLEY, RH | ART-5602 | 87781114 |
| 008 | BRACKET, POST | N/S | 87781104 |
| 009 | CAM, TENSION | ART-5603 | 87781108 |
| 010 | SHAFT, TENSION CAM | ART-5604 | 87781109 |
| 011 | SPRING, TENSION CAM | ARB-7768 | 87781111 |
| 012 | SHAFT, SIDE PULLEY | ART-5605 | 87781110 |
| 013 | HOLDER, SIDE PULLEY | ART-5606 | 87781107 |
| 014 | SHAFT, SPACE | ART-5607 | 87781100 |
| 015 | SPRING, SPACE SHAFT | ARB-7769 | 87781102 |
| 016 | BRACKET, PCB STAY, LH | ART-5608 | 87781156 |
| 017 | BRACKET, PCB STAY, RH | ART-5609 | 87781155 |
| 018 | PLATE, SUPPORT | N/S | 87781101 |
| 019 | NUT, SUPPORT PLATE, SPECIAL | AHD-7329 | 87781119 |
| 101 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 10 | AHD-2965 | 09504010B |
| 102 | WASHER, FLAT, M4 | AHD-8889 | 07000040B |
| 103 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 6 | AHD-2966 | 08011212 |
| 104 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 6 | AHD-2852 | 09504006B |
| 105 | NUT, HEXAGON, M5 | AHD-7313 | 07100050B |
| 106 | WASHER, SPRING, M5 | AHD-8869 | 07030050B |
| 107 | WASHER, FLAT, M4 | | 07010050B |
| 108 | SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 16 | AHD-2967 | 03140160B |
| 109 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M6 | AHD-7264 | 07200060E |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| 110 | SCREW WITH FLAT WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 8 | AHD-2385 | 09514008B |

PAPER FEED MECHANISM

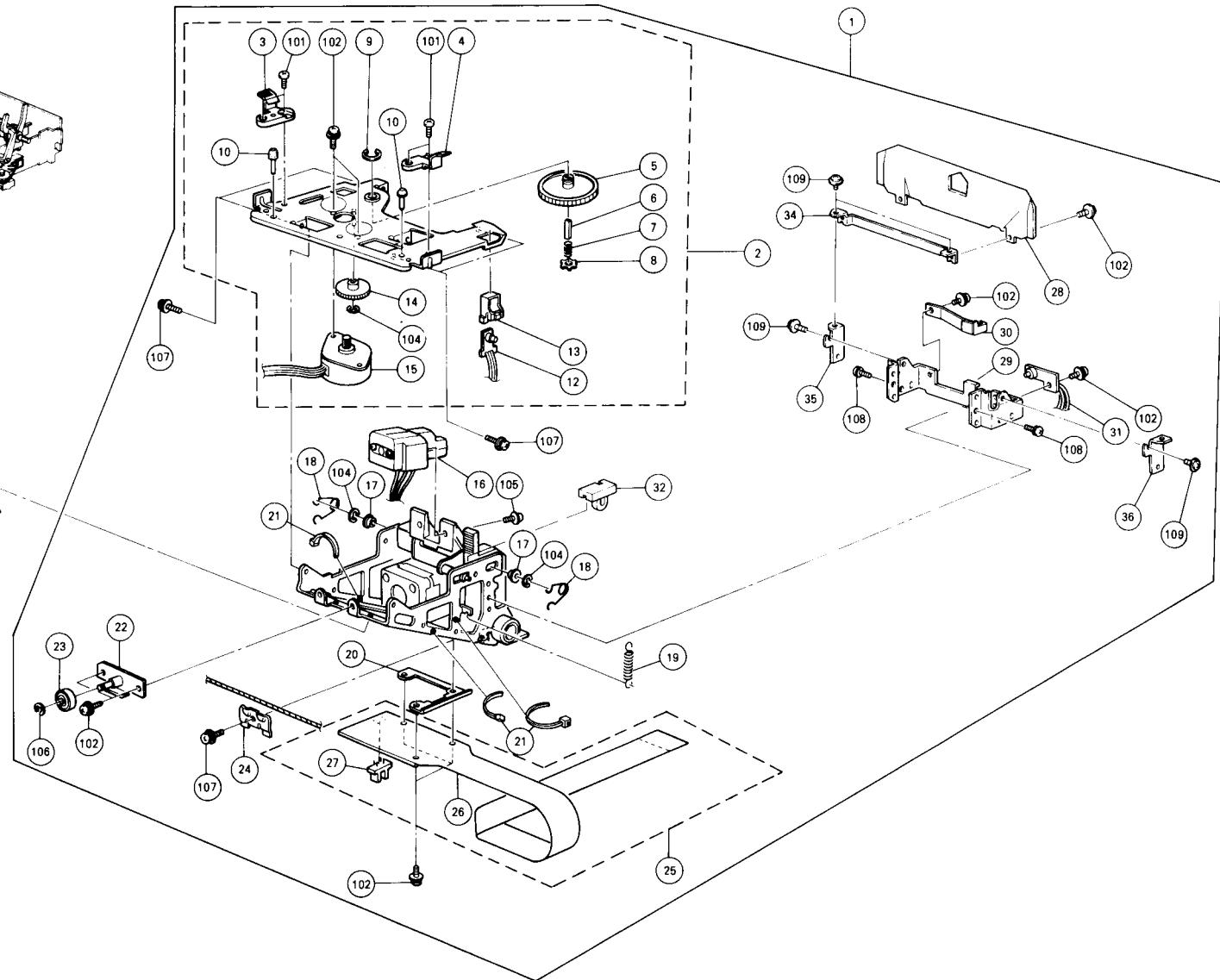
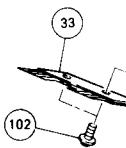
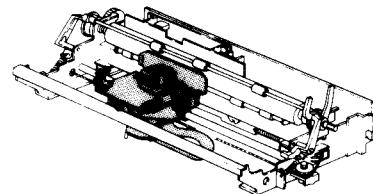


PAPER FEED MECHANISM

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | PLATEN ASSEMBLY | ART-5610 | 87783003 |
| 002 | SUPPORT, PLATEN, RH | N/S | 87783037 |
| 003 | LEVER, PAPER RELEASE | ART-5611 | 87783058 |
| 101 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M12 ***END OF PLATEN ASSEMBLY*** | | 07200120E |
| 004 | KNOB, PLATEN | AK-2960 | 87783098 |
| 005 | DEFLECTOR | ART-5612 | 87783020 |
| 006 | SHAFT, PAPER BAIL | N/S | 87783113 |
| 007 | ROLLER, PAPER BAIL | ARA-0593 | 87783012 |
| 008 | BELT, LINE FEED | AB-6572 | 87783050 |
| 009 | MOTOR WITH GEAR, LINE FEED | AM-4757 | 87783060 |
| 010 | BRACKET, LINE FEED | ART-5613 | 87783054 |
| 011 | GEAR, IDLER | ARA-0594 | 87783051 |
| 012 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-C, SPECIAL | AHC-3158 | 87783057 |
| 013 | ARM, PRESSURE ROLLER | ART-5614 | 87783029 |
| 014 | BRACKET, PRESSURE ROLLER | N/S | 87783028 |
| 015 | ROLLER, PRESSURE, REAR | ARA-0595 | 87783023 |
| 016 | ROLLER, PRESSURE, FRONT | ARA-0596 | 87783022 |
| 017 | SHAFT, PRESSURE ROLLER | N/S | 87783045 |
| 018 | LEVER, PRESSURE ROLLER | ART-5615 | 87783025 |
| 019 | SPRING, PRESSURE ROLLER | ARB-7770 | 87783026 |
| 020 | LEVER, LATCH, LH | ART-5616 | 87783043 |
| 021 | LEVER, LATCH, RH | ART-5617 | 87783044 |
| 022 | COLLAR, LATCH LEVER | AHC-3159 | 87503035 |
| 023 | LEVER, PAPER BAIL, LH | ART-5618 | 87783120 |
| 024 | LEVER, PAPER BAIL, RH | ART-5619 | 87783121 |
| 025 | SPRING PLATE, PAPER BAIL | ARB-7771 | 87783116 |
| 026 | SPRING, PAPER BAIL | ARB-7772 | 87783082 |
| 102 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M2 | AHE-0101 | 07200020E |
| 103 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 5 | AHD-2968 | 08011225 |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| 104 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 8 | AHD-2969 | 08011193 |
| 106 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 6 | AHD-2852 | 09504006B |
| 107 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M4 | AHE-0099 | 07200040E |

CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY

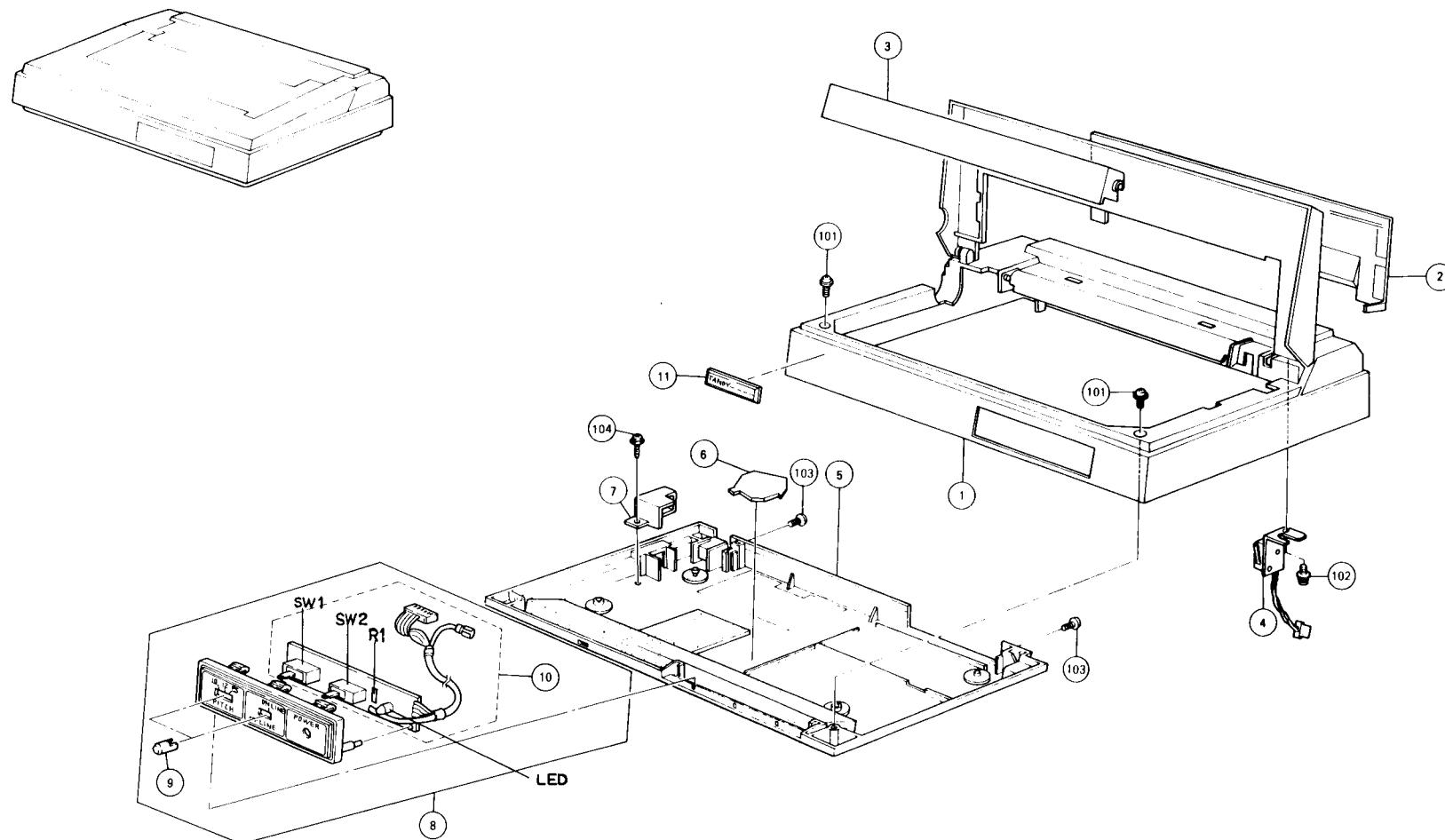


CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY | N/S | 87782000 | | SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M2.5 X 4 ***END OF HAMMER ASSEMBLY*** | | |
| 002 | RIBBON MECHANISM ASSEMBLY | N/S | 87782200 | 017 | COLLAR, PIVOT PIN | AHC-3157 | 87782050 |
| 003 | TAB, CARTRIDGE, LH | AHC-1792 | 87472200 | 018 | SET SPRING, FRONT CARRIER | ARB-7765 | 87782053 |
| 004 | TAB, CARTRIDGE, RH | AHC-1793 | 87472201 | 019 | SPRING, MOTOR BRACKET | ARB-7766 | 87782054 |
| 005 | GEAR, RIBBON FEED | ARA-0589 | 87782215 | 020 | BRACKET, FLAT CABLE | N/S | 87782062 |
| 006 | PLATE, RIBBON FEED | N/S | 87782216 | 021 | TIE-WRAP, 100MM | AHC-0623 | 11050042 |
| 007 | SPRING, RIBBON FEED | ARB-7764 | 87782217 | 022 | BRACKET, ROLLER | ART-5596 | 87782041 |
| 008 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-CR, SPECIAL | AHC-3153 | 87502223 | 023 | ROLLER, CARRIAGE | ARA-0591 | 87782045 |
| 009 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-CE, SPECIAL | AHC-3154 | 08050079 | 024 | CLAMP, SPACE WIRE | N/S | 87782055 |
| 010 | DAMPER, RIBBON CARTRIDGE | AHC-3155 | 87782219 | 025 | FLAT CABLE ASSEMBLY | AW-3282 | 87786505 |
| 012 | SENSOR, RIBBON END | ART-5594 | 87786502 | 026 | CABLE, FLAT | -- | 87786506 |
| 013 | CAP, RIBBON END SENSOR | AHC-3156 | 87782223 | 027 | SENSOR, CARRIAGE HOME | ART-5597 | 14030256 |
| 014 | GEAR, IDLER | ARA-0590 | 87782218 | | ***END OF FLAT CABLE ASSEMBLY*** | | |
| 015 | MOTOR WITH GEAR, RIBBON FEED | AM-4755 | 87782240 | 028 | CARD HOLDER | ART-5598 | 87782047 |
| 101 | SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | HD-2055 | 03130060B | 029 | BRACKET, FRONT | N/S | 87782035 |
| 102 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | AHD-2524 | 08011166 | 030 | SPRING, WHEEL CASSETTE | ARB-7767 | 87782044 |
| 104 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M2 ***END OF RIBBON MECHANISM ASSEMBLY*** | AHE-0101 | 07200020E | 031 | SENSOR, SELECTION HOME | ART-5599 | 87786501 |
| 016 | HAMMER ASSEMBLY (NON-REPAIRABLE ASS'Y) HAMMER SUBASSEMBLY HAMMER SUPPORT, HAMMER DAMPER, RETURN STOPPER, HAMMER COVER, HAMMER SPRING, RETURN SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M2 X 6 | ART-5595 | 87782600 | 032 | DAMPER, CARRIER FRAME | | 87782064 |
| | | | | 033 | BRUSH, CARRIER FRAME | | 87782350 |
| | | | | 034 | BRACKET, CARD HOLDER | | 87782036 |
| | | | | 035 | STAY, CARD HOLDER, LH | | 87782037 |
| | | | | 036 | STAY, CARD HOLDER, RH | | 87782038 |
| | | | | 102 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | AHD-2524 | 08011166 |
| | | | | 104 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M2 | AHE-0101 | 07200020E |
| | | | | 105 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M2.5 X 6 | AHD-2523 | 08011190 |
| | | | | 106 | RETAINING RING, TYPE-E, M3 | AHE-0035 | 07200030E |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 107 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 8 | AHD-2526 | 08011167 | | | | |
| 108 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 4 | AHD-2964 | 08011126 | | | | |
| 109 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, ROUND HEAD, M3 X 6 ***END OF CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY*** | | 08011188 | | | | |

COVER ASSEMBLY



COVER ASSEMBLY

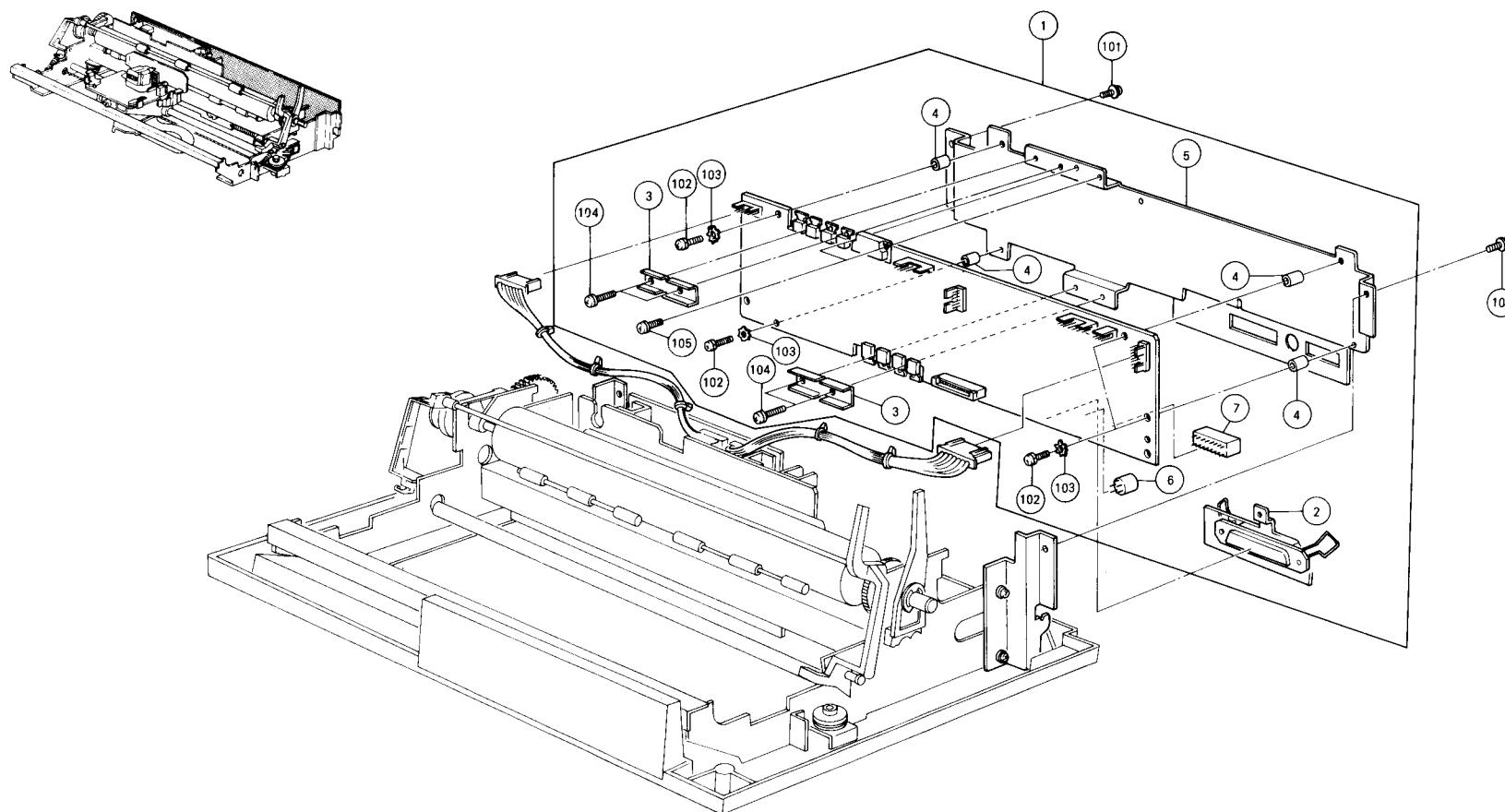
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | COVER, TOP | AZ-7211 | 87784000 |
| 002 | COVER, FRONT VIEW | AZ-7212 | 87784002 |
| 003 | SILENCER | | 87784003 |
| 004 | SWITCH & BRACKET ASSEMBLY, COVER OPEN SWITCH ASSEMBLY, COVER OPEN BRACKET, SWITCH ASSEMBLY ***END OF SWITCH & BRACKET ASSEMBLY*** | AS-7580 | 87786507 |
| 005 | COVER, BOTTOM | AZ-7213 | 87784081 |
| 006 | CLAMP, FLAT CABLE | AHC-3160 | 87784026 |
| 007 | GUARD, AC SWITCH | AHC-3161 | 87784027 |
| 008 | OPERATIONAL PANEL ASSEMBLY | AZ-7214 | 87784601 |
| 009 | TAB, SWITCH (ON/OFF LINE, PITCH) | AS-2816 | 87474039 |
| 010 | PCB ASSEMBLY, OPERATIONAL PANEL RESISTORS | N/S | 87787021 |
| R1 | RES., CARBON FILM, 150 OHM +-5% 1/4W | N0142EEC | 16114151 |
| | MISCELLANEOUS | | |
| SW1 | SWITCH, PITCH, SLIDE | AS-2818 | 87476876 |
| SW2 | SWITCH, ON/OFF LINE, SLIDE | AS-2817 | 87476877 |
| LED1 | LED, POWER, BR5534S | AL-1290 | 14030156 |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| | ***END OF PCB ASSEMBLY, OPERATIONAL PANEL*** | | |
| | ***END OF OPERATIONAL PANEL ASSEMBLY*** | | |
| 011 | PLATE, LOGO | | 87784080 |
| 102 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | AHD-2524 | 08011166 |
| 104 | SCREW WITH FLAT WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 8 | AHD-2385 | 09514008B |

HARDWARE KIT

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| 101 | HARDWARE KIT SCREW, MACHINE, TRUSS HEAD, M4 X 16 | AHW-2601278 | 87789000 08011213B |
| 103 | SCREW, MACHINE, TRUSS HEAD, M4 X 8 | | 03440080D |

PCB ASSEMBLY



PCB ASSEMBLY, I/F CONTROL

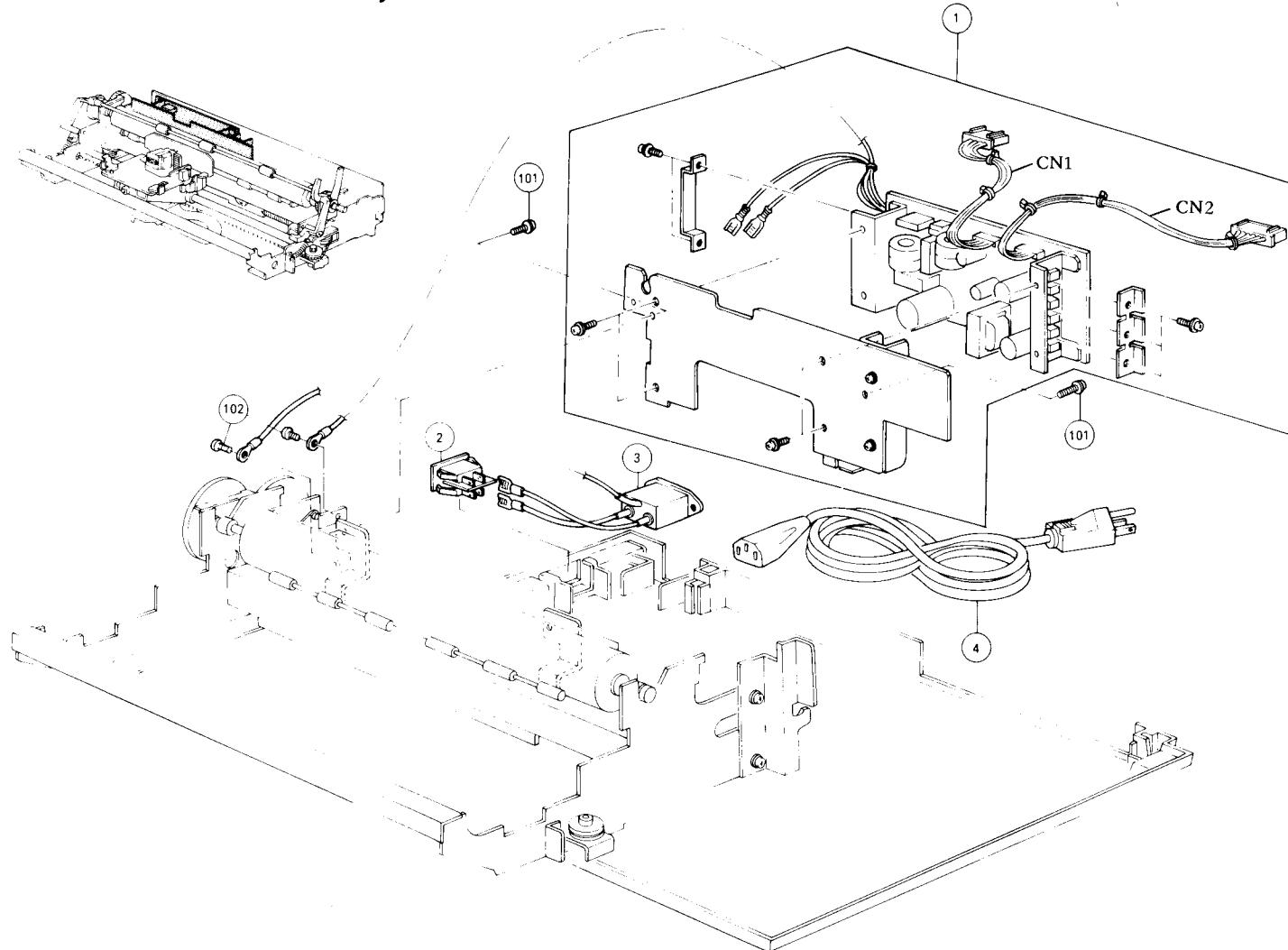
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|------------------------------|--|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | PCB ASSEMBLY, V9/T I/F CONTROL RESISTORS | AX-9519 | 87787020 | R3,9,20 | RES., CARBON FILM, 21,22, 24,25, 28,44, 54,55 | N0247EEC | 16114472 |
| R1 | RES., CARBON FILM, 1 kOHM +-5% 1/2W | N0196EFC | 16116102 | R5 | RES., CARBON FILM, 82 OHM +-5% 1/2W | N0187EFC | 16116820 |
| R49 | RES., METAL FILM, 5.1 OHM +-5% 1W | N0048EGE | 16000337 | R35,56 | RES., METAL FILM, 1 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0196EEC | 16221001 |
| R23 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 24 OHM +-5% 2W | N-0079EHD | 16000590 | R46 | RES., METAL FILM, 1.1 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0198BEE | 16221101 |
| R38,40, 43 | RES., WINDING, 0.5 OHM +-1% 2W | N-0010BHH | 16000912 | R47 | RES., METAL FILM, 1.5 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0206BEE | 16221501 |
| R11,14 | RES., METAL FILM, 1.62 OHM +-1% 1/4W | | 16011311 | R57 | RES., METAL FILM, 1.62 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0207BEE | 16221621 |
| R45 | RES., METAL FILM, 2.61 kOHM +-1% 1/8W | N0662BBE | 16012813 | R41 | RES., METAL FILM, 2.43 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0663BEE | 16222431 |
| R42 | RES., THERMISTOR, 10 kOHM +-2% 1/8W | AT-1245 | 16013879 | R19,34 (R13) | RES., METAL FILM, 2 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0213BEE | 16222001 |
| R52 | RES., CARBON FILM, 100 OHM +-5% 1/4W | N0132EEC | 16114101 | R18,32 33,39 | RES., METAL FILM, 232 OHM +-1% 1/4W | N0532BEE | 16222320 |
| R10,17 51,70, (R14,17) | RES., CARBON FILM, 1 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0196EEC | 16114102 | R59,65 | RES., METAL FILM, 316 OHM +-1% 1/4W | N0533BEE | 16223160 |
| R2,36, 60,69 | RES., CARBON FILM, 10 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0281EEC | 16114103 | R12,15, 31 | RES., METAL FILM, 475 OHM +-1% 1/4W | N0627BEE | 16224750 |
| R66,67, 68,71, | RES., CARBON FILM, 150 OHM +-5% 1/4W | N0142EEC | 16114151 | R13,16, 26,29, 48 | RES., METAL FILM, 47.5 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0100BEE | 16224752 |
| R27 | RES., CARBON FILM, 1.5 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0629EEC | 16114152 | R58 | RES., METAL FILM, 6.19 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0596BEE | 16226191 |
| R64 | RES., CARBON FILM, 180 OHM +-5% 1/4W | N0387EEC | 16114181 | | | | |
| R4,6,7, 8,30,37 50,53 | RES., CARBON FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0224EEC | 16114272 | | | | |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| R61 | RES., CARBON FILM, 18 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0568BEE | 16114183 | C5,8 | CAP., CERAMIC, 0.1 μ F +80 -20% 25V | CC104ZFCP | 16060876 |
| R62 | RES., METAL FILM, 1.43 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0572BEE | 16221431 | C1,9,14, 17,19, | CAP., CERAMIC, 0.01 μ F +80 -20% 50V | CC103ZJCP | 16060879 |
| AR6,7,8 | RES., ARRAY, 10 KOHM +-10% 1/8W , 8 ELEMENTS | ARX-0201 | 16013540 | 20, 22 , 23, 26 , 27, 28 , 29, 32 , 34, 35 , 38, 41 , 43, 44 , 45, 46 , 48, 50 , 54, 56 , 59, 60 , IC29 ; 35 P-GND | | | |
| AR1,2 | RES., ARRAY, 1 kOHM +-10% 1/8W, 4 ELEMENTS | ARX-0432 | 16022613 | C30 | CAP., CERAMIC, 2200pF +-10% 50V | CC222KJCP | 16060882 |
| AR3 | RES., ARRAY, 2.2 kOHM +-10% 1/8W, 4 ELEMENTS | ARX-0204 | 16022615 | C6 | CAP., POLYESTER FILM, 0.1 μ F +-10% 50V | CC104KJGP | 16061081 |
| AR4,5,9 | RES., ARRAY, 4.7 kOHM +-10% 1/8W, 8 ELEMENTS | ARX-0199 | 16012502 | C40 | CAP., CERAMIC, 5pF +-5% 50V | CC050JJCP | 16061112 |
| AR10 | RES., ARRAY, 10 kOHM +-10% 1/8W ,4 ELEMENTS | ARX-0207 | 16020326 | C10,11 12,16 | CAP., POLYESTER FILM, 1000pF +-10% 50V | | 16061082 |
| AR11 | RES., ARRAY, 1k-150 OHM +-10% 1/8W | ARX-0308 | 87476702 | C24,25 , 31 | CAP., CERAMIC, 470pF +-5% 50V | CC471JJCP | 16061093 |
| | CAPACITORS | | | C65 | CAP., CERAMIC, 8200pF +-20% 50V | CC822MJCP | 16060872 |
| C57,58 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 22 μ F +-20% 25V | CC226MFAP | 16041114 | C39 | CAP., CERAMIC, 10pF +-10% 50V | CC100KJCP | 16060995 |
| C33,37, 47,49, 55,61, 62,63 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 10 μ F +-20% 16V | CC106MDAP | 16041098 | | TRANSISTORS | | |
| C18,52 53 (C14,16) | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 10 μ F +-20% 50V | CC106MJAP | 16041161 | Q7,8,13 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SB605, PNP | 2SB-605 | 14000212 |
| C2,3,4, 7,13, 15,21, 66 | CAP., CERAMIC, 1000pF +-10% 50V | CC102KJCP | 16060874 | | | | |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|-----------------|--|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------|-----------------------|
| Q1,6 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SD571, NPN | 2SD-571 | 14000213 | IC3 | IC, TTL, SN74LS32N, QUADRUPLE 2-OR GATES | AMX-5193 | 14070610 |
| Q4,5 11,12 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SB677, PNP | 2SB-677 | 14010299 | IC22 | IC, TTL, SN74LS74N, DUAL D-TYPE EDGE TRIGGERED F/F | MX-3808 | 14070614 |
| Q2,3, 9,10 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SD687, NPN | 2SD-687 | 14010300 | IC24 | IC, TTL, SN74LS08N, QUADRUPLE 2-AND GATES | AMX-3698 | 14070621 |
| TRA1,2 | TRANSISTOR, ARRAY, FT5753M | MX-6555 | 14010286 | IC10 | IC, TTL, SN74LS54N, 4 WIDE AND-OR INVERT GATES | MX-5729 | 14070753 |
| | IC'S | | | IC15,36 | IC, TTL, SN74LS14N, HEX SCHMITT-TRIGGER INVERTERS | AMX-4526 | 14070760 |
| IC19 | IC, SOFT ASSEMBLY, V9/R ETW | MP-0040 | 87786728 | IC26,31 32 | IC, TTL, SN74LS374, OCTAL D-TYPE EDGE TRIGGERED F/F | AMX-3928 | 14070796 |
| IC33 | IC, SOFT ASSEMBLY, V9/T INTERFACE | MP-0041 | 87786716 | IC29 | IC, MOS, TMP8155P, I/O PORTS AND TIMER | MX-5773 | 14070947 |
| IC1 | IC, TD62507P, TRANSISTOR ARRAY | MX-6556 | 14010301 | IC20 | IC, N-MOS, μ PD8243C, QUAD. EXPANDER | AMX-5214 | 14070988 |
| IC28 | IC, TTL, SN7404N, HEX INVERTERS | MX-6557 | 14070098 | IC34 | IC, TTL, SN75188N, QUAD. LINE DRIVER | AMX-3867 | 14070824 |
| IC11 | IC, TTL, SN7405N, HEX INVERTERS | MX-6558 | 14070173 | IC13,17 | IC, UDN-5712M, 2 AND-GATES/DRIVERS | | 14071192 |
| IC2,9 | IC, TTL, SN7417N, HEX BUFFERS/DRIVERS | MX-6559 | 14070344 | IC35 | IC, TTL, SN75189N, QUAD. LINE RECEIVER | AMX-4509 | 14070825 |
| IC27 | IC, TTL, SN74LS21, DUAL 4-AND GATES | MX-6560 | 14070740 | | DIODES | | |
| IC5 | IC, IR-2C03, DRIVER STUCK | MX-6561 | 14071324 | D5,14, 19,21 | DIODE, SILICON, IS2075K | DX-1118 | 14010631 |
| IC14,16 | IC, UDN-5711M, 2-NAND GATES/DRIVERS | MX-6562 | 14071328 | ZD2,6, 9,10 (ZD1) | DIODE, ZENER, HZ5C1 | ADX-1451 | 14020299 |
| IC6,8 | IC, AN6552, DUAL OP. AMP | MX-6333 | 14080343 | ZD8 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ7B1 | DX-2618 | 14020301 |
| IC4,7, 12,18 | IC, NJM2903D, COMPARATOR | MX-6563 | 14080356 | D6,7,8, 9,10,11 12,13, 20 | DIODE, SILICON, RGP10A | ADX-1455 | 14020306 |
| IC30 | IC, 8031 μ CPU or 8051 μ CPU | MX-6564 | 14071253 | ZD5 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ7A2 | DX-1176 | 14020374 |
| IC21,25 | IC, TTL, SN74LS04, HEX INVERTERS | AMX-3552 | 14070539 | ZD1,4 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ11A-3 | DX-1316 | 14020392 |
| IC23 | IC, TTL, SN74LS00, QUADRUPLE 2-NAND GATES | MX-3479 | 14070542 | | | | |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|--|--|---|--|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| ZD3,7 11(ZD3) D1,2,3, 4,15,16 17,18 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ24-3 DIODE, SILICON, W03C, 200V 1A CONNECTORS & SOCKETS | DX-2619 DX-2620 | 14020443 14020388 | 102 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 14 | AHD-2970 | 09503014B |
| CN7 CN2,4,8 CN1 CN10 CN3 | CONNECTOR, MALE-4P CONNECTOR, MALE-6P CONNECTOR, MALE-8P CONNECTOR, MALE-10P CONNECTOR, FEMALE, ZC-024 | AJ-7204 AJ-5016 AJ-5017 AJ-5018 AJ-5019 | 11020903 11020907 11020911 11020915 87786700 | 103 | WASHER, OUTER TOOTH, M3 | AHD-8874 | 07050030B |
| L3 L1,2 | INDUCTORS SN COIL, 30 μ H +-10% COIL, 82 μ H +-10% | ACA-8346 ACA-8379 | 12010039 16070061 | 104 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 10 | AHD-2476 | 09503010B |
| HAM XTL2 | MISCELLANEOUS SWITCH, HAMMER, SLIDE POWER BUS, PCB, CONTROL RESONATOR, CERAMIC, 7.37MHz | AS-1467 N/S AC-0997 | 12040882 88510596 87476705 | 105 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 ***END OF PCB ASSEMBLY, V9/T I/F CONTROL*** | AHD-2475 | 09503006B |
| C51 XTL1 | RESONATOR, CRYSTAL PX1, 8MHz | MX-1173 | 87786701 | 101 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | AHD-2526 | 08011167 |
| 002(CN6) 003 004 005 006(CN9) 007 | CONNECTOR, FEMALE-36PIN, PARALLEL INTERFACE CLAMP, TRANSISTOR SPACER, HEAT SINK HEAT SINK SOCKET, FEMALE-5PIN, SERIAL INTERFACE DIP SWITCH(6 SWITCHES)(SW1) | AJ-5015 N/S N/S N/S AJ-7675 AS-2918 | 87786721 87471054 87781502 87781501 11040341 12041331 | | | | |

POWER SUPPLY UNIT , 100V SERIES



POWER SUPPLY UNIT, 100V SERIES

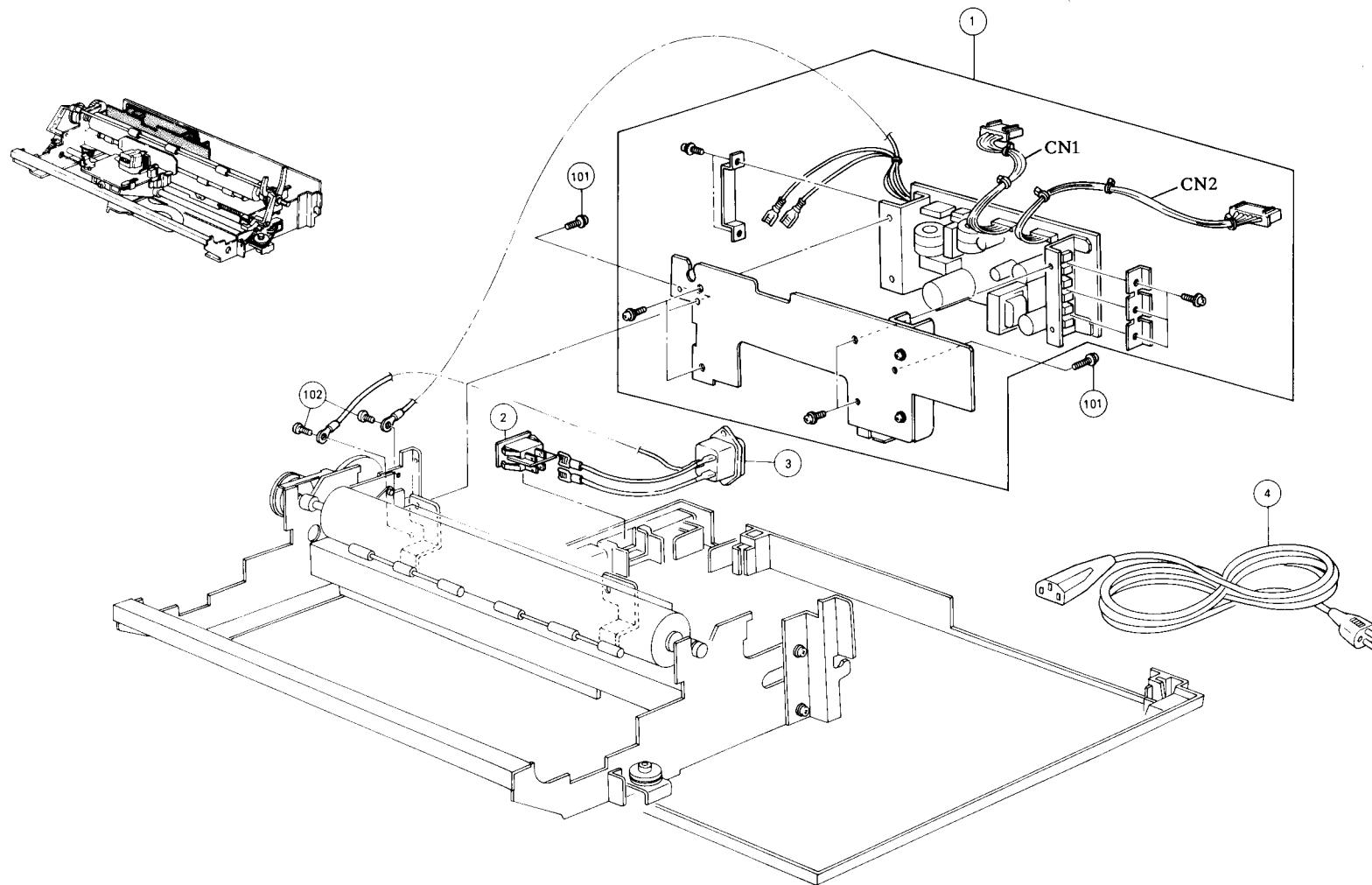
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|---|--|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | POWER SUPPLY UNIT | ATA-1067 | 80220064 | R12 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 470 OHM +5% 1W | N0169EGD | 16011762 |
| | RESISTORS | | | R14,17 (R10,17 51,57) | RES., CARBON FILM, 1 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0196EEC | 16114102 |
| R8 | RES., CEMENT, 10 OHM +-10% 5W | N0063FKF | 16000560 | R13 (R19,34) | RES., METAL FILM, 2 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0213BGE | 16222001 |
| R18 | RES., CARBON FILM, 27 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0316EEC | 16114273 | R19 | RES., METAL FILM, 10 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0281BGE | 16221002 |
| R7,15, 24 | RES., CARBON FILM, 200 OHM +-5% 1/4W | N0146EEC | 16114201 | R5 | RES., METAL FILM, 27 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0316BEE | 16222702 |
| R1 | RES., CEMENT, 3.3 kOHM +-10% 5W | N0230FKF | 16000566 | VR1 | POT, 1 kOHM +-20% 1/2W, VOLUME | AP-7430 | 16018052 |
| R3 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 100 kOHM +-10% 2W | N0132FHD | 16000405 | | CAPACITORS | | |
| R4 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 15 OHM +-10% 1W | N0074FGE | 16000565 | C2,3 | CAP., METALIZED PAPER, 4700pF +-20% 250V | | 16050083 |
| R2 | RES., CARBON FILM, 1.5 mOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0450EEC | 16114155 | C1,4 | CAP., METALIZED PAPER FILM, 0.1μF 250V | | 16061125 |
| R11 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 0.47 OHM +-5% 2W | N0008EHE | 16000400 | C7 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 390μF +-20% 200V | CC 397MPAP | 16041233 |
| R10,22, 16 (R4,6,7 8,30,37 50,53) | RES., CARBON FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0224EEC | 16114272 | C6,9 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 220μF +-20% 16V | CC 227MDAP | 16041323 |
| R9 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 100 OHM +-5% 2W | N0132EHD | 16011765 | C8 | CAP., CERAMIC, 150pF +80 -20% 3.2KV | CC 151ZACP | 16061183 |
| R6 | RES., METAL FILM, 100 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0371BED | 16221003 | C22 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 1500μF +-20% 50V | CC 158MJAP | 16041324 |
| R25 | RES., CARBON FILM, 2 kOHM +-5% 1/2W | N0213EFC | 16116202 | C14,16, 17,18 (C52,53) | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 10μF +-20% 50V | CC 106MJAP | 16041161 |
| R26 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-10% 2W | N0224FHD | 16000503 | | | | |
| R20,23 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-5% 1W | N0224EGD | 16012717 | | | | |
| R21 | RES., CARBON FILM, 1.8 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0210EEC | 16114182 | | | | |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| C19 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 470 μ F +-20% 35V | CC477MGAP | 16041325 |
| C12 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 470 μ F +-20% 35V | CC477MGAP | 16041012 |
| C13,21 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 100 μ F +-20% 25V | CC107MFAP | 16041284 |
| C20 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 1000 μ F +-20% 35V | CC108MGAP | 16041234 |
| C15 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 3300 μ F +-20% 10V | CC338MCAP | 16041429 |
| C11 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 220 μ F +-20% 10V | | 16041464 |
| C5 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 2.2 μ F +-20% 50V | CC225MJAP | 16041282 |
| C10,31 | CAP., CERAMIC, 220pF +-10% 3.2KV | CC221KACP | 16061114 |
| C23 | CAP., CERAMIC, 0.1 μ F +80 -20% 50V | | 16060658 |
| C24 | CAP., CERAMIC, 220pF +-5% 50V | CC221JJCP | 16060692 |
| C27,28 29,30 | CAP., CERAMIC, 1000pF +-10% 1KV | | 16060469 |
| | TRANSISTORS | | |
| Q1,2,4 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SD687, NPN | 2SD-687 | 14010300 |
| Q3 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SC2001, PNP | 2SC-2001 | 14000280 |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| | IC'S | | |
| IC1 | IC, HYBRID, STK7408 | MX-6565 | 14080341 |
| IC2 | IC, μ PC4558C, DUAL OP. AMP | MX-6459 | 14080144 |
| | DIODES | | |
| D1 | DIODE, SILICON, RUIC, FIRST RECOVERY | ADX-1693 | 14010796 |
| D3,4,6 | DIODE, SILICON, S5KC20, FIRST RECOVERY | ADX-1526 | 14020385 |
| D5 | DIODE, SILICON, IS1834 | ADX-1524 | 14010780 |
| D2 | DIODE, SILICON, IS1588 | ADX-1304 | 14010611 |
| ZD1 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ5C-1 | | 14020299 |
| (ZD2,6, 9,10) | | | |
| ZD2 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ12B-3 | DX-2621 | 14020483 |
| ZD4 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ12B-1 | DX-2622 | 14020482 |
| ZD3 (ZD3,7 11) | DIODE, ZENER, HZ24-3 | DX-2623 | 14020443 |
| | INDUCTORS | | |
| L1,2 | CHOKING COIL, 2MH 2A | ACB-2554 | 88510845 |
| L3,4 | CHOKING COIL, 4.7 μ H 620MA | ACB-2555 | 12010081 |
| | MISCELLANEOUS | | |
| BR1 | BRIDGE RECTIFIER, S4VB40 | DX-2624 | 14020427 |
| T1 | TRANSFORMER, V9PSU, 100V | ATB-0506 | 88510826 |
| TRA1 | TRYAC, AC08DIM, 400V 8A | ADX-1700 | 14050118 |
| F.C | CLIP, FUSE | N/S | 11040260 |
| F1 | FUSE, MT4-2A | AHF-0101 | 11070350 |
| F2 | FUSE, GGS-3A | AHF-0102 | 11070413 |
| F3 | FUSE, GGS-5A | AHF-0103 | 11070415 |
| CN1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, POWER | | 80225166 |
| CN2 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, LOGIC | | 80225167 |

| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| | ***END OF POWER SUPPLY UNIT*** | | |
| 002 | SWITCH, POWER, 250V 16A, ROCKER | AS-3067 | 87506810 |
| 003 | RECEPTACLE, AC POWER | AJ-5020 | 87786512 |
| 004 | CABLE, AC POWER, 125V 10A | AW-2887 | 88510676 |
| 101 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | AHD-2524 | 08011166 |
| 102 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 6 | AHD-2852 | 09504006B |

POWER SUPPLY UNIT , 200V SERIES



POWER SUPPLY UNIT, 200V SERIES

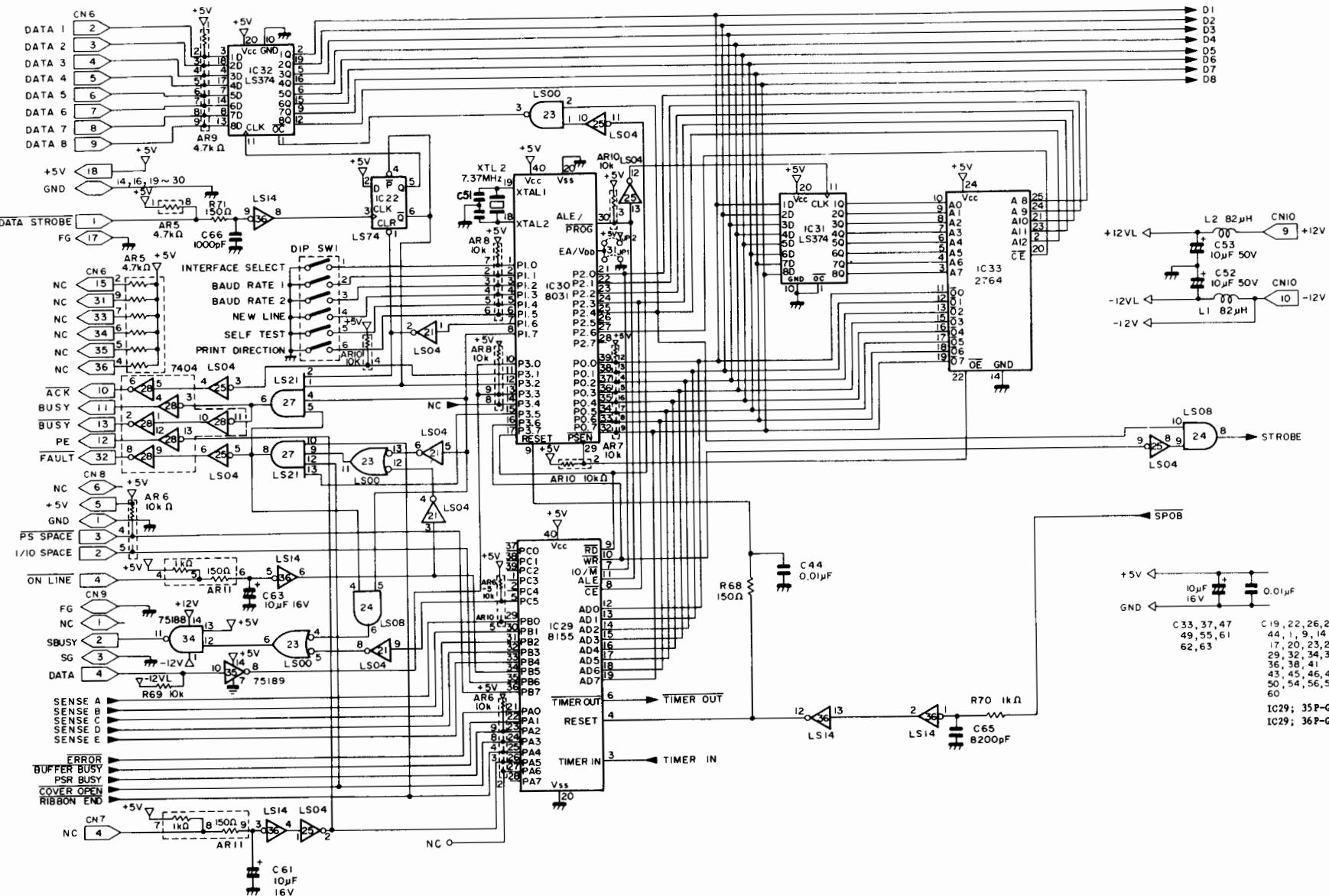
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|---|--|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | POWER SUPPLY UNIT | ATA-1067 | 80220036 | R12 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 470 OHM +5% 1W | N0169EGD | 16011762 |
| | RESISTORS | | | R14, 17 (R10, 17 51, 57) | RES., CARBON FILM, 1 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0196EEC | 16114102 |
| R8 | RES., CEMENT, 20 OHM +-10% 5W | 16000672 | | R13 (R19, 34) | RES., METAL FILM, 2 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0213BGE | 16222001 |
| R18 | RES., CARBON FILM, 27 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0316EEC | 16114273 | R19 | RES., METAL FILM, 10 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0281BGE | 16221002 |
| R7, 15, 24 | RES., CARBON FILM, 200 OHM +-5% 1/4W | N0146EEC | 16114201 | R5 | RES., METAL FILM, 47 kOHM +-1% 1/4W | N0316BEE | 16224702 |
| R1 | RES., CEMENT, 3.3 kOHM +-10% 5W | 16000671 | | VR1 | POT, 1 kOHM +-20% 1/2W, VOLUME | AP-7430 | 16018052 |
| R3 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 200 kOHM +-5% 2W | 16000670 | | | CAPACITORS | | |
| R4 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 15 OHM +-10% 1W | N0074FGE | 16000565 | C3 | CAP., X: 0.1μF, Y: 4700pF x2 | | 80225244 |
| R2 | RES., CARBON FILM, 1.5 MOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0450EEC | 16114155 | C7 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 100μF +-20% 400V | | 16041498 |
| R11 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 0.47 OHM +-5% 2W | N0008EHE | 16000400 | C6, 9 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 220μF +-20% 16V | CC227MDAP | 16041323 |
| R10, 22, 16 (R4, 6, 7 8, 30, 37 50, 53) | RES., CARBON FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0224EEC | 16114272 | C10 | CAP., CERAMIC, 150pF +80 -20% 3.2KV | CC151ZACP | 16061183 |
| R9 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 100 OHM +-5% 2W | N0132EHD | 16011765 | C22 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 1500μF +-20% 50V | CC158MJAP | 16041324 |
| R25 | RES., CARBON FILM, 2 kOHM +-5% 1/2W | N0213EFC | 16116202 | C14, 16 (C52, 53) | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 10μF +-20% 50V | | 16041216 |
| R26 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-10% 2W | N0224FHD | 16000503 | | | | |
| R20, 23 | RES., METAL OXIDE FILM, 2.7 kOHM +-5% 1W | N0224EGD | 16012717 | | | | |
| R21 | RES., CARBON FILM, 1.8 kOHM +-5% 1/4W | N0210EEC | 16114182 | | | | |

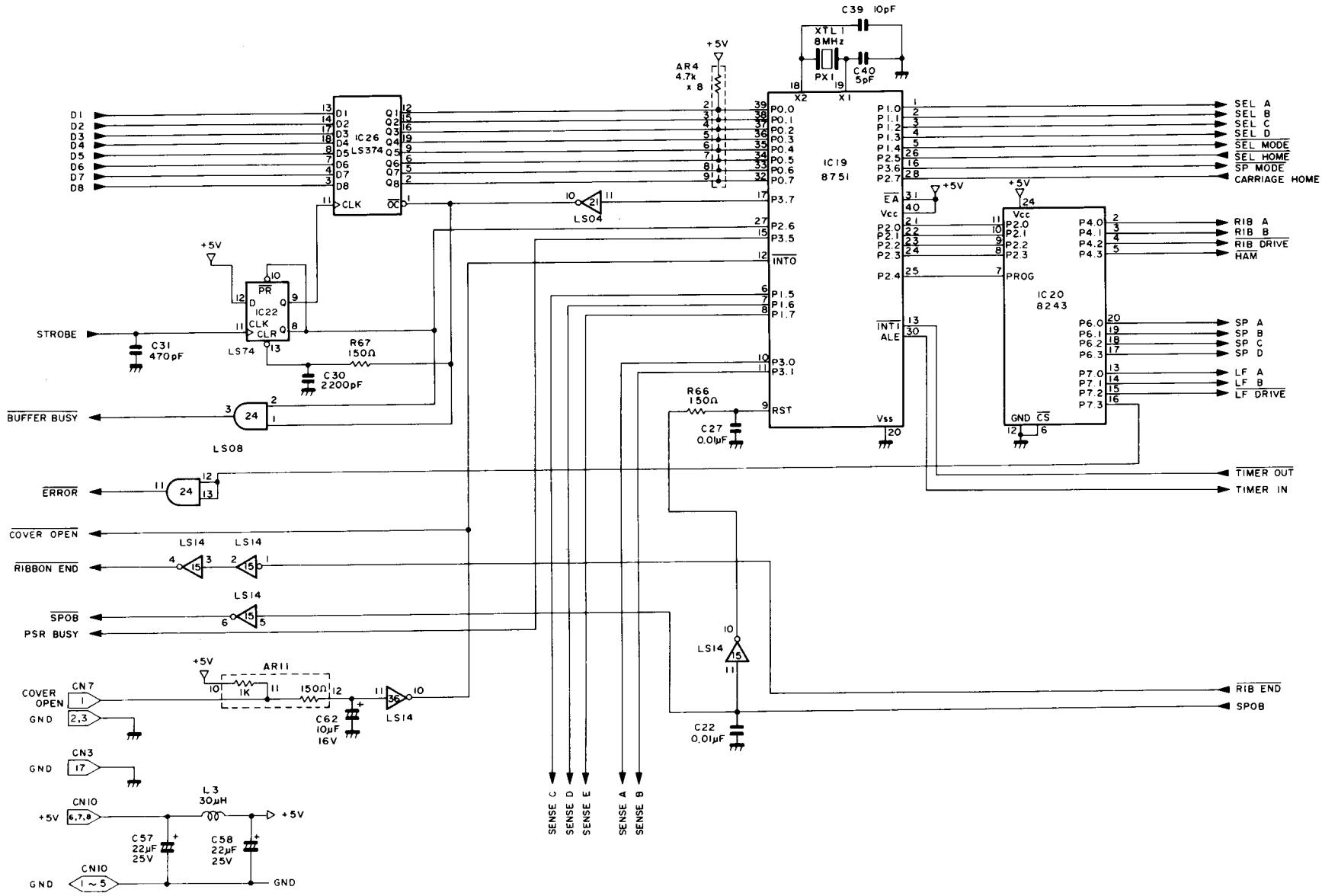
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. | REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------|
| C12 ,19 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 470 μ F +-20% 35V | CC477MGAP | 16041325 | IC1 | IC 'S | | |
| C13 ,21 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 100 μ F +-20% 25V | | 16041477 | IC2 | IC, HYBRID, STK7408 IC, μ PC4558C, DUAL OP. AMP | MX-6565 MX-6459 | 14080341 14080144 |
| C20 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 1000 μ F +-20% 35V | CC108MGAP | 16041234 | D1 | DIODES | | |
| C15 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 3300 μ F +-20% 10V | CC338MCAP | 16041429 | D3 ,4 ,6 | DIODE, SILICON, RUIC, FIRST RECOVERY | ADX-1693 | 14010796 |
| C11 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 220 μ F +-20% 10V | | 16041499 | D5 | DIODE, SILICON, S5KC20, FIRST RECOVERY | ADX-1526 | 14020385 |
| C5 | CAP., ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC, 2.2 μ F +-20% 50V | | 16041473 | D2 | DIODE, SILICON, IS1834 | ADX-1524 | 14010780 |
| C1 , 2 | CAP., METALIZED PAPER FILM, 0.15 μ F AC250V +-20% | | 16061479 | ZD1 (ZD2 ,6 , 9,10) | DIODE, SILICON, IS1588 | ADX-1304 | 14010611 |
| C23 | CAP., CERAMIC, 0.1 μ F +80 -20% 50V | | 16060658 | ZD2 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ12B-3 | DX-2621 | 14020483 |
| C24 | CAP., CERAMIC, 220pF +-5% 50V | CC221JJCP | 16060692 | ZD4 | DIODE, ZENER, HZ12B-1 | DX-2622 | 14020482 |
| C27 ,28 | CAP., CERAMIC, 2200pF +80 -20% 1KV | CC222ZACP | 16060782 | ZD3 (ZD3 ,7 11) | DIODE, ZENER, HZ24-3 | DX-2623 | 14020443 |
| 29 ,30 | | | | | INDUCTORS | | |
| | TRANSISTORS | | | L1 ,5 | CHOKING COIL, 900 μ H 1A | ACB-2554 | 80224512 |
| Q1 ,2 ,4 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SD687, NPN | 2SD-687 | 14010300 | L3 ,4 | CHOKING COIL, 4.7 μ H 620MA | ACB-2555 | 12010081 |
| Q3 | TRANSISTOR, SILICON, 2SC2001, PNP | 2SC-2001 | 14000280 | L2 | CHOKING COIL, 16 μ H 1A | | 80224513 |
| | | | | | MISCELLANEOUS | | |
| | | | | BR1 | BRIDGE RECTIFIER, S4VB40 | DX-2624 | 14020427 |
| | | | | T1 | TRANSFORMER, V9PSU, 200V | | 80224542 |
| | | | | TRA1 | TRYAC, AC08DIM, 400V 8A | ADX-1700 | 14050118 |
| | | | | F.C | CLIP, FUSE | | 11040260 |
| | | | | F1 | FUSE, MT4-2A | AHF-0101 | 11070350 |
| | | | | F2 | FUSE, GGS-3A | AHF-0102 | 11070413 |
| | | | | F3 | FUSE, GGS-5A | AHF-0103 | 11070415 |
| | | | | CN1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, POWER | | 80225166 |
| | | | | CN2 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, LOGIC | | 80225167 |

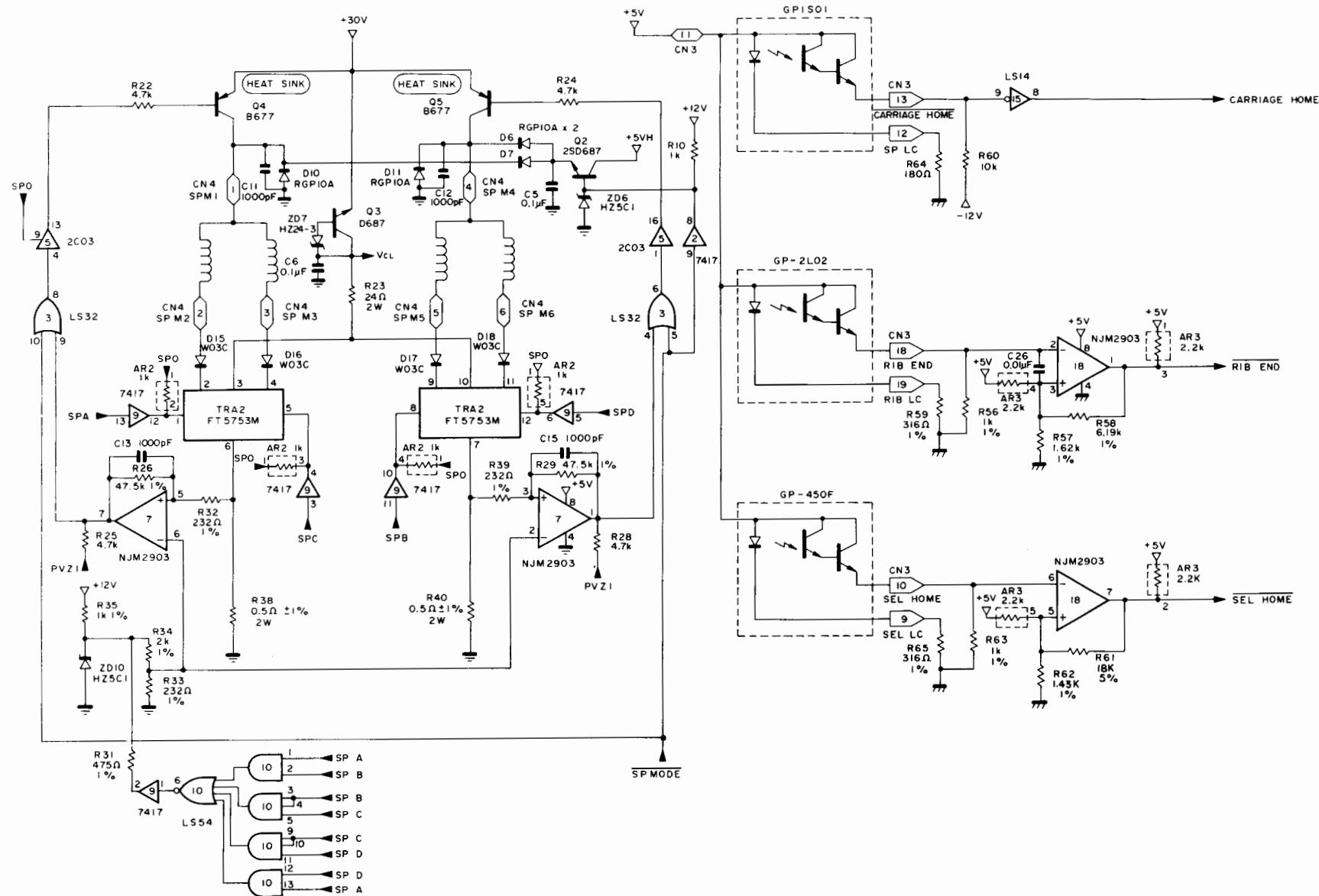
| REF. NO. | DESCRIPTION | RS PART NO. | MANUFACTURER PART NO. |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| | ***END OF POWER SUPPLY UNIT*** | | |
| 002 | SWITCH, POWER, 250V 16A, ROCKER | AS-3067 | 87506810 |
| 003 | RECEPTACLE, AC POWER | AJ-5020 | 87786519 |
| 004 | CABLE, AC POWER | AW-2887 | 87456830 |
| 101 | SCREW WITH WASHER ASS'Y, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M3 X 6 | AHD-2524 | 08011166 |
| 102 | SCREW WITH SPRING WASHER, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, M4 X 6 | AHD-2852 | 09504006B |

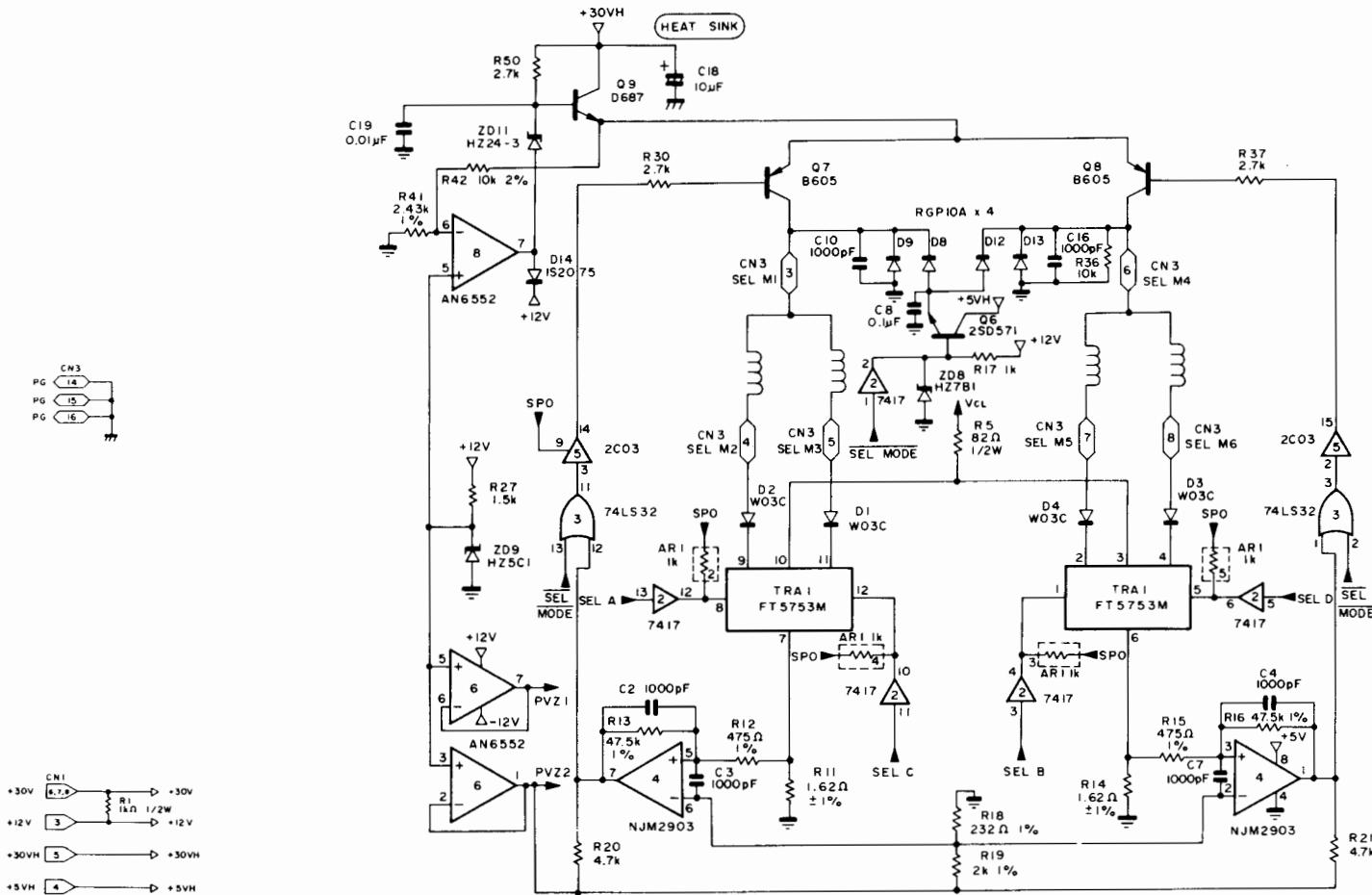
X. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

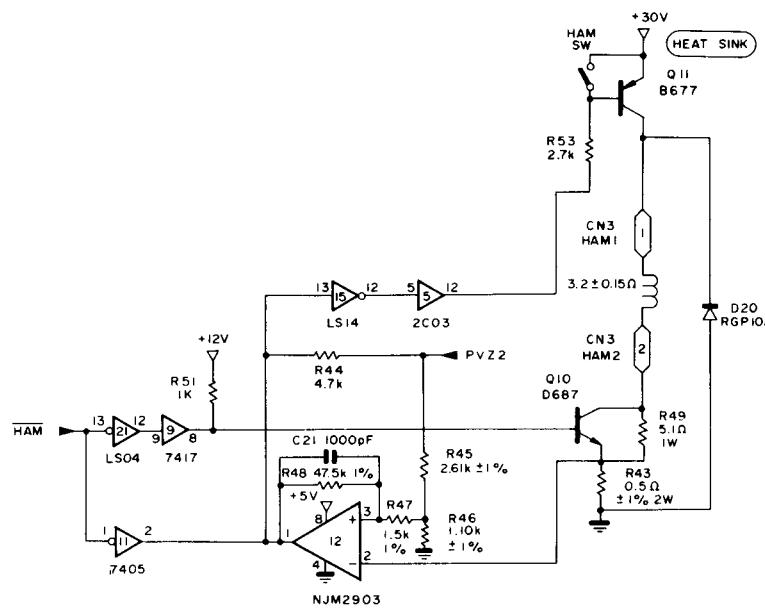
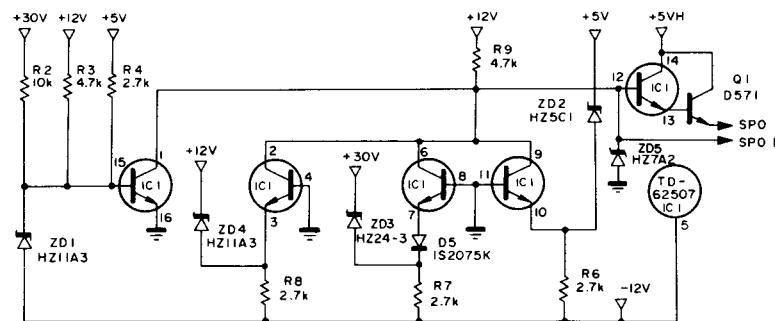
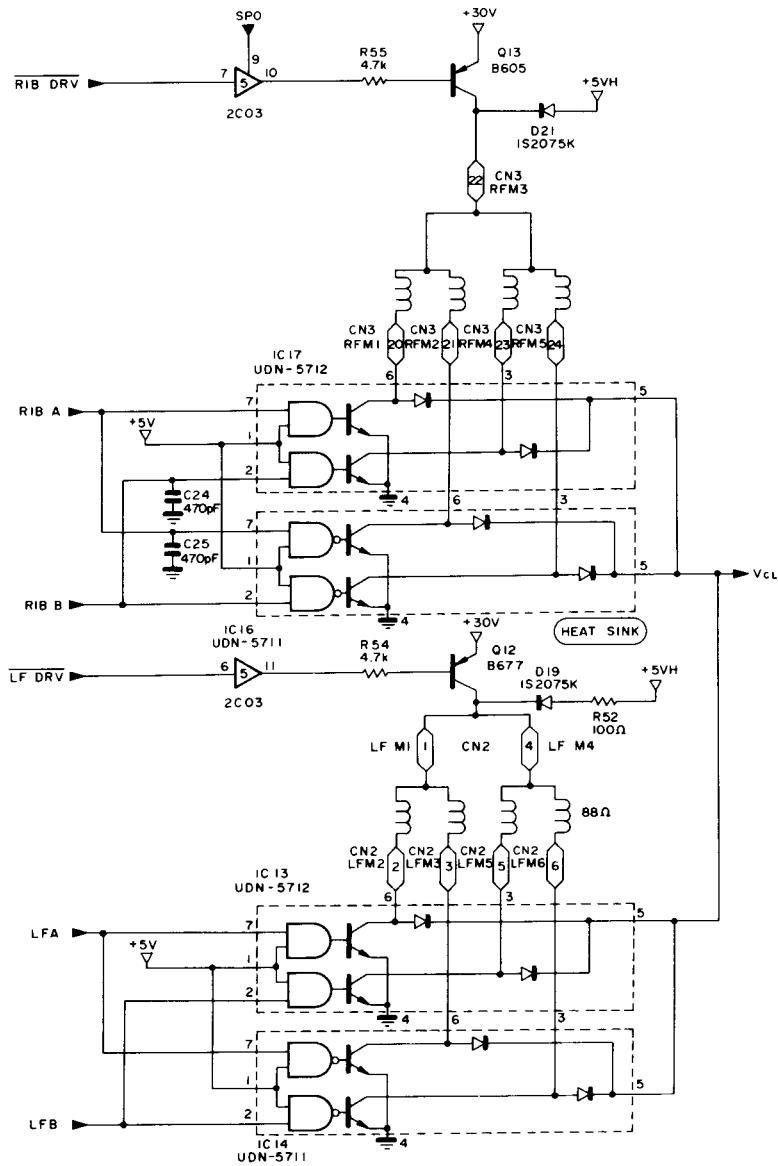
- I/F CONTROL BOARD LOGIC
- POWER SUPPLY UNIT LOGIC (100VOLT SERIES)
- POWER SUPPLY UNIT LOGIC (200VOLT SERIES)

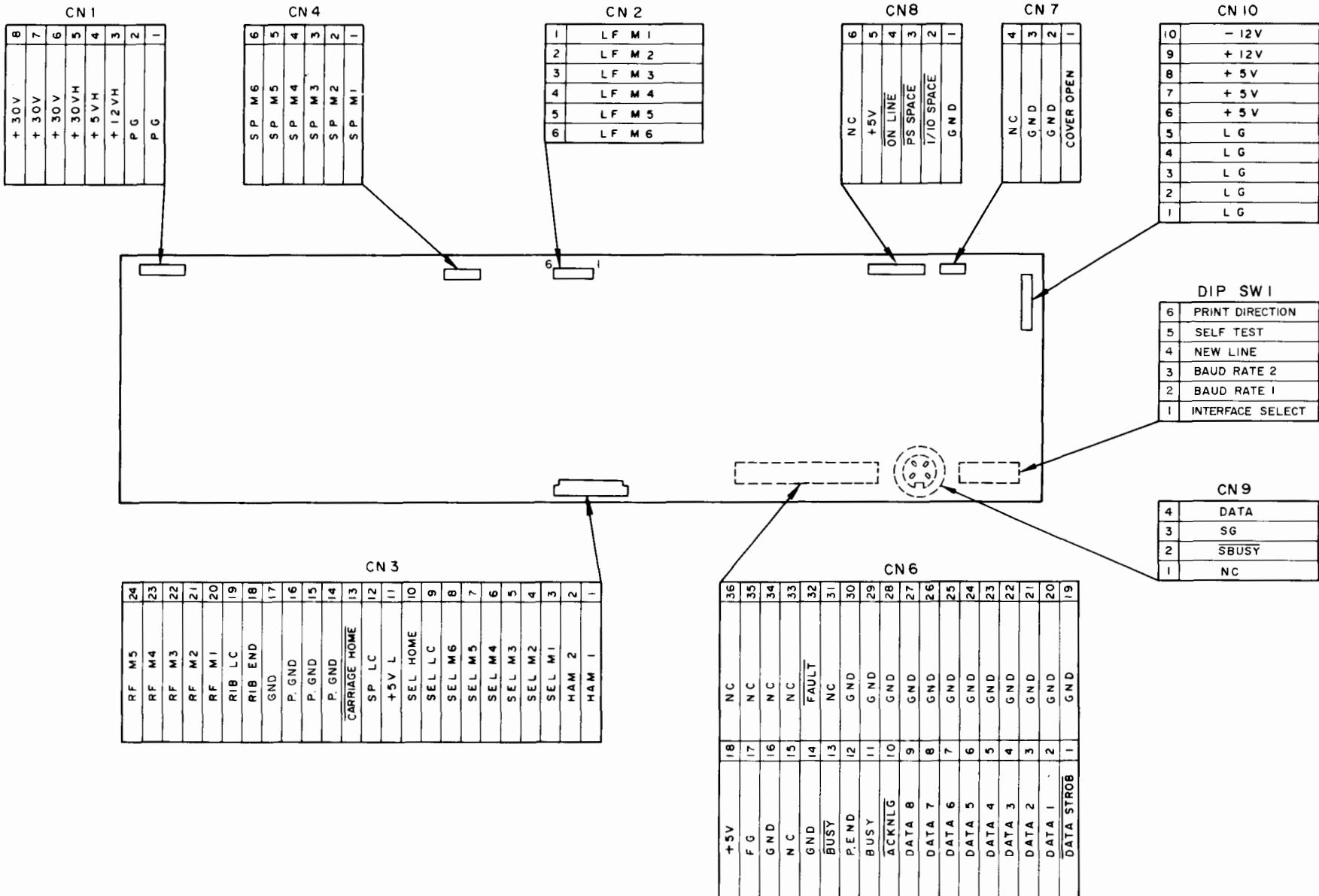


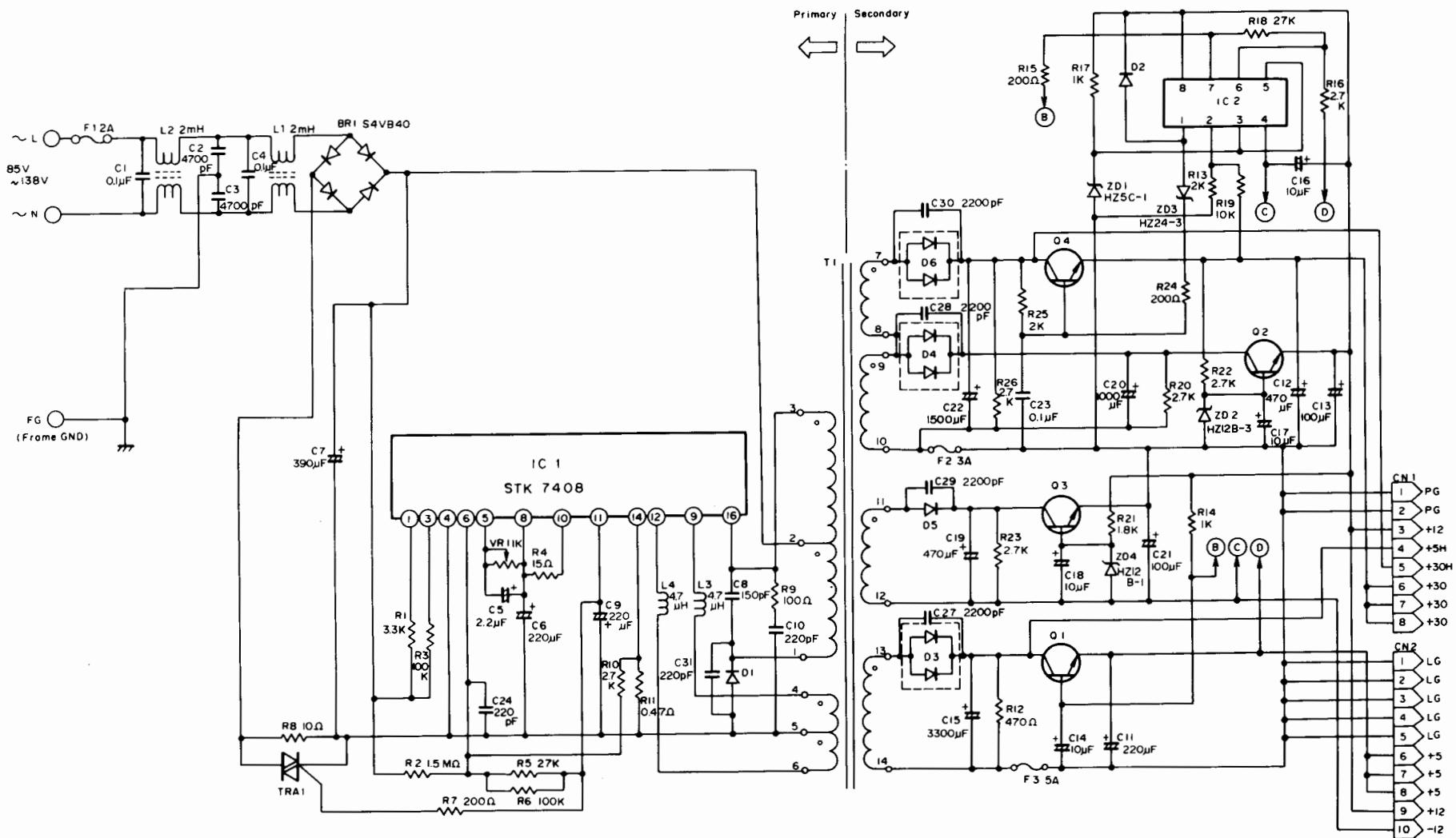




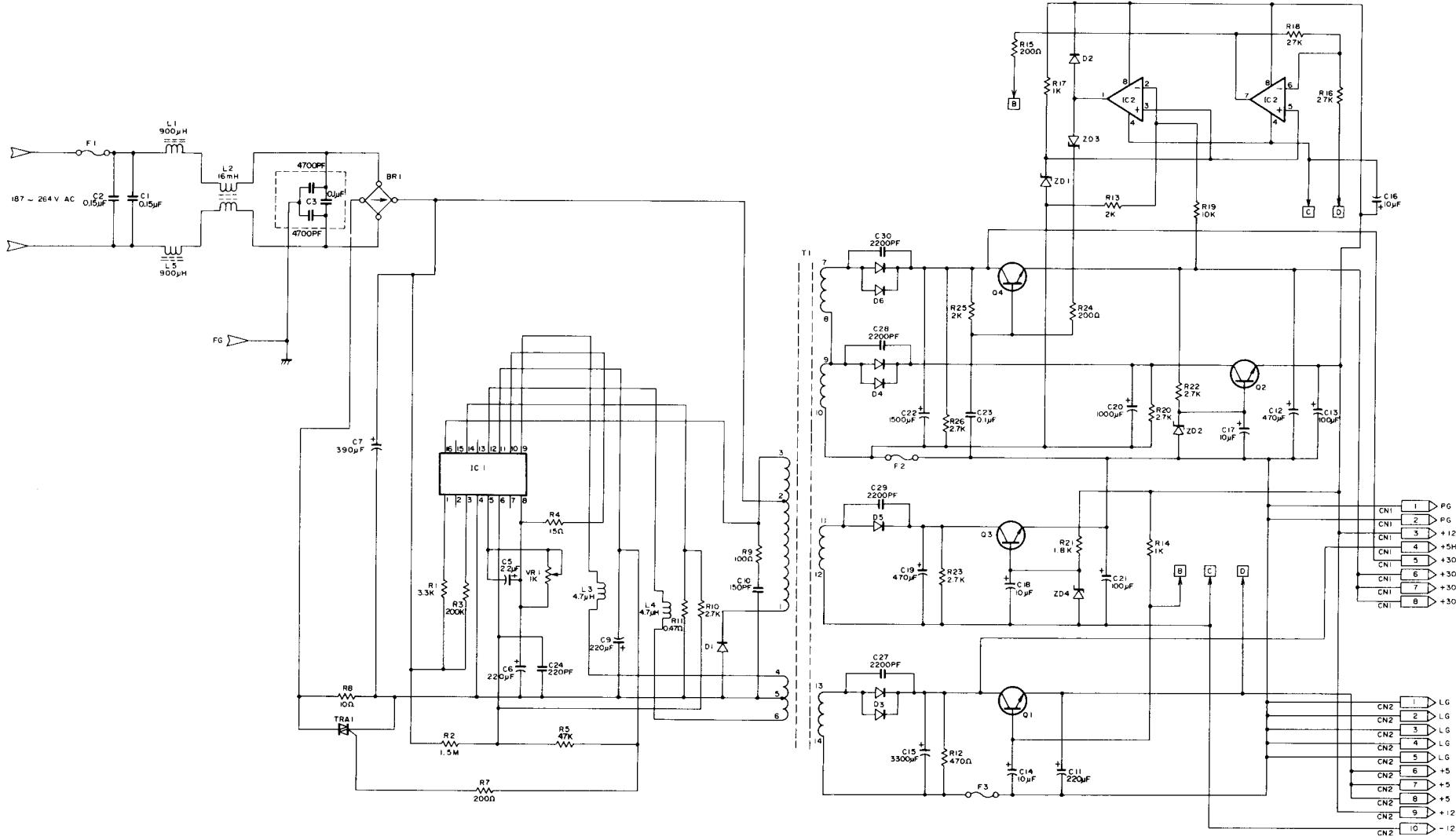








POWER SUPPLY UNIT LOGIC (200 VOLT SERIES)



XI. PROGRAMMING

DWP-220 Control Codes

| (Dec) | Codes (Hex) | Function |
|-------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| 08n | 08n | Backspace n/120" (1<n<255) |
| 10 | 0A | Line Feed* |
| 13 | 0D | Carriage Return with Line Feed** |
| 14 | 0E | End Underline |
| 15 | 0F | Start Underline |
| 27 01 | 1B 01 | 1/120" Space |
| 27 02 | 1B 02 | 2/120" Space |
| 27 03 | 1B 03 | 3/120" Space |
| 27 04 | 1B 04 | 4/120" Space |
| 27 05 | 1B 05 | 5/120" Space |
| 27 06 | 1B 06 | 6/120" Space |
| 27 07 | 1B 07 | 7/120" Space |
| 27 08 | 1B 08 | 8/120" Space |
| 27 09 | 1B 09 | 9/120" Space |
| 27 10 | 1B 0A | Reverse Line Feed* |
| 27 14 | 1B 0E | 12 Pitch Select |
| 27 15 | 1B 0F | 10 Pitch Select |
| 27 17 | 1B 11 | Proportional Space Select |
| 27 21 | 1B 15 | Start Carriage Return Only** |
| 27 22 | 1B 16 | End Carriage Return Only** |
| 27 24 | 1B 18 | Enters External Program Mode*** |
| 27 25 | 1B 19 | Exits External Program Mode*** |
| 27 26 | 1B 1A | 1/48" Line Feed |
| 27 28 | 1B 1C | Half Line Feed |
| 27 30 | 1B 1E | Reverse Half Line Feed |
| 27 31 | 1B 1F | Bold Print On |
| 27 32 | 1B 20 | Bold Print Off |
| 27 56 | 1B 38 | 1/38" Line Feed |

* Line Feeds may be sent from machine-language programs, but not from BASIC's **LPRINT** statement. See the technical Information section of your Tandy Computer owner's manual for details on sending Line Feeds.

** Normally, **CHR\$(13)** causes a Carriage Return plus a Line Feed. However, after a **CHR\$(27); CHR\$(21)** is sent, a **CHR\$(13)** causes a Carriage Return only; **CHR\$(27); CHR\$(22)** causes a return to normal.

*** See **External Program Mode** later in this manual.

Examples of Code program Lines

```
LPRINT CHR$(8); CHR$(1)
    Backspaces 1/120".
LPRINT CHR$(13)
    Returns carriage with Line Feed.
LPRINT CHR$(27); CHR$(3)
    Moves 3/120" space.
LPRINT CHR$(27); CHR$(14)
    All subsequent characters will be printed in 12 pitch.
LPRINT CHR$(27); CHR$(17)
    All subsequent characters will be printed in Proportional Spacing.
```

ASCII Character Codes

Printable Characters

The DWP-220 can produce all modified ASCII characters. Here's what they look like:

| CODE | | | Char | CODE | | | Char |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| DEC. | HEX. | OCT. | | DEC. | HEX. | OCT. | |
| 32 | 20 | 040 | SP | 62 | 3E | 076 |) |
| 33 | 21 | 041 | ! | 63 | 3F | 077 | ? |
| 34 | 22 | 042 | " | 64 | 40 | 100 | “ |
| 35 | 23 | 043 | # | 65 | 41 | 101 | A |
| 36 | 24 | 044 | \$ | 66 | 42 | 102 | B |
| 37 | 25 | 045 | % | 67 | 43 | 103 | C |
| 38 | 26 | 046 | & | 68 | 44 | 104 | D |
| 39 | 27 | 047 | ' | 69 | 45 | 105 | E |
| 40 | 28 | 050 | (| 70 | 46 | 106 | F |
| 41 | 29 | 051 |) | 71 | 47 | 107 | G |
| 42 | 2A | 052 | * | 72 | 48 | 110 | H |
| 43 | 2B | 053 | + | 73 | 49 | 111 | I |
| 44 | 2C | 054 | , | 74 | 4A | 112 | J |
| 45 | 2D | 055 | - | 75 | 4B | 113 | K |
| 46 | 2E | 056 | . | 76 | 4C | 114 | L |
| 47 | 2F | 057 | / | 77 | 4D | 115 | M |
| 48 | 30 | 060 | 0 | 78 | 4E | 116 | N |
| 49 | 31 | 061 | 1 | 79 | 4F | 117 | O |
| 50 | 32 | 062 | 2 | 80 | 50 | 120 | P |
| 51 | 33 | 063 | 3 | 81 | 51 | 121 | Q |
| 52 | 34 | 064 | 4 | 82 | 52 | 122 | R |
| 53 | 35 | 065 | 5 | 83 | 53 | 123 | S |
| 54 | 36 | 066 | 6 | 84 | 54 | 124 | T |
| 55 | 37 | 067 | 7 | 85 | 55 | 125 | U |
| 56 | 38 | 070 | 8 | 86 | 56 | 126 | V |
| 57 | 39 | 071 | 9 | 87 | 57 | 127 | W |
| 58 | 3A | 072 | : | 88 | 58 | 130 | X |
| 59 | 3B | 073 | : | 89 | 59 | 131 | Y |
| 60 | 3C | 074 | < | 90 | 5A | 132 | Z |
| 61 | 3D | 075 | = | 91 | 5B | 133 | [|

| CODE | | | Char | CODE | | | Char |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| DEC. | HEX. | OCT. | | DEC. | HEX. | OCT. | |
| 92 | 5C | 134 | \ | 122 | 7A | 172 | z |
| 93 | 5D | 135 |] | 123 | 7B | 173 | { |
| 94 | 5E | 136 | ^ | 124 | 7C | 174 | |
| 95 | 5F | 137 | _ | 125 | 7D | 175 | } |
| 96 | 60 | 140 | ` | 126 | 7E | 176 | - |
| 97 | 61 | 141 | a | 163 | A3 | 243 | £ |
| 98 | 62 | 142 | b | 174 | AE | 256 | 1/2 |
| 99 | 63 | 143 | c | 184 | B8 | 270 | — |
| 100 | 64 | 144 | d | 185 | B9 | 271 | % |
| 101 | 65 | 145 | e | 186 | BA | 272 | |
| 102 | 66 | 146 | f | 222 | DE | 336 | ¢ |
| 103 | 67 | 147 | g | | | | |
| 104 | 68 | 150 | h | | | | |
| 105 | 69 | 151 | i | | | | |
| 106 | 6A | 152 | j | | | | |
| 107 | 6B | 153 | k | | | | |
| 108 | 6C | 154 | l | | | | |
| 109 | 6D | 155 | m | | | | |
| 110 | 6E | 156 | n | | | | |
| 111 | 6F | 157 | o | | | | |
| 112 | 70 | 160 | p | | | | |
| 113 | 71 | 161 | q | | | | |
| 114 | 72 | 162 | r | | | | |
| 115 | 73 | 163 | s | | | | |
| 116 | 74 | 164 | t | | | | |
| 117 | 75 | 165 | u | | | | |
| 118 | 76 | 166 | v | | | | |
| 119 | 77 | 167 | w | | | | |
| 120 | 78 | 170 | x | | | | |
| 121 | 79 | 171 | y | | | | |

-MEMO-

—MEMO—

RADIO SHACK, A DIVISION OF TANDY CORPORATION

**U.S.A.: FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102
CANADA: BARRIE, ONTARIO L4M 4W5**

TANDY CORPORATION

AUSTRALIA

91 KURRAJONG AVENUE
MOUNT DRAITT, N.S.W. 2770

BELGIUM

PARC INDUSTRIEL
5140 NANINNE (NAMUR)

U.K.

BILSTON ROAD WEDNESBURY
WEST MIDLANDS WS10 7JN